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VOLUME LXIV—NO. 151. MONDAY, JUNE 26, 1905. ☆ ☆ ☆ PRICE TWO CENTS.

PEACE CONFEREES FINALLY CHOSEN.

Russia Notifies Roosevelt That M. Nelidof and Baron Rosen Will Act as Her Plenipotentiaries.

SETS DOUBTS AT REST.

Marshal Yamagata and Minister Takahira to Represent Japan—Cassini Escapes Responsibility.

BY JOHN CALLAN O'LAUGHLIN.

Washington, D. C., June 25.—[Special.]—President Roosevelt has been notified by Russia and Japan of the names of their respective peace plenipotentiaries. Who they are cannot be ascertained definitely tonight, but it is believed that Russia will be represented by M. Nelidof, her ambassador in Paris, and Baron Rosen, recently appointed ambassador to the United States, and Japan by Marshal Yamagata and Kogoro Takahira, minister in Washington. The date of the meeting will be about Aug. 10.

Thus has been put into effect the promise of the two belligerents to attempt to negotiate peace. The principle of negotiations was established by the acceptance of the president's suggestion of June 8, and by the subsequent decision that Washington should be the place of meeting.

At the time Russia accepted the American proposals Count Cassini informed the president that M. Nelidof would be the principal representative of his government. Minister Takahira let it be understood that Marquis Ito, the greatest statesman of Japan, would serve as the head of the Japanese commission.

Now No Doubt of Good Faith.

Then came a period of doubt and indecision. Difficulty was experienced in fixing the number of commissioners. Japan notified the president that she would name "at least two." This was communicated to Russia, and that government answered that two would be acceptable, and that she would be glad of the appointment of Marquis Ito, whose recognition of Russia's position in the world in the past has been gratifying to the czar's advisers.

The negotiations have seesawed for a week, and there were some diplomats who predicted that they would finally end in nothing, and that peace would not result from the president's humanitarian move.

The president received through Count Cassini today the news that the czar finally had come to a decision. The names are kept secret by the Russian embassy, however, as it is deemed courteous that Japan should be informed first, before the world is taken into the confidence of the St. Petersburg authorities.

Officially Minister Takahira has not informed the president of the selections made by the mikado. He has stated in a general way that Marquis Ito, of whom he had first spoken, would not be appointed, because of the condition of his health, but in any event he would remain at Tokio, and there act as the adviser of the emperor.

Yamagata Enemy of Russia.

Marshal Yamagata is by no means as friendly to Russia. He has been several times prime minister. He took part in the Chino-Japanese war, but upon entering Manchuria at the head of his division was taken sick and had to return to Japan. He is a man of great influence with the Japanese people, and anything he may say will be approved by his government.

Mr. Takahira is well known in the United States. His work as minister has placed him among the foremost diplomats of any country. He has the confidence not only of Japan but of the American people as well. He proposes to see that Japan shall receive the full fruits of victory, but he has told the president that the conditions will not be unreasonable.

M. Nelidof knows nothing about the far east, but, with Baron Rosen in the United States, he will have the benefit of the experience and the knowledge of the extreme orient which that diplomat possesses as a result of his service as Russian minister to Japan.

Baron Rosen is extremely popular with the Japanese. Perhaps the best indication of the standing he gained in Tokio was the words of approval given by Minister Takahira in conversation with officials of this government. Minister Takahira and Baron Rosen are acquainted personally, and they will be able to work together in perfect harmony, whether serving as peace commissioners or as the representatives of their respective governments.

Cassini Escapes Responsibility.

It developed today that when Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, called at the White house yesterday afternoon he notified the president that he had been directed to present his letters of recall.

In order that the czar might continue to be represented by an ambassador, Count Cassini did not present the letters. This will be done by his successor, Baron Rosen, simultaneously with the submission to the president of his credentials.

The action of Count Cassini finally sets at rest all question connected with his stay in the United States either as ambassador or as one of the plenipotentiaries of Russia. For a time it looked as if his government might take advantage of the knowledge he has of the far eastern question to keep him here during the peace negotiations, but it appears that Emperor Nicholas desires to confer with him personally and has directed him to proceed to St. Petersburg upon the arrival of Baron Rosen in the United States.

Will Urge Czar to Make Peace.

Though Count Cassini was a strong advocate of the continuance of the war, now that the czar has decided to make peace, he has acted as the loyal interpreter of his imperial majesty's views, and when he sees him in St. Petersburg there is no doubt he will urge that every effort be made to reach an agreement with Japan.

The departure of Count Cassini is a matter of considerable importance to both the American and Russian people. The president and Secretary Hay have found his policy had as its object improvement of the friendly relations of the United States and Russia. Officially he has accomplished much, but the feelings of the American people during the war between Russia and Japan have handicapped his work.

Baron Rosen is coming equipped with instructions which require him to pursue a policy identical with that Count Cassini has observed. He will arrive at a difficult moment, and he will have to display considerable tact and diplomacy to establish a good

(Continued on page 2, column 3.)

SUMMARY OF The Daily Tribune.

MONDAY, JUNE 26, 1905.

THE WEATHER—
FORECAST—Generally fair and cooler Monday and Tuesday; fresh northwest winds Monday shifting to northeast Tuesday.
Sunrise, 4:17; sunset, 7:27. Moonrise, 12:40 a. m.
CONDITIONS YESTERDAY.
Temperature, max. 80, min. 69, mean 75, normal for the day 70. Deficiency for 1905, 274.
Precipitation for 24 hours to 7 p. m., 0. Deficiency for 1905, .55 inch.
Wind, S. W., max. 38 miles an hour, at 2 p. m.

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The Tribune Want Columns Will Be Found on Pages 11, 12, 13.

WASHINGTON.

Russia notified Roosevelt that M. Nelidof and Baron Rosen will act as her plenipotentiaries at Washington peace conference. Page 1.

President ordered immigration bureau to cease discourteous treatment of Chinese immigrants; consular agents directed to aid Mongolian travelers. Page 3.

Fear of being outranked at Brazil at Washington caused Mexico to [illegible] minister to legation. Page 5.

Whitelaw Reid, ambassador to court of St. James, pays twice his salary as rent in order to meet ideas as to hospitality. Page 6.

FOREIGN.

Revolutionary strike proclamation issued in protest against Lods massacre; Warsaw industry may be paralyzed; czar blamed for riotous chapter. Page 1.

Cause of peace advanced; suggestion that date of meeting of envoys be fixed being considered by czar; first week in August likely to be time. Page 2.

General support found for France's policy on Morocco. Page 2.

Birkenhead home of great abattoirs, where live stock is slaughtered under different conditions from those in Chicago; public board in control of industry. Page 4.

RUSSO-JAPANESE WAR.

Japanese troops defeat Russians and occupied advanced position in hills north of Mukden; Linevitch reported no change in situation. Page 2.

DOMESTIC.

Capt. Salmon former Canadian wreck commissioner, held in New York in connection with scandal. Page 1.

Attorney Judson told Gov. Folk he had right to send troops into St. Louis county to suppress gambling. Page 3.

Lewis Sheets, Los Angeles, Cal., confessed to wife to stealing $5,000 and fled. Page 3.

Divorce actions filed against Charles A. Wilson and Daniel Haddock Carstans, scions of famous Philadelphia family. Page 4.

Announcement of complete mutualization of Equitable made; voting slips for policy holders. Page 4.

Executive committee of world's Sunday school convention met in Toronto and selected Rome as meeting place in 1907. Page 9.

LOCAL.

Many indictments against employers and labor leaders expected this week; graft inquiry near end; brick trust officials may be hit. Page 1.

University of Chicago donated $100,000 toward $1,000,000 endowment planned for American Academy of Fine Arts at Rome. Page 1.

Eighteen hour schedule for New York flyer restored by order of President Newman of New York Central. Page 1.

Proof that W. H. Dufree buried a wife in 1900 strengthens suspicion regarding manner of death of fourth marital partner. Page 3.

Mayor of Lake Bluff arrested and fined in Evanston for exceeding speed limit with his auto. Page 3.

Man hurled from car on Scenic railway at White City and killed. Hundreds of persons witnessed accident. Page 3.

Fourteen persons injured in trolley car accident in Evanston. Page 3.

Drama written by Chicago dentist was presented at Columbus theater. Page 3.

Democratic primaries promise to furnish lively struggles for party control; spectacular fights in Second and Twenty-first wards. Page 5.

Two girls rescued from lake; skirt waved from end of oar used as danger signal. Page 5.

M. Huret wrote impressions of "M. MacKenna," political boss. Page 5.

Archbishops Symon and Quigley assisted at laying of corner stone of Holy Trinity Polish church. Page 7.

Day of heat and wind ended with heavy rain in evening, which brought cooler temperature. Page 7.

Dr. Polemus H. Swift and Bishop Fallows preached on Lake Shore railroad train wreck. Page 10.

Fewer deaths in Chicago reported by board of health. Page 14.

NEW YORK.

Paderewski given $7,000 for injuries received on railroad train. Page 7.

Boy playing with shotgun fired charge into breast of baby brother. Page 7.

Auto owner lost machine; police found it and refused to give it to him. Page 7.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

Changing conditions of weather affected wheat prices during week; corn receipts showed increase; oats more in favor with buyers. Page 10.

Money market continued easy; rumors of alliance between New York Central, Union Pacific, and Northwestern aroused interest. Page 10.

SPORTING.

Chicago Nationals won one of heaviest batting games on record by defeating Cincinnati by a score of 18 to 2. Page 8.

Central league umpire quit game at Terre Haute because decisions were disputed. Page 8.

White Stockings won first game on returning home from eastern trip, defeating Cleveland, 8 to 2. Page 8.

Cornell favorite over Syracuse for big boat race this week. Page 8.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
BOULOGNE		Statendam.
CHERBOURG	F. der Grosse	
HAMBURG	Moltke	
KINSALE		Ottawa.
LIVERPOOL	Lucania	
LIVERPOOL	Bavarian	
LIVERPOOL	L. Champlain	
LIZARD		Mains.
MOVILLE	Columbia	
NEW YORK	United States	
NEW YORK	Hamburg	
QUEENSTOWN	Cedric	Cambria.
SOUTHAMPTON	St. Louis	Barbarossa.

BLAMES CZAR FOR LODZ MASSACRE.

Revolutionary Proclamation Calls Strike in Protest Against Brutality of Troops.

WARSAW TO BE TIED UP.

Demand That Red Flag Float in Streets—Mass of People in Ignorance of Riotous Chapter.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

WARSAW, June 25.—As a protest against the brutality of the military in the massacre at Lodz the social democratic party here has issued a revolutionary proclamation declaring a general strike tomorrow.

The proclamation says the red flag, the flag of the workingmen, must float over the streets and that all factories and shops must close. The order provides that all traffic must cease because of the "new and incessant crimes" of the czar's government.

Plea to Workingmen.

The proclamation says:

"In order to show solidarity with our brothers at Lodz, we protest against the new and incessant crimes of the czar's government. Warsaw must stop work. Tomorrow not a single factory or workshop shall work. All offices, banks, shops, restaurants, and coffee houses must close. All traffic must cease. Monday the red flag, the workmen's flag, must float over the streets of Warsaw. Workmen, help your brothers arrange a general strike."

Five prominent citizens of Lods telegraphed this morning to Gen. Shustoff, commanding the troops in that city, asking for protection from the brutality of the soldiers, especially Cossacks, who are continuing their ruthless slaughter. A particular instance is cited of Cossacks killing and robbing the servant of a millionaire named Rosenblatt, who was carrying a thousand rubles to the bank. Gen. Shustoff promised to punish the culprits. He said he would require the testimony of witnesses.

Family of Five Killed.

This morning, in a suburb of Baluty, Cossacks attacked a Jew family of five persons who were going in a cab to the railway station. All were shot and killed, as well as the driver.

The inhabitants are fleeing for their lives, believing no one is now safe from the violence of the military. Today 12,000 persons left Lodz. All trains leaving the city were crowded to their utmost capacity.

The military is patrolling the streets in the factory and Jewish districts tonight.

In the suburbs of Praga today workmen shot and wounded two policemen.

In Ogrodowa street there was an encounter between gendarmes and a crowd, and shots were fired on both sides. Three civilians and one gendarme were wounded. In other streets processions of workmen were dispersed.

SERIOUS PHASE OVER.

LODZ, Russian Poland, June 25.—The most serious phase of the fighting between the military and strikers is at an end, but there are still isolated attacks in the suburbs. A general strike will result tomorrow.

At Pabjanice, near Lodz, workmen attacked two policemen and shot and killed one and wounded the other.

During the disturbances thirty-five government liquor stores were destroyed by the mobs, which appropriated all the cash and stamps found on the premises. The cash and stamps were added to the funds of the socialist party.

POPULACE IN DARK.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 26, 3:35 a. m.—Beyond the bare announcement that firing was heard again Saturday night in the Jewish quarter at Lodz, and that the Jews are leaving that city in great numbers, there is almost nothing known about the situation at Lods and the developments of Saturday and Sunday.

Even an adequate estimate of the magnitude of Friday's fierce struggle in the streets and the extent of the casualties cannot be obtained here, as practically all telegrams, except brief and unsatisfactory messages to the agencies, are held up by the internal censorship. The newspapers are without information, and Gen. Trepoff's adjutant said last evening that the chancellarie of police had nothing to communicate.

Ambassador Meyer also is without news, though American consuls are under orders to telegraph immediate happenings of importance in their districts.

The lack of information prevented any manifestation of feeling on the part of the workmen of St. Petersburg, many of whom are in sympathy with social revolutionary doctrines, and for the same reason there is little discussion in the clubs and cafés, most of the people not being aware that anything unusual is happening in Poland.

REMAINS OF VICTIMS ARE FOUND IN GENERAL SLOCUM.

Bones Discovered in Hull of Ill-Fated Vessel—Boat Will Be Used to Carry Lumber.

Philadelphia, Pa., June 25.—[Special.]—The remains of a number of victims who perished on the excursion steamboat, Gen. Slocum, on which 1,031 lives were lost in June, 1904, were today found in the hull of that steamer at the foot of Twenty-seventh street, Camden, to which point all that is left of the vessel had been towed from Perth Amboy.

The discovery was made by Adam Rickenback, who rowed out to the boat about 10 o'clock. After looking about the deck for some time he went below and while walking on the sand in the hull he noticed a dark object projecting up about two inches. After some trouble he succeeded in releasing it from the sand and discovered that it was the bone of a human arm. Hastily placing it on the sand he was about to retrace his steps when he stumbled across an obstruction. On picking this up he found it to be the thigh bone of a fully developed person. Rickenback at once left the boat and later notified the police.

"From what I saw I believe there are lots of bones," he said. "The sand in the hull is several feet deep in places and it did not look to me as though any attempt had ever been made to see what was in there."

The boat was bought by Frederick Craemer and when repaired will be used for carrying lumber to southern ports.

CAN HE MUZZLE THEM?

GIVES $100,000 TO ART.

Chicago University Aids American Academy at Rome.

ROCKEFELLER MAY BE DONOR

Other Colleges Expected to Contribute Needed Amount.

The University of Chicago has donated $100,000 towards a $1,000,000 endowment fund planned for the American Academy of Fine Arts at Rome, the purpose of which is to develop art in America. Yale, Harvard, and Columbia have each subscribed the same amount within the last six months, while numerous individuals, including J. Pierpont Morgan, W. K. Vanderbilt Sr., Henry Walker, and James Stillman, have given large sums, bringing the present total of subscribed funds up to $800,000.

Announcement was made to this effect last night by D. H. Burnham, who is one of the directors of the new institution. President Harper of the University of Chicago confirmed the statement that he had raised $100,000, and declared that he had notified the directors of the academy on Thursday that his school would subscribe the same amount as that of the other three colleges.

Another Large Gift Expected.

Another large gift is expected shortly from the University of California, the trustees of which have been at work among its friends for the last two months. The Berkeley school plans to duplicate the respective donations of Chicago, Harvard, Yale, and Columbia. With the $100,000 subscription from California and gifts expected from numerous individuals in the east, the total endowment fund will have been raised and the future of the academy assured inside of two months, it is believed.

The sum subscribed by the University of Chicago will not come from the endowment fund of $18,000,000 of the institution. According to Director Burnham one man has given $100,000 to the school to be used in this donation. It is generally believed that the benefactor in this instance is John D. Rockefeller.

The founding of the American Academy of Fine Arts at Rome is considered to be the most important step ever taken to develop American art. It is planned to pattern the school after the French academy at Rome, which has been founded for more than 200 years, and to which alone, it is generally acknowledged, has been due France's present supremacy in the fine arts.

Candidates Must Show Ability.

America's best talent in painting, music, sculpture, and architecture will be schooled in the proper environment by the best masters of the world at the academy. American artists will have a chance now to study to the best possible advantage under the most ideal conditions. And, according to present plans, only those who have shown marked ability, those who have already made a name for themselves in their chosen fields, will be considered as candidates for the honor of attending the academy.

Twelve men only will be allowed to study in the academy at one time. There will be four men in the department of architecture, four in painting, four in music, and four in sculpture. Four will graduate each year and four new men will take their places. The new men will be chosen by competition, the requirements being that they must be college graduates, and that they have proved themselves men of eminent ability.

The villa Mirafiora in Rome has been purchased by the directors of the academy for $200,000, to be used as the home of the school. It is declared to be much superior to the villa Midici, which is the home of the French academy in Rome. The twelve students will live and study in the villa during six months of the year and will travel through Europe during the other months of the year. All the expenses of the students will be paid and in addition each will receive $1,000 a year, to use as he may choose.

School Is Eleven Years Old.

The American academy was incorporated last January by congress. The school, however, has been in existence for eleven years. In 1894 a number of men, notably C. F. McKinn and Richard Hunt, who were closely connected with the world's fair, formed an association and started a school at Rome, out of which has now grown the academy.

LOSES $2,000,000; A SUICIDE.

Paris Banker Driven to Self-Destruction by Sharp Decline in His Business.

PARIS, June 25.—Georges Rodrigues, the banker, has committed suicide. It is stated that he lost heavily in the recent sharp decline in rentes. The liabilities of his bank are given out as $2,000,000.

SCANDAL STIRS CANADIANS.

Former Official Held on Grave Charge.

INSTIGATED INVESTIGATION.

Minister of Marine Accused by Capt. Salmon.

New York, June 25.—[Special.]—A scandal involving many Canadians of title was disclosed by the imprisonment of Capt. Reginald Salmon, former wreck commissioner of the Dominion of Canada, a cousin of Vice Admiral Salmon, retired, Royal British navy, and nephew of Sir Arthur Denny, Bart., who is a prisoner in the Tombs.

He is the central figure in a complicated and amazing scandal of international proportions, involving the Hon. Raymond Prefontaine, Canadian minister of marine; Capt. Osprey G. V. Spain, the present Canadian wreck commissioner and commander of the Canadian cruisers, and his wife, Mary Beatrice Spain, for years a leader of government house society at Ottawa, and a close personal friend of Lord and Lady Minto.

Woman Lived in Poverty.

Mrs. Spain, who months ago left her husband under a formal though secret agreement of separation, is in this city, living in poverty at 151 Second avenue, while concealing her misfortunes from her distinguished friends and family connections.

Capt. Salmon is a prisoner in the Tombs rather than make public his humiliation by an appeal for bail to any of his aristocratic Canadian friends, all of whom are wondering what has become of him.

He is charged, under an almost obsolete section of the penal code, with impersonating Capt. Osprey G. V. Spain, and with maintaining marriage relations with the real Mrs. Spain in this city.

There is a second charge against Capt. Salmon of an attempted illegal operation upon Mrs. Spain, and for this he is held, together with Dr. Andrew Fulton of Brooklyn, to await the action of the grand jury.

Calls It Conspiracy.

An emphatic denial of both charges is made by Capt. Salmon, Mrs. Spain, and Dr. Fulton, while the astonishing counter charges are made of an alleged conspiracy, hatched in the highest official circles of Canada, to wreck and dishonor Salmon's career and to blight the reputation of the defenseless woman he has ventured to befriend.

It appears that in October of last year Capt. Salmon publicly resigned his post as Canadian wreck commissioner, boldly assigning as his reason that the Canadian minister of marine, Raymond Prefontaine, had attempted to influence his decision in an important collision case involving a big sum of money and responsibility for the loss of five lives.

Minister Prefontaine denied the charge, but the official correspondence, which was at last produced in the house of commons, gave data which strengthened the Canadian press and Prefontaine's parliamentary opponents in their indorsement of the course taken by Capt. Salmon.

Located in New York.

But, so far as the records show, Prefontaine did not tell the inquiring members that Capt. Osprey G. V. Spain whom he had selected to succeed Capt. Salmon as Canadian wreck commissioner had quietly proceeded to New York, where he employed detectives and lawyers and finally succeeded in landing Salmon in jail under the charge, supported by alleged confessions, which promise soon to be the subject of the gravest inquiry.

Salmon and Mrs. Spain when convinced that the world was in possession of the main facts in their remarkable story, decided to state all the facts fully. They unhesitatingly denounced the charges made by Capt. Spain as absolutely false and insisted that proof would be forthcoming at the proper time to show a conspiracy, engineered by the powerful governmental ring in Canada, which is dreading further exposures at Salmon's hands, to crush him.

CADET SHIP RAMMED AND SUNK; TWENTY-TWO YOUTHS PERISH

Norwegian Training Vessel Is Struck by British Steamer and Sinks in One and One-Half Minutes.

LONDON, June 26, 5 a. m.—A serious disaster occurred last night near Copenhagen when the private cadet ship Georgstage was rammed by the British steamer Ancona. The Georgstage sank in one and one-half minutes. Twenty-two cadets were drowned and fifty-seven rescued.

BACK TO 18 HOUR TRAIN.

President Newman Rescinds Withdrawal Order Under Pressure.

NEW SCHEDULE ON TODAY.

Managers Declare Speed Was Not Cause of Mentor, O., Wreck.

New York, June 25.—[Special.]—The Twentieth Century flier between New York and Chicago will resume its eighteen hour schedule tomorrow. After the wreck at Mentor President Newman of the New York Central peremptorily ordered it back to the twenty hour basis. But the operating and traffic officials of the New York Central lines in the west objected decidedly to President Newman's action, and out from the west they came for a conference which lasted from 11 o'clock in the morning until 4 o'clock in the afternoon. After a warm discussion, to which most of the western men applied themselves in shirt sleeves, the following statement was given out:

"The rigid investigation of the wreck on the Lake Shore road at Mentor, O., which has been made by the officials of the Lake Shore company and by the state railway commissioner of Ohio, who, with the chief inspector of railways for the state, made a personal investigation at the scene of the accident, has shown conclusively that the accident was not caused by the speed of the train.

It is now decided unnecessary longer to continue the slower schedule of the Twentieth Century train, the time of which was lengthened pending a thorough investigation of the cause of the accident. Its schedule of eighteen hours between New York and Chicago will be resumed Monday, the 26th."

When asked about the trend of the discussion, General Passenger Agent Daniels blandly replied:

"O, the decision was practically unanimous."

It took five hours to attain to the blessed state of unanimity. At the opening of the meeting it was understood that President Newman still objected to resuming the eighteen hour schedule. He had never been in favor of it, and had deferred to the staff in the first instance, because, it is said, the staff voted solidly for such a train to meet competition.

Prominent Men in Meeting.

Of President Newman's staff there were present Vice President W. C. Brown, General Manager A. H. Smith, and General Passenger Agent G. H. Daniels. Among the westerners were C. F. Daly, passenger traffic manager of the New York Central lines west of Buffalo; C. E. Schaff, general manager of the "Big Four;" Warren J. Lynch, general passenger agent of the "Big Four;" A. J. Smith, general passenger agent, and W. H. Marshall, general manager of the Lake Shore.

Most of these men, it is understood, insisted gently but firmly that the wreck had nothing to do with the speed of the train. The Lake Shore people brought reports of their own investigations and conclusions and of the state railway commissioner of Ohio.

Reflection on Railway Judgment.

They showed Mr. Newman their reports and their own conclusions, and pointed out that the action of the president in lengthening the time was in reality, howsoever unintentionally, a reflection on the other railway managements of the country, if not on the New York Central's, within the state. The average of fifty-four miles an hour, they held, could not offhand be declared to be a disregard of public safety.

The westerners stated, moreover, that from every side and from every kind of business and professional men they were receiving protests against lengthening the time. They added, as a clincher, that they were convinced of the safety of the eighteen hour speed.

J. J. HILL, AUTO SCORCHER, GIVES BAIL FOR CHAUFFEUR.

President of the Great Northern, Stopped in New York, Puts Up Office Furniture for Security.

New York, June 25.—[Special.]—James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern railway, was on his way to Lenox, Mass., this morning in an automobile, when his driver was arrested in Lafayette boulevard for speeding.

The driver was taken to the nearest police station and then hurried to Harlem court.

Magistrate Mayo recognized Mr. Hill and got up from the bench and shook hands with him. The driver was held for trial. Mr. Hill gave his office furniture for bail.

SWEEPING ACTION BY GRAND JURY.

Numerous True Bills and Sensational Report Expected to Be Returned This Week.

GRAFT INQUIRY CLOSING.

Indictments Charging Both Labor Leaders and Employers with Conspiracy Likely.

Twelve or fifteen indictments against employers and strike leaders are expected from the grand jury this week, to be followed by a sweeping report.

The jury today will appoint a committee of three to draft a report, dealing with the labor investigation. It is expected this report will be the most sensational that has been returned by any jury for several years.

Forecast of Report.

It is probable that the report will contain:

A history of graft conditions, involving employers and labor leaders, extending from a period five years back down through the present teamsters' strike, based on the testimony of Robert J. Thorne, Harry G. Selfridge, John S. Field, Francis S. Peabody, and other employers, certain labor leaders, and John C. Driscoll.

An arraignment of employers who have permitted themselves to be held up by the labor leaders and an arraignment of the unionists for their duplicity and dishonesty toward their constituents.

A recommendation that employers in the future adhere to an honest business policy without resorting to questionable agreements with unionists.

A history of the more prominent cases, involving employers and unionists in graft. The jury is not fully decided whether to give names in this connection, but probably will not, although it has been advised that it cannot be held legally responsible if it does. A jury has the same immunity as a court.

Recommendations for new legislation governing conspiracy committed by employers and unionists. Under the present laws there is no way to reach an employer who makes a proposition to pay a unionist a certain sum to tie up the business of a competitor, when the proposition is not accepted by the unionist.

Censure of employers who have refused to give evidence on which indictments against labor leaders might be returned.

Denunciation of the settlement of strikes by paying money.

Complaint against the manner in which jury secrets have been disclosed.

Recommendation for more stringent laws governing assault cases, especially those of aggravated character which result in the maiming of a victim for life.

Recommendation for a law against pickets, "wrecking crews," and hired sluggers.

Expect Indictments by Thursday.

It is expected that indictments will come not later than Thursday. Several indictments, including those against officials of the Illinois Brick company and the business agents of two unions who are charged with having profited by the disbursement of the brick company's labor fund, have already been voted, according to report. Whether they will be returned will depend to a large extent on the testimony of Adam J. Weckler, vice president of the company, who is expected to appear this morning before the jury.

If Mr. Weckler can explain satisfactorily the manner of the disbursement of the $25,700 labor fund charged against John H. Gray, general salesman of the brick trust, the jury will reconsider the indictments. Up to the present time the officers of the company have not given the jury a satisfactory account of this labor fund. President George C. Prussing was abrupt in his answers concerning it. Milton J. Foreman and Eli B. Felsenthal, attorneys for the trust, disclaimed knowledge of it. John H. Gray declined to give any incriminating answer.

The books and vouchers do not give any clew to the disbursement of the fund, regarding which Bernard F. Weber, former vice president of the company, testified at length before the jury, but the testimony of Mr. Weber and other former officials of the company, taken in conjunction with that of independent brick manufacturers who are said to have suffered at the hands of the trust, is said to have been sufficiently strong to cause the jury to reach a unanimous decision regarding the indictment. New indictments will be returned against several labor leaders who were indicted by previous juries.

Near End of Graft Inquiry.

The jury expects to finish its labor graft inquiry today. Mr. Weckler will be the most important witness, if he shows up. He is the only director of the company who signed the auditing report last February. This report, according to Mr. Weber and Louis Reimer, who refused to sign it, showed that $25,700 had been paid to Mr. Gray, presumably for "labor expenses."

Mr. Weckler, whom officials of the state's attorney's office were unable to find on Friday and Saturday, was at his home in McHenry, Ill., yesterday. When asked what his testimony would be concerning the labor fund, he said:

"I cannot discuss the matter before I give my evidence to the jury."

"Can you explain where the money went to or whether it was used for a legitimate purpose?" Mr. Weckler was asked.

"I cannot talk about something that I know nothing about," was the guarded reply.

More Subpœnas Issued.

J. B. Tuthill, superintendent of the trust brickyard at 6525 Wentworth avenue, has been subpœnaed, but he says he does not know anything about the disbursement of any "labor fund." Leonard H. Harland, who organized the combine and was its president previous to the election of Mr. Prussing in February, 1904, will testify that there was no labor fund during his term of office. Mr. Weber, in his testimony, exonerated Mr. Harland.

In its investigation the jury has been handicapped by lack of time. Several important leads developed which, if they were followed, it is strongly believed would give just as much cause for indictment as the evidence introduced in the case of the Illinois Brick company. Prominent employers, whose names have not appeared in the newspapers in connection with possible indictments, it is said, barely escaped because the jury has not had the time to delve more deeply into the matters that came to light in the mass of evidence submitted.

Legal Penalties Are Too Light.

The jury's attention has been called to several cases where persons injured in labor disturbances have been crippled for life. In one case in which a notorious union slugger was involved the victim has never been the same mentally, yet under the law $100 is the

maximum fine for assault cases where a deadly weapon is not used. In another case a policeman maimed a man for life by simply using his fists.

It is expected the jury's report will also deal with Driscoll's testimony. The jury is convinced that if Driscoll had wanted to tell he could have given evidence that would send more than one employer to the penitentiary, but he did not present much evidence and there was no way of forcing him to give it.

Strike Leaders in a Dilemma.

President Shea and the other physicians of the teamsters' strike are in a dilemma as to which of two violent remedies to apply to the waning struggle. In addition to the general strike remedy already suggested, another "cure" yesterday received much consideration. This was a plan to call the strike off without condition.

The latter developed popularity when various signs of revolt against a general strike appeared in those local unions which are "anti-Shea" in sentiment. The largest of these are the furniture drivers, the ice teamsters, and the van teamsters. Their refusal to sanction a general strike would mean its defeat at the outset.

In the hope of nipping in the bud any tendencies in the teamsters' ranks towards a general strike the national executive board this morning will place its official stamp of disapproval on the idea. The board will convene in a special meeting in the Morrison hotel. According to a member, the opposition to President Shea's plan to "tie up the town" will take the form of strong resolutions.

"The strike has been too general already," said Edward L. Turley, secretary-treasurer of the International union. "There is no possibility of a widening of the fight. All our efforts will be centered upon bringing the controversy to a close."

Developments Make Shea Cautious.

When Shea heard how the land lay he cautioned his lieutenants to keep the general strike plan temporarily in the background. At the same time, considering the present dormant condition of the strike, Shea determined to do something. He called a council of leaders at the Briggs house and evolved a plan.

By this scheme the entire strike puzzle is to be left for the "rank and file" to solve. The men on strike, probably before the end of the week, will be given an opportunity to vote on the two extreme courses—the spreading and the ending of the strike.

Upon the result of the referendum vote tonight depends in a large measure the carrying out of this plan. A majority of the leaders believe that the employers' peace terms will be rejected finally by both the express and the department store drivers.

Men Oppose General Strike.

At the various teamsters' meetings in the afternoon the general strike subject came in for considerable discussion. The consensus of opinion in these meetings seemed to be that the proper time to widen hostilities has passed and that action at this time would imperil the entire organization of the teamsters.

Union men feared, moreover, that an order for a general strike would be met by open revolt in the cases of many unions. President Shea, it was said, could count upon half of the locals, including the truck, coal, milk, and carriage drivers, which are the four largest organizations.

Representing sentiment in the other direction was the remark of an ice teamster:

"The men are tired of paying $1 a week to the support of a lost cause. All the bolstering up in the world won't hold the strike now."

President Shea's chances for reelection were enhanced by the naming of delegates favorable to him at the meetings of the packing house and ice wagon drivers. The latter delegates, however, may be split.

"My clients are comfortable and satisfied with the situation, and, excepting the fact that policemen and deputies still are on wagons, do not realize any longer that there is a strike," said Attorney Levy Mayer.

UNION STRIKE VICTIM BURIED.

Funeral of Joseph Sleeting, Shot by a Policeman, Conducted by Teamsters' Organization.

The funeral of Joseph Sleeting, the sixteenth victim of the teamsters' strike, was held at 91 Cleveland avenue yesterday afternoon. More than 500 members of the truck drivers' and other unions marched to the burial place at Montrose. No speeches were made.

The truck drivers, to whose union Sleeting belonged, formed at 274 Madison street, their headquarters, and marched north to the Cleveland avenue house. After short services, conducted by the Rev. Rudolph A. John of the St. Paul German Lutheran church, the parade to the burial place formed.

The first carriage was occupied by Shea, W. J. Gibbons, Chris O'Neill, and Charles Casey.

Three carriages were turned away because the drivers failed to show union buttons. There was some dispute over the affair. Albert Young of the coal teamsters' union was asked to arbitrate.

"Let the men get off and others take their places or send the carriages home," was his ultimatum. The men turned back.

DEBS DELEGATES ARE HERE.

Will Meet Today to Start Movement to Convert Trade Unionists to Socialism.

Eugene V. Debs and some of the other delegates to the industrial convention which will be held in Brand's hall, 167 North Clark street, tomorrow, arrived in Chicago yesterday morning, but departed soon afterwards with the socialist party excursion to Milwaukee on the steamer Christopher Columbus. Daniel De Leon, known as the greatest "wrecker" of trades unions in the country, and another party of delegates are expected to arrive from New York City this morning.

Debs' motives in founding this new industrial union, the promoters of which are socialists, are looked upon with suspicion by Chicago labor leaders. Debs aspires to be president of the new movement, which will seek to amalgamate socialism with the labor movement.

His formation of a new organization on lines which both the present party of socialists and the American Federation of Labor refuse to accept is taken as an indication that Debs' propaganda is a selfish one, and that he is ready to bolt the party that has honored him.

EIGHT HOUR DEMAND DEFERRED

Action Taken by Typographical Union in the Hope of Preventing Lockout of Job Printers.

Unless the Chicago Typothetæ make a hostile move on July 1 threatened troubles in the printing houses will be averted on that date. Typographical union No. 16 met at 209 La Salle street yesterday and voted to postpone the enforcement of the demand for an eight hour day until Jan. 1.

The decision of the union relieved a growing tension in labor circles. With the expiration of contracts on July 1 a strike was predicted. The only danger now feared is from a lockout by the employers. The printers say they are willing to continue work with the present hours and wages until the new year.

The speech of President James M. Lynch of the International Typographical union in favor of conciliation was largely responsible for the peaceable policy adopted.

NONUNION TEAMSTER BEATEN.

Crowd Attacks Man at Ashland and Austin Avenues and Wounds Him Severely.

Lawrence Guthrie, a teamster, was severely beaten last night near Ashland and Austin avenues by a crowd of union teamsters and union sympathizers who accused him of being a nonunion man when he approached the crowd. He was bruised about the head, suffering several scalp wounds. He was taken home by the West Chicago avenue police and attended by a physician. No arrests were made.

WHEN SLEEP FAILS

Take Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

Half a teaspoon in half a glass of water just before retiring brings refreshing sleep.

CAUSE OF PEACE GIVEN A BOOST.

Proposal to Fix Date of Meeting of Envoys Submitted to the Czar.

EARLY IN AUGUST TIME.

Roosevelt Supposed to Have Made Suggestion Through Ambassador Meyer.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 26, 12:51 a. m.—Negotiations for the peace conference have taken an important step forward, a proposition for the date of the meeting of the plenipotentiaries at Washington having been submitted to Russia and being now under consideration.

The exact date proposed has not been ascertained, but there is reason to suppose that it is some time during the first week or ten days of August, which is about the earliest period at which the Japanese representatives could be expected to reach Washington, allowing reasonable time for the acceptance of the proposal and the interchange of the nominations of plenipotentiaries.

The emperor's answer is not expected for a day or two, as the diplomatic mills of Russia grind slowly and the foreign office, as one of the secretaries put it, "is not used to your hustling American methods," but it is thought that the date will be satisfactory, as it will give ample time for M. Nelidof, the Russian ambassador at Paris, or other Russian negotiators to reach Washington, and as there will be little preliminary work for them to do until the Japanese terms are submitted.

Move by Roosevelt?

Whether the proposal regarding the date originated at Tokio or at Washington cannot be learned, but the fact that the negotiations were conducted through Ambassador Meyer may indicate that President Roosevelt perhaps again has stepped to the fore and suggested to the two powers, neither of whom would be willing to take the initiative, a suitable date.

Ambassador Meyer is still exchanging communications with Foreign Minister Lamsdorf by letter, the minister being confined to his apartments in the ministry, but in his latest note, written by his own hand, Count Lamsdorf expressed the hope that he would have sufficiently recovered to permit of personal exchange of views today.

The minister's indisposition also prevented him from receiving the German, French, and other ambassadors during the last few days.

Says Armistice Is Improbable.

M. Neratoff, undersecretary of foreign affairs and the spokesman of the foreign office, in an interview in the Gazetta declares an armistice pending the meeting of the plenipotentiaries is improbable, and he comments on the possibilities of a battle taking place before a conference is held.

The Russky Invalid, the army organ, supplies an argument for peace in an estimate of the strength of the Japanese armies, which it places at 550,000 to 600,000 men, including the forces operating in Corea. In the five Japanese armies opposing Gen. Linevitch, exclusive of cavalry and artillery, it estimates that there are from 430,000 to 450,000 bayonets, which give Field Marshal Oyama a decided numerical superiority over the strength usually allowed to Linevitch's army.

The Japanese forces, it says, are divided as follows: Gen. Kuroki, 115,000 to 120,000 bayonets; Gen. Oku, 110,000 to 115,000 bayonets; Gen. Nogi, 85,000 to 90,000 bayonets; Gen. Nodzu, 45,000 bayonets; and Gen. Kawamura, 73,000 to 80,000 bayonets.

The Novoe Vremya prints an interview which its correspondent at Paris had with a Japanese diplomat, who says that while nobody outside of the emperor of Japan and his principal advisers is yet in possession of Japan's terms, he believes that they are moderate and will be acceptable. He adds that Japan is anxious to conclude a lasting peace, but that her attitude is not influenced by the slightest doubt as to her financial ability to continue the war, she having anticipated a much longer and more difficult period of hostilities.

HADLEY MOCKS RULE MADE MEN.

President of Yale in Baccalaureate Sermon Tells Graduates to Beware of Life by Rote.

New Haven, Conn., June 25.—[Special.]—President Arthur T. Hadley of Yale this morning delivered the annual baccalaureate address to the members of the senior class of the university at Woolsey hall. His topic was the scriptural text: "Except your righteousness shall exceed the righteousness of the scribes and pharisees, ye shall in no case enter into the kingdom of heaven."

President Hadley said, in part:

"Next to the boy who comes to college with bad habits, the one who is in most danger is he who has had such superlatively good habits that an infraction of a single one of them breaks down the barrier upon which he has relied, and leaves him without a system of inner defenses. There are two kinds of degeneracy: one which comes from too little reliance upon law, another which comes from too much. The man whom we commonly call a degenerate suffers from the former cause. He has broken so many laws that law as a whole ceases to have authority over him, and he becomes powerless to resist temptation from any quarter. But there are and always have been degenerates of the opposite type—men who have kept the laws that they were taught to obey until such laws become the only authority which controls them and the only standard which they recognize, and they are powerless to feel the stimulus of anything better. There is a point beyond which drill ceases to be a help and becomes a hindrance; there is a set of circumstances where the person who has been subject to too much control is as helpless as the one who has been subjected to too little."

NEW HISTORICAL PLAY GIVEN.

Fair Sized Audience Witnesses First Presentation of Dr. Cigrand's "When Hearts Were True.."

A historical drama, called "When Hearts Were True," had its initial presentation yesterday afternoon before an audience of 500 or more persons at the Columbus theater.

The play was written by Dr. B. J. Cigrand, dean of dentistry in the University of Illinois. It is founded on incidents of the revolutionary war. The actors were chosen by the author, who also directed the presentation of the drama.

Many hitherto unknown historical incidents are brought to light in the play. Presentations will continue during the week, with the usual matinée performances.

OBITUARY.

MRS. ELIZABETH CURTIS CARPENTER, wife of George Benjamin Carpenter of the firm of George B. Carpenter & Co., died at the family residence, 107 Lincoln Park boulevard, yesterday after a long illness. She was one of the founders of the Amateur Musical club and a member of the Fortnightly. She was born in Pittsfield, N. H., on March 24, 1841, and came to Chicago in 1857, where she was married in 1861. The husband and four sons, Benjamin, George Albert, Hubbard, and John A., are living.

PEACE CONFEREES FINALLY CHOSEN.

(Continued from first page.)

position. He will present his credentials to the president at Oyster Bay.

The belief that an early armistice cannot be agreed upon is the result of the exchanges which have occurred between the president and the belligerents and also between the president and representatives of the neutral powers.

Baron Speck von Sternburg, the German ambassador, came to the city today from Deer Park, Maryland, and saw the president tonight. No statement was made either at the White house or at the German embassy in regard to their conversation, but it is known that the peace situation and the condition of affairs in Europe arising out of the discussion between Germany and France for an international conference regarding Morocco were talked about.

Germany has seconded strongly the president's peace representations and is still doing so. Why she is pursuing this policy at a moment when her relations with France are decidedly strained, at least from the Paris point of view, is a question which has been puzzling the diplomatic body here. Unless Emperor William has a secret understanding with Russia whereby the latter will maintain neutrality in case of difficulties between Germany and France, it is to his interest that the Russo-Japanese war should continue.

France and Russia Still Allies.

The alliance of Russia and France is as strong today on paper as it ever has been and it requires one nation to go to the assistance of the other should it become necessary. Yet everything that Germany has done and said has evidenced sincerity and a real desire that the war should terminate as soon as possible.

This fact is considered by the authorities as an indication that Germany does not intend to press France too hard in connection with the Moroccan question. The reply which M. Rouvier, the French premier, made a few days ago to the German note is not satisfactory to Emperor William, but it may be stated on authority that the failure of France to meet Germany's wishes will not lead to bellicose action. Nor will it cause Germany to adopt a tone which will further irritate French sensibilities.

If war shall come it will be France, it is said, that will precipitate it. So far as France is concerned she is willing to have an international conference regarding Morocco, provided the scope of the conference is defined in advance. Germany wants a conference which shall discuss the whole subject of Morocco; in short, revise the treaty of Madrid of 1880, which, to quote the treaty, followed international recognition of "the necessity of establishing on fixed and uniform bases the exercise of the right of protection in Morocco and of settling certain questions connected therewith."

One of these questions upon which Germany has laid particular stress is the celebrated article 17, giving the most favored nation treatment to all powers signing the convention.

President's Moroccan Policy.

Before the president leaves here tomorrow he will give instructions to the state department to acknowledge the receipt of the invitation of the sultan of Morocco to take part in the proposed conference. The response of the United States will be that it will participate in the conference provided all other nations unanimously decide to do so.

Baron von Sternburg will leave New York on July 6 for Berlin, where he will talk with Emperor William of the views of the president and the American people with respect to peace and the Moroccan question. He will remain in Europe until October, and, therefore, will not be at the place of meeting of the Russian and Japanese plenipotentiaries. This is a tactful decision on the part of the ambassador, which undoubtedly will have an influence upon the representatives of other neutral states.

Free Hand for Peace Envoys.

Ambassador Jusserand, the representative of France, will also go abroad next month. Sir Mortimer Durand will remain at Lenox, Mass. The peace plenipotentiaries thus will be left to themselves and will not be under the necessity of receiving agents of the neutral powers and parrying questions in regard to what has been accomplished. If the neutral powers are brought into the negotiations it will be by the direct action of Russia or Japan, or both. If one or the other moves the only purpose will be to apply pressure to its adversary in order to secure a reduction or acceptance of conditions.

The president is gratified that the neutral powers will leave the belligerents alone. This he believes is one of the indispensable conditions necessary for the restoration of peace.

GERMANY BUYS EMBASSY SITE FOR BUILDING IN WASHINGTON.

Stone Structure Will Be Reproduction of Sans Souci Castle, or Royal Home at Potsdam.

Washington, D. C., June 25.—The German government has purchased a site for its embassy here opposite the property of the new French embassy, overlooking Sheridan circle, in S street, in the northwest section of the city.

On this site will be erected a stone structure, reproducing in general outline the famous "Sans Souci" castle, or the new castle at Potsdam. A feature of the grounds will be an elaborate system of terraces.

Emperor William has taken a keen interest in the subject and will personally inspect the plans for the building.

PLAN FIGHT ON SPRECKELS.

Hawaiian Company Buys California Plant to Refine Island Product to Oppose Sugar King.

HONOLULU, June 25.—The Sugar Factors company, representing all of the sugar interests here outside those of the Spreckels Sugar company, has purchased for $2,000,000 the controlling interest in the Crockett California refinery, and intends to begin next January refining the Hawaiian product, in competition with the Spreckels company.

The Sugar Factors company controls 340,000 of the 400,000 tons of the annual sugar crop and Hawaii.

The sugar factors say they have paid yearly $1,250,000 to the Spreckels refineries because they were unable to compete, and they propose to resist the Spreckels interests.

TAFT MAY VISIT AUSTRALIA.

Invitation Will Be Given Secretary and Party to Extend Philippine Tour.

MELBOURNE, June 25.—The commonwealth government has decided to invite Secretary of War Taft and the members of his family and Miss Roosevelt to extend their tour from the Philippine Islands to Australia. Assurance is given that the secretary and his party will be cordially welcomed.

NOTES FROM FOREIGN LANDS.

GENOA—A hostile demonstration took place Saturday night at the Russian consulate here. There were cries of "Down with the czar," and windows were broken. The police dispersed the mob.

COPENHAGEN—It is reported that Emperor William will come here in the middle of July and will also visit King Oscar at Stockholm.

ROME—The chamber of deputies by a large majority has voted the military budget.

JAPANESE ROUT RUSSIAN FORCE.

Drive Out Czar's Troops, Occupying Advanced Position North of Mukden.

CONFUSION IN RETREAT.

Linevitch Reports No Change in the Relative Positions of the Armies.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

TOKIO, June 25, 3 p. m.—An official dispatch has been received from the Japanese army headquarters in Manchuria showing a further advance and the rout of the Russian force. The dispatch is as follows:

"The enemy, holding the northwest eminence of Manchensou, was attacked and dislodged on the afternoon of June 22, but a portion of the enemy holding the hills to the west offered stubborn resistance, and the hills finally were taken by assault. Another force of the enemy holding the hills due north was attacked from the front, and we simultaneously resorted to a turning movement from the northeast, intercepting his retreat and causing him heavy loss.

"The enemy in confusion hoisted the red cross flag, but this did not stop our firing, and he fled north in disorder. His strength in cavalry and infantry was some 3,000 men and several guns. Fifty corpses were left on the field. The enemy's loss was fully 200. Our loss was insignificant."

NO CHANGE, SAYS LINEVITCH.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 25.—The emperor has received the following dispatch from Gen. Linevitch, dated June 23:

"There is no change in the position of the armies. After the Japanese advance on our right flank, which I already have reported, the enemy advanced against our front east of the railway, where the Cossacks, noticing the enemy's advantage, had withdrawn slowly.

"On the morning of June 20 our cavalry reoccupied points on the Mandarin road. Japanese infantry began, at 9 o'clock on the same day, a determined advance against Gujichi, opening an artillery fire on our outposts. At noon our men north of Gujuchi withdrew and the advanced guard of the division retreated still further to the heights north of Schichusa, in face of superior forces, finally falling back as far as Liaoenjao.

Pass Is Occupied.

"The fight ended in the evening, the enemy remaining some four miles south of this spot. It was found later that two regiments of Japanese infantry and two regiments of cavalry with machine, mountain, and field guns had advanced along the Mandarin road.

"To the west three battalions of infantry, a squadron of cavalry, and three guns advanced. We resolved to advance on June 20 in order to drive the enemy back and to enable our advance guards to recover their former positions. For this purpose the troops selected began to move towards Liaoenjao.

Object Is Attained.

"On the morning of June 21 our further advance began and the enemy, pursued by us, retired gradually to positions near Rescopingao. A lively fire was opened by degrees, four Japanese batteries being engaged. The Japanese showed a disposition to offer an obstinate resistance, and the appearance of our troops here caused confusion among them, compelling them to send for reinforcements.

"The object of our advance being fully attained, our troops were withdrawn in the falling darkness, the positions which the enemy had occupied before our advance remaining in our hands.

"A Japanese battalion and 200 cavalry appeared north of Chajushen, Corea, on June 20."

RUSSIAN ARMY 300,000.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

TOKIO, June 25.—The latest estimate is that when Gen. Linevitch took command the Russian army had 171,000 men. He since has received 135,000 reinforcements, making in all around 300,000 men. Probably 50,000 men who were invalided have rejoined the army since the battle of Mukden. Over seventy guns have been received from Russia, making a total of 900. The troops around Chungchun, who formerly numbered 40,000, now number over 70,000.

The Nagasaki correspondent of the Telegraph says the latest prisoners from Vladivostok state that the strength of the garrison there is about three army corps. About 1,000 reinforcements arrive daily from Russia.

CZAR'S ARMY BUILDS WORKS.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

MOJI, June 26.—The Russians now are concentrated north of Gujong on the left bank of the Tumen river and number over 15,000 of all branches. They are busily engaged in constructing strong defensive works and apparently intend to make their first resistance on the road to Vladivostok.

RUSSIAN SINKS BRITISH SHIP.

Ikhona Is Sent to Bottom on June 5 Off Hongkong and Crew Is Transferred to Dutch Vessel.

SINGAPORE, June 25.—The British India Steam Navigation company's steamer Ikhona was sunk by the Russian cruiser Terek on June 5 150 miles north of Hongkong. The crew was landed here tonight by the Dutch steamer Perlak, which the Terek met on June 19. The Ikhona was carrying mails and rice from Rangoon to Yokohama.

Russian Ship Carries Victim's Crew.

JUBITIL, June 25.—The Russian converted cruiser Dneiper arrived here yesterday with the crew of the British steamer St. Kilda, which was sunk by the Dneiper.

Quick Telephone Business

Have you ever wondered why you can reach some business houses over the telephone with such surprising rapidity—talk with any department or individual at such extremely short notice?

And have you ever fretted and chafed at the delay, the confusion and the misunderstanding that you experience whenever you attempt to reach some particular person in other business houses?

There's a reason.

One house has a private exchange, and the other has not. One has a confusing and tangled up arrangement of its own to handle its calls, with long waits to send boys around to get your man—sometimes everybody but your man—and to bring him into communication with you. The other has an instantaneous, systematic way of switching you right to the ear of your party in a "jiffy."

Now, a private exchange is by no means meant only for large business houses. It is meant for any business house employing more than a couple of clerks, and is often less expensive than the method selected by you under your present arrangement.

How does your telephone service strike your patrons? We'll gladly draft private exchange plans and make estimates for you. Call up Main 294.

CHICAGO TELEPHONE COMPANY.

BACK POLICY OF FRANCE.

GENERAL SUPPORT OF ATTITUDE ON MOROCCO.

French Government and England Declared Not Bound by Written Treaty but by Common Danger in Germany—Both Nations Show Disposition to Remain Steadfast in Action Against Kaiser—Rouvier Has Done Everything to Maintain Peace

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, June 26.—The Paris correspondent of the Times says M. Rouvier's note has convinced everybody of the correct and legitimate policy of France in Morocco, not excepting Germany. Only in case of the latter it is the case of a man convinced against his will. So the situation today is not different from that of a week ago.

The correspondent refers to rumors apparently of a semi-official origin that Germany is disposed to negotiate directly with the sultan of Morocco. He proceeds:

One consequence of the browbeating of France that is now evident is the complete failure to divide England and France, and so long as they are united there is some guarantee, and a rather substantial one, against German aggression.

There will be much to gain for those who have to reckon with the possibility of German aggression. If to be forewarned is to be forearmed, all that has taken place in connection with Morocco is of a nature to open people's eyes, both in England and France, to the necessity for joint preparations for every emergency.

France Is Still Waiting.

PARIS, June 25.—Germany's reply to the French note regarding the proposed international conference over Moroccan affairs has not yet been received. The statement that Germany would refrain from replying before further verbal explanations took place between Premier Rouvier and Prince Radolin, the German ambassador, is not regarded seriously in well informed circles, where it is thought probable that an interview will not take place before Wednesday, when the reply from Berlin may reach Paris.

It is alleged that the contents of the reply were given out today, and that Germany requests a clearer statement of the French program for Moroccan affairs, suggesting that each subject be discussed separately in accordance with the terms of the Madrid convention. The two points principally referred to are coast trading and frontiers. Should France accept, Germany would abandon the idea of the conference. This, however, is regarded as a surmise.

Attempt to Shift Responsibility.

BERLIN, June 25.—Chancellor von Bülow received M. Bihourd, the French ambassador, today. The newspapers continue to discuss the situation between France and Germany with some heat. An attempt is being made to shift the responsibility for the recent war panic to articles in the British press, and the National Zeitung solemnly reminds France that a Franco-German conflict would not be decided by a Trafalgar, but on French or German battlefields.

Concession for German Company.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

TANGIER, June 26.—It is reported that the sultan of Morocco has granted a concession for a port at Azerud, at the mouth of the Wadi-El-Kus river, on the Algerian frontier, to a German company.

BIGGEST GUN IN THE WORLD LIES IN SANDY HOOK DITCH.

"Pioneer," 16-Inch Coast Defense Weapon, Capable of Shooting 21 Miles, May Never Be Fired Again.

New York, June 25.—[Special.]—The "Pioneer," the 16 inch breech loading coast defense gun which cost $200,000 to build, is lying in a ditch at the Sandy Hook proving grounds and may never be fired again. The gun is only three years old and has been discharged only twelve times.

One of the claims made for the gun is that with the proper elevation it is possible to fire it at Sandy Hook and land a ton weight projectile in the city hall park, twenty-one miles away. Even if the gun is mounted again, it is said, a similar rifle will never be built by the government, because any extended firing even in practice would make a big inroad on the United States treasury.

The chief objection to the gun is that too many men are required to handle it. About three times as many are employed as are needed for a 10 inch gun. More than a half ton of powder, costing $265, is needed to fire the gun's projectile, which weighs 2,370 pounds. It is of the solid armor piercing kind and costs $600, and is about as tall as an ordinary man.

TOMB ACCUSES A MURDER SUSPECT.

Proof Found That W. H. Dufree Buried Wife in Elgin Five Years Ago.

HE DISPUTES THE FACT.

Contents of Stomach of His Last Marital Partner Are to Be Analyzed.

Apparently indisputable evidence that W. H. Dufree of Elgin, Ill., buried a wife in the Bluff City cemetery of that city on Sept. 9, 1900, together with Dufree's denial that he buried a wife in that year, is a circumstance that causes the police to suspect that he has guilty knowledge of the cause of the death of his fourth wife, who died suddenly in Elgin on June 20. Dufree is under bonds of $1,000 to appear today to answer the charge of murder.

The stomach of his last wife was taken to the Columbus Memorial laboratory, 103 State street, where its contents will be analyzed by Drs. Evans, Wesener, and Gehrmann, city bacteriologist, at the request of Coroner Humphry of Geneva, who refused to allow a death certificate to be issued.

Reminded of Johann Hoch's Case.

Before the people of Elgin discovered that Mrs. Mary Dufree was buried five years ago most of them inclined to the opinion that Dufree was innocent of wife murder. There are some now who believe that the career of Dufree, when fully investigated, may present striking similarities to the history of Johann Hoch.

Mrs. Elizabeth Cunningham Dufree, the last wife of W. H. Dufree, died suddenly at Elgin on June 20. She had been ailing for four weeks, but an hour or two before her death neighbors saw her in the yard, and she apparently was in good health. She became violently ill at 9:30 o'clock in the morning, and when Drs. Sturm and Burlingame arrived at her bedside she was unconscious. She died within an hour. The doctors refused to issue a death certificate, for the reason that they were unable to account for her sudden death.

The post-mortem examination did not reveal any signs of poison, but the physicians who attended the woman in her last moments said the body was in a convulsive condition, such as might be due to an overdose of strychnine. An examination of the brain, however, revealed no signs of the poison.

Admits Only Three Marriages.

At the coroner's inquest Dufree said he married Miss Sarah Kesterton in 1878 and she died the year following. His second wife, he said, was Miss Bertha Lorenz of Dundee, whom he married at Beloit, Wis., in 1895. She died of anemia on Feb. 14, 1902. He was married again on Sept. 1, 1903, to Miss Elizabeth Cunningham of Elgin, who died last Tuesday.

Of the woman whom he buried Sept. 9, 1900, Dufree made no mention before the coroner's jury. The identity of this wife, however, seems to be clearly established. Superintendent Markoff of the Bluff City cemetery said to a TRIBUNE reporter:

"The records of this cemetery show that Mrs. Mary Dufree was buried here Sept. 9, 1900. I buried her myself, and I know she was Dufree's wife because he told me so when he came here to see about the grave. She died of bronchial asthma, according to the death certificate, which was issued by Dr. Gahagan of Elgin."

Dr. Gahagan verified the statement of Superintendent Markoff.

"I remember the woman," he said. "I understood at the time that she was the wife of Dufree."

W. H. Dufree, who lives with his sister, Mrs. Marie Vanderhoof, denied last night that he had buried a wife in 1900 or that he even had a wife whose name was Mary. He is said to have made the statement that the woman who was buried as his wife was his sister.

FOUR FIRST CLASS TOURS.

Chicago, Union Pacific and Northwestern Line.

Reservations are now being made for a magnificent series of four personally conducted tours to the Lewis and Clark Exposition, California points, Salt Lake City, Yellowstone Park, and Colorado. Leave Chicago July 6, 12, 27, and Aug. 10. Numerous side trips included. Rate covers railroad fare, sleeping car accommodations, hotels, side trips, and all expenses. For information address S. A. Hutchison, Manager, 212 Clark street. (Tel. Cent. 721.)

HARPER'S

For JULY

The Search for Men

An article which reveals some astonishing facts showing that the demand for high-class employes is always greater than the supply, the difficulty in securing men, and the unparalleled opportunities for men of ability today.

With Greek Sponge-Divers
Charles W. Furlong, the artist, recently spent some time with the Greek sponge fleet off the coast of Tripoli. He tells of the curious life of the sponge-divers, and has painted graphic pictures of it.

W. D. Howells Abroad
Mr. Howells has wandered about London among those localities which are intimately connected with the early history of this country, the homes of those who became the first notable Americans, their churches, etc. He writes delightfully of it all.

The Real Fourth of July
Some people do not know that in celebrating the Fourth of July, we are in reality perpetuating an error—that the celebration should actually come earlier, on the 2d. An interesting and instructive paper.

New York Harbor
In this James B. Connolly graphically describes the crowded waterways of the metropolis and the varied types of craft which range them.

8 SHORT STORIES
By Emery Pottle, Van Tassel Sutphen, Grace Ellery Channing, Nelson Lloyd, Annie Hamilton Donnell, Etc.

Francis Drake in California
Agnes C. Laut, the historian, writes most vividly of the dramatic adventures of Sir Francis Drake and of his visit to this country on his famous voyage. Illustrated from old prints.

A Great American Painter
Mr. J. J. Shannon, A. R. A., is an American better known in England than in his own country. He is now recognized among the first of living American portrait-painters. Eight of his brilliant portraits are reproduced.

Agricultural Ants
Dr. H. C. McCook, the naturalist, tells of the agricultural habits of the ants and of the methods of their farming.

A Southern Experiment
An astonishing effort to reclaim from the Everglades of Florida land rich in industrial opportunities.

Gravitation and the Ether
An intensely interesting scientific paper by Dr. C. W. Saleeby, giving a new view of the force of gravitation.

PAINTINGS IN COLOR
By Edwin A. Abbey, R. A., C. W. Furlong, Clarence Underwood

Booth Tarkington's New Novel

Pianos!

Large Economical Plan vs. Small Expensive Plan.

Our large economical plan of selling pianos may be taken advantage of by you. You may make your choice from our stock, which embraces over 1,000 pianos of 20 leading makes. All these instruments are sold at a lower range of prices than would be possible under the usual small expensive plan of selling pianos. It costs us but little more to sell 20 pianos in a day than it does a smaller concern to sell a single instrument. The saving is yours.

Steinway, Weber, Krakauer, Haselton, Wheelock, Sterling, Huntington and other great makes of pianos are sold only by us. Scores of new and exclusive designs not to be found elsewhere. Genuine musical quality guaranteed in every instrument. New Uprights, $125, $145, $165, $190 and upward.

EXCHANGE DEPARTMENT.

The close of the moving season finds us heavily overstocked with pianos returned from rental. These instruments, some of which are as good as new, have been moved into our great Exchange Department and are offered at these discounts:

$200 Uprights, now...$140
$250 Uprights, now...$175
$300 Uprights, now...$195
$350 Uprights, now...$215
$375 Uprights, now...$235

This week we also offer several exceptionally fine rebuilt Steinway Pianos. These are second-hand Steinways that have come out of our own factory, where they have been brought fully up to date in case design and where every worn part has been replaced with new parts from the Steinway factory. Prices less than half new Steinways.

Also several very fine Weber Uprights are offered at a discount. They have had studio use only and would readily pass for entirely new.

New Pianos to Rent, $3.50

Six months' rent allowed if purchased.

WRITE if at a distance. We ship pianos everywhere.

TERMS: Low priced pianos $10.00 down and $5.00 a month.

A handsome Piano Book Catalog mailed free. Illustrated in colors.

"The name that guarantees quality."

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P. S.—We close Saturdays at 1 p. m.

In furniture, as in friends, you want the best; so be sure to buy

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A RECENT SHIPMENT OF THE FINEST ANTIQUE ORIENTAL RUGS NOW PERMITS AN ELABORATE DISPLAY.

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$3,50 to $2,500.00

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ADVERTISE IN THE TRIBUNE.

AMERICA BOWS TO CHINA'S BIG STICK

President Puts Stop to Drastic and Discourteous Treatment of Immigrants.

HEADS OFF THE BOYCOTT?

Legislative Functions Taken from Bureau—Consuls Must Aid Exempted Classes.

Washington, D. C., June 25.—[Special.]—President Roosevelt has taken action to end the boycott of American goods in China by directing a more lenient administration of the Chinese exclusion law. Through the department of commerce and labor he has given instructions to the immigration officials to enforce the law without harshness.

All laborers, skilled and unskilled, will be refused admission, but all exempted classes —merchants, teachers, students, travelers, and officials—will be shown the widest and heartiest courtesy, and will be put to no unnecessary inconvenience and annoyance. Any discourtesy shown to Chinese persons will be followed by dismissal of the offending official.

Orders have been issued to the diplomatic and consular representatives of the United States in China by the president himself that they must look closely to the performance of their duties under the exclusion law and see to it that members of the exempt classes coming to this country are provided with proper certificates.

Will It Placate China?

These certificates will be acceptable at any port of the United States and will guarantee the bearer against any harsh or discourteous treatment.

This is the most important administrative step in the solution of Chinese problems since the original exclusion act was passed. It is anticipated that the prompt action taken by this government to meet the objections made by the Chinese will eliminate the possibility of serious trade difficulties.

Secretary Metcalf defended the immigration service against the charge of unnecessary harshness, claiming that the so-called "section 6 certificates," which are supposed to be issued only to exempted classes, are found in the possession of thousands of Chinese coolies and laborers who fraudulently have obtained them.

The secretary also says that, though they are not specifically named in the law, it is evident that such Chinese as doctors, lawyers, and clergymen should be exempt, and he will take steps to facilitate their admission to and transit through the United States.

Orders Guarantee of Privilege.

The president's letter to Secretary Taft directing the issuance of orders to consular agents declared it the purpose of the United States to show the widest and heartiest courtesy toward all merchants, teachers, students, and travelers who may come to the United States, as well as towards all Chinese officials or representatives in any capacity of the Chinese government. All individuals of these classes are to be allowed to come and go of their own free will and accord.

The consular certificate, by direction of the president, becomes prima facie evidence of the immigrant's character. The immigration officials specifically are instructed to accept it, and it is not to be upset unless good reason can be shown for so doing.

"Unfortunately in the past," says Mr. Roosevelt, "it has been found that officials of the Chinese government have recklessly issued thousands of such certificates which were not true, and reckless evasion has been shown in the past by representatives of the American consular service in visiting these certificates. The purpose of this government is to make these visaed certificates of such real value that it is safe to accept them here in the United States. This will result in doing away with most of the causes of complaint that have arisen.

Duty of Paramount Importance.

"The Chinese student, merchant, or traveler will thereby secure before leaving China a certificate which will guarantee him against any improper treatment. But in order that this plan may be carried out it is absolutely necessary that the diplomatic and consular officers, instead of treating the work in issuing these certificates as perfunctory, shall understand that this is one of their most important functions. They must not issue any such certificate unless they are satisfied that the person to whom it is issued is entitled to receive it, and they will be held to a most rigid accountability for the manner in which they perform this duty.

"If there is reason to believe that any certificate has been improperly issued, or is being improperly used, a thorough investigation will be made into its issuance. The only way in which it is possible, while fully carrying out the provision of the law against the immigration of Chinese laborers, skilled or unskilled, to secure the fullest courtesy and consideration for all Chinese persons of the exempt classes, such as officials, travelers, merchants, students, and the like, is through the careful and conscientious action of our diplomatic and consular representatives under the proposed policy of the department of commerce and labor.

Will Simplify Officials' Work.

"The change will simplify the whole administration of the law; but it cannot be made permanent unless the diplomatic and consular representatives do their full duty and see to it that no certificate is issued with their visé unless the person receiving it clearly comes within one of the exempt classes and is fully entitled to the privileges the certificate secures for him.

"Accordingly all our diplomatic and consular representatives in China are warned to perform this most important duty with the utmost care."

These orders are supplemented by a letter to the president from Secretary Metcalf setting out the provisions of the law under which the bureau of immigration operates in relation to Chinese immigrants, and by the new instructions issued to immigration officers regarding their treatment of Chinese who may come to the United States.

"As to the harsh and unreasonable treatment," explains the secretary, "which it is said has been accorded members of the exempt classes, this much may be said: What are known as section 6 certificates were accepted universally and the landing of Chinese subjects possessing them facilitated in every way until it became apparent to the officers of the service that these certificates were being issued by the hundreds to Chinese laborers and other persons not entitled to them under the law. In order to administer the laws it then became necessary to investigate each individual case as by law authorized."

No Restriction of Freedom.

Portions of the secretary's circular to consular agents follow:

"The purpose of the Chinese exclusion laws is to prevent the immigration of Chinese laborers and not to restrict the freedom of movement of Chinese persons belonging to the exempt classes, and in determining whether Chinese persons are laborers or members of the exempt classes, officers charged with the enforcement of the laws are cautioned to act with discretion. While laborers must be strictly excluded, the law must be enforced without harshness, and unnecessary inconvenience or annoyance must not be caused such persons as are entitled to enter the United States.

"Chinese persons whose appearance or situation clearly indicates that they do not belong to the class of laborers must be treated with the same consideration extended to members of any other nationality, and they are not under any circumstances to be subjected to unnecessary surveillance.

"Any harshness in the administration of the Chinese exclusion laws will not for one moment be tolerated, and any discourtesy shown Chinese persons, either laborers or of the exempt classes, by any of the officials of this department will be cause for immediate dismissal of the offender from the service."

KNOCKED DOWN BY AUTO.

MAN NARROWLY ESCAPES DEATH UNDER HEAVY WHEELS.

Lake Captain Struck by Harrison Musgrave's Machine at Approach to Rush Street Bridge—Mayor of Lake Bluff Fined for Violating Speed Ordinance in Evanston—Jury of Women Convicts a Scorcher—Actress Is Mulcted for Driving Fast.

Anton Ericson, 60 years old, a lake captain whose home is in Manistee, Mich., narrowly escaped death under the wheels of an automobile last evening at the approach of Rush street bridge, through the open draw of which a touring car recently plunged into the river, causing three persons to drown.

Ericson was walking in Michigan avenue with a friend, O. Bostedt, who lives at 63 Rush street. Harrison Musgrave of the law firm of Musgrave, Vroman & Lee, was driving his touring car slowly in the avenue, and as he turned the machine to cross the bridge it struck Ericson and knocked him down, bruising his head and body. Bostedt got out of the way in time to escape injury.

Mr. Musgrave stopped his machine and aided the injured man, who was taken to Bostedt's home, where he was attended by a physician.

Mayor of Lake Bluff Fined.

Among the twenty automobilists arrested yesterday by the police of Evanston and Glencoe was Mayor F. W. Cornish of Lake Bluff.

When taken to the Evanston police court Mayor Cornish asked Justice Boyer to dismiss the case, saying he had always exercised great care in running his machine and that this was the first time he had ever been charged with scorching. He said also that the course of one-eighth of a mile was too short for a fair test of the speed of a machine. But Justice Boyer was relentless.

"If you had instructed the police of your city," he said to Mr. Cornish, "to arrest auto drivers for exceeding the speed ordinance and the police magistrate should dismiss a case for the reasons you have just given, you would object, wouldn't you?"

"Well," replied Mayor Cornish, "I would give the officers different instructions, and in case of a car going at the rate of speed that mine was traveling no arrest would be made."

The justice refused to dismiss the case.

Convicted by Jury of Women.

"Can you blame me, judge, for forgetting about speed ordinances, when I was looking at her," said K. K. Knott to Justice Boyer, as he pointed to a young woman who had been with him in the car, and who accompanied him to the police court. The magistrate looked at the young woman a moment, and then said:

"No, I don't think you are to be blamed if you forgot everything else if she was in the seat with you, but the case must be heard, as you have violated the ordinance."

The young woman, with a number of other members of Knott's party, who had followed in another car, asked for a jury to try the case.

"Very well," said Magistrate Boyer, "you may be the jurors, and we will proceed with the hearing."

The young women, who refused to give their names, took seats in the jury box, and after the evidence had been presented the young woman whose charms had caused Knott's auto to exceed the speed limit was in favor of acquittal, but the others were for conviction. The dissenting juror was finally brought to agree with the others, and a fine of $10 was imposed.

Actress Fined for Speeding.

Miss Jeannette Lowry, leading woman in "It Happened in Nordland," happened in Evanston before Police Magistrate Boyer yesterday for speeding an automobile, and was fined $10 and costs. She was going from Highland Park to Chicago with her husband, Thomas G. Seabrooke, Joseph Herbert, and William Norton, in an automobile owned by Herbert, and they said a fast run was necessary in order to reach Chicago in time for the evening performance.

F. M. Horner, 1126 Main street, Evanston, also objected to his arrest, declaring a mistake had been made.

"I am a citizen of Evanston," he said, "and I pay my taxes and help to keep up the city. The city ordinances, it seems to me, are only intended to protect us from Chicago scorchers." He refused to accept the minimum fine of $10 and costs, and his case was continued until June 30.

Other Scorchers in Courts.

The other arrests and fines in Evanston were:

Herman Busch, 218 Superior street, Chicago.
J. J. Smith, Waukegan, Ill.
C. A. Tilt, 807 Winthrop avenue, Chicago.
William B. Wiedhoft, 526 Sheffield avenue, Chicago.
William Wulf, 2532 Kenmore avenue, Chicago.
Each was fined $10 and costs.

In Glencoe but little objection was made to the arrests. A. L. Moore, 5718 Madison avenue, Chicago, after paying a fine of $10, asked that an officer be permitted to ride with him as far as the city limits in order to prevent him from being arrested again.

The others who were arrested at Glencoe are:

N. M. Bassett, 6230 Madison avenue, Chicago.
H. L. Brand, 206 Illinois street, Chicago.
John Corwin, 1157 Washington boulevard, Chicago.
H. J. Cullen, 617 Chamber of Commerce, Chicago.
R. S. Holderman, Highland Park, Ill.
Robert Mott, Winnetka, Ill.
Thomas Murphy, 2429 Indiana avenue, Chicago.
J. L. Schuren, 1773 Sheridan road, Chicago.
W. R. Smith, Waukegan, Ill.
E. G. Watrous, Highland Park, Ill.
L. M. Wood, Highland Park, Ill.
Each of these was fined $10 and costs except Brand, whose case was continued.

Automobile Burns on Road.

A big touring car, owned by A. R. Cormen, 564 Sixty-third street, was burned up yesterday afternoon in front of 1123 Ridge avenue. Mr. Cormen and his wife were speeding along the road, when the machine broke down. The owner alighted to make repairs, and while he was working the gasoline tank exploded. The machine caught fire and was consumed.

L. Berkinstein, owner of an automobile garage at 472 North Clark street, sent a chauffeur with a five seated green colored automobile to the Plaza hotel last night at 10:30 o'clock in response to a request received by telephone. The chauffeur finding no one waiting on the sidewalk to take charge of the machine, left it in front of the hotel. At midnight Berkinstein went to the hotel and was told that no one about the place had ordered an automobile. He then reported the loss of the machine to the police, who traced it to several north side saloons. Persons who were in front of the Plaza hotel at the time the machine was left by the chauffeur said they saw several men enter the machine and drive away after detaching the license number.

REVOLUTION THREATENS CHINA

Exiled Friend of Emperor Arousing Chinks in This Country—Battalions Forming.

Philadelphia, Pa., June 25.—[Special.]—Kang Yu Wei, claiming to be a friend of the Chinese emperor and to have been exiled by the dowager empress, delivered an address to a hundred Chinamen at a mass meeting today. Gen. Lee, a soldier of fortune, also an exile, who is drilling seventy-two battalions in seventy-two American cities, was with him. The Chinamen were greatly excited, and when Kang asked who were willing to die for reform every man volunteered. The Chinese in America and China are said to be preparing for a revolution against the dowager empress.

Attractive Low Fare Excursions to the Seashore Via New York and to Baltimore, Md.

Asbury Park and return, $21.35. Tickets good going June 29, 30, July 1 and 2; valid for return until Aug. 31 by extension. The only line that operates trains to New York via Washington, Baltimore, and Philadelphia. Stopover at each place; also at New York.

Through coaches and sleeping cars Chicago to Asbury Park.

Baltimore and return, $18.50. Tickets good going July 2, 3, and 4; valid for return until Aug. 31 by extension. Stopover at Washington. The only line that operates through trains to Baltimore. Send for circulars. Baltimore and Ohio Railroad ticket office, 244 Clark street.

Children Dance the Ancient Rinnca Fadha for First Time in Chicago.

Ancient Irish music, played centuries ago by Erin's bagpipers, was converted into waltzes and two-steps yesterday at the fourth annual picnic of the Irish Music club of Chicago at O'Shea's hill on the Joliet road. The old melodies, with the time rearranged to suit modern dances, were enjoyed by the 500 persons who attended the dance.

Although most of the dancing was modern, many of the old Irish jigs were revived, in which the old folks participated. It was the original intention of the society to have nothing but the old Celtic music and dances, but the younger element insisted on being allowed to waltz and two-step.

"If you must dance the waltz and two-step," President John Ennis of the society told them, "it will be to ancient Irish airs."

There were many protests, but when the dance began it was remarked that the music was unusually good.

"I wonder what new piece that is?" one young woman asked her companion. The question was answered by President Ennis.

"That," he said, "is the latest two-step. It was played by an Irishman called O'Brien some ten centuries ago."

Twelve little boys and girls joined in the old time "long dance." Anita McDermott was the youngest of the dancers.

HURT IN TROLLEY CRASH.

FIFTEEN PERSONS INJURED WHEN CARS JUMP TRACK.

Two Accidents Occur at Almost Same Spot in Evanston, Fourteen Suffering in First and Only One in Second—Wild Rush to Get Out When Wheels Leave the Rails—Passengers Cut by Broken Glass—Other Accidents.

Fourteen persons were injured late yesterday afternoon, three of them seriously, when a north bound electric car on the Chicago and North Shore railway left the tracks at Grove street, Evanston. At 9:30 in the evening another north bound trailer jumped the track within five feet of the same place. In the second accident only one person was hurt.

The Injured.

Abrahamson, A. F., 1453 Wrightwood avenue; cut about face.
Arnold, Mrs. Paul, 201 North avenue; cut on head.
Bazelt, John, North Chicago; cut on head.
Frasier, 221 South Adams street; bruised on head and side.
Hind, Mrs. Charles, 4200 Lake avenue; shoulder and right arm bruised.
Hind, Charles, 4200 Lake avenue; cut on head.
Hobart, James, Winnetka; bruised about chest; internal injuries.
Lindgren, Mrs. A., 1477 Roscoe street; injuries to spine.
McDonough, ——, 3300 Armour avenue; left arm and leg bruised.
Olson, Mrs. John, 1439 North Halsted street; hip injured.
Saxe, Emil, 1566 Dewey avenue; bruised about head and arms.
Stanischa, Lena, 218 Clybourn avenue; contusion of head and face.
Stanischa, Gretchen, 218 Clybourn avenue; cut on head; internal injuries.
Stanischa, Mrs. Paul, 218 Clybourn avenue; cut about head; internal injuries.
Young, Mrs. S., 357 Sedgwick street; shoulder and back bruised.

Nearly All the Passengers Hurt.

The car was traveling rapidly and left the rails in turning a slight curve near the Evanston police station. It ran 100 feet on the pavement and was stopped by striking a pole supporting the trolley wires. The front part of the car was wrecked and the passengers were thrown in confusion among the débris of the loosened seats and broken windows.

Nearly every person in the car was injured. Mrs. Paul Stanischa, 218 Clybourn avenue, and her year old child, Gretchen Stanischa, were severely cut about the head and face and injured internally. Mrs. A. Lindgren, 1477 Roscoe street, received injuries of the spine which may prove fatal.

Wild Rush to the Doors.

Conductor John Stack shouted to the passengers to save themselves when he felt the trucks leaving the rails. Nearly every passenger attempted to reach the doors and windows, which were quickly jammed, making escape impossible. Motorman Collins saved himself by leaping from the platform just as the crash came.

Evanston policemen were quickly on hand, helping to extricate the frightened passengers from the wreckage, and Drs. Parkes and Hemenway were called. The injured were taken to nearby drug stores and to the headquarters of the Volunteers of America, 616 Davis street, where the volunteers aided in caring for them. All were later taken to their homes.

Girl Has Narrow Escape.

Miss Delia Betskie, 22 years old, 4643 Honore street, narrowly escaped what seemed certain death last evening when she was struck on the head by a trolley pole, which fell from a Van Buren street electric car at Halsted street. She was knocked down by the pole, but suffered injuries no more serious than slight bruises on the head. Miss Betskie was walking in the street at the rear of the electric car when the trolley pole became tangled in the wires and fell.

While waiting for an electric car at Washington and Clark streets John Casey, 221 Cleveland avenue, was struck and slightly injured by a bus belonging to the Washington livery, 120 Twenty-fifth street.

Three Hurt on Trolley Car.

In a street car accident at Evanston and Hollywood avenues at 11 p. m. three persons were injured slightly. They were George E. Jackson, 615 Burling street, John McHugh, 219 Aberdeen street, and George M. Weber, 1837 Wellington street.

An Evanston avenue car and trailer were running south. The coupling broke, and the motorman stopped the forward car after it had proceeded a short distance ahead of the trailer. The latter then crashed into the motor car.

TWENTY-ONE TRAINS A DAY BETWEEN CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE

Via the Chicago and Northwestern Railway.

A train almost every hour over the beautiful North Shore Route through an almost continuous chain of suburban towns and outlying cities. Send 2 cent stamp for booklet describing the new and luxuriously fitted North Shore Special, leaving Chicago 6:00 p. m. daily except Sunday. Ticket offices, 212 Clark street and Wells Street Station. (Tel. Cent. 721.)

RUINED BY RACES AND WOMAN, MAN CONFESSES AND FLEES.

Los Angeles Agent Writes to Wife He Has Stolen $5,000—Had Promised to Wed Chicago Girl.

Los Angeles, Cal., June 25.—[Special.]—Having backed the stock markets, played the races, squandered his company's money and then lost his nerve, Lewis C. Sheets, for seven years the assistant cashier of the local freight offices of the Santa Fé, wrote a confession to his wife and then fled, a defaulter to the amount of $5,000. He was seen last Monday but not since.

Sheets confessed to his wife that he had promised to marry Miss Emma Nelson of Chicago last November, hoping to secure money from her with which to reimburse the company and cover his defalcations, and Miss Nelson believed him single and came to Los Angeles to marry him. He achieved unenviable notoriety through the exposure of his relations with Miss Nelson, with whom he entered into correspondence through a matrimonial agency.

Sheets fled because he believed that his peculations had been discovered. He went downtown, and from there sent a letter to his wife by a messenger boy in which he confessed that he was a ruined man, caught after three years of successful twisting and falsifying his accounts. He told her that he had lost heavily in stocks and had played the races. He admitted that associates in the office had followed the same dangerous trail.

Sheets had charge of the freight collections and received the money paid into the office. He closed and balanced his accounts every night. Every month he was checked up by skilled accountants, and his accounts always checked to a cent. So successful were his defalcations that it is admitted in the office today that no suspicion would have rested upon him had he not lost his nerve.

The auditing department already has found a shortage of $5,000 and is unprepared to say that this is all. Sheets carried the "freight unpaid" book, which often has a heavy balance of unpaid accounts. Collecting these amounts himself and carrying them as still unpaid was Sheets' scheme, and he paid the accounts of the preceding month with money collected in the current month.

Sheets took no vacation and did not leave the books to another's care for a single hour.

The accountants of the auditing department of the road have been on the books since Monday, and the detectives of the National Surety company, which backed his integrity to the amount of $20,000, are seeking him.

ROCKEFELLER'S FATHER ALIVE: "SOMEWHERE IN DAKOTA."

Father of the Standard Oil King Admitted to Be Living, but Grandson Is Not Certain Just Where.

New York, June 25.—[Special.]—William G. Rockefeller, son of William Rockefeller, and nephew of John D. Rockefeller, admitted over the telephone tonight from Greenwich, Conn., that his grandfather, William A. Rockefeller, was still in the flesh and "out somewhere in Dakota."

William A. Rockefeller is virtually accused by Ida Tarbell, in a magazine article, of being a horse thief, and also of having been indicted for a worse crime up New York state.

When asked how about it, William of the third generation replied:

"Why don't you see Mr. Rockefeller?"

"Do you mean Mr. John D. Rockefeller?"

"No, the old gentleman," replied Mr. Rockefeller.

"Why, is Mr. William A. Rockefeller, John D. Rockefeller's father, living?"

"He certainly is," was the reply.

"In New York?"

"No, somewhere in South Dakota, I think. But I am not certain. I do not feel I should speak either for him or my uncle, since they are alive to speak for themselves."

FIRE AROUSES HOTEL GUESTS.

Slight Alarm Caused by Blaze in Drug Store in Clark Street Near Sherman House.

Fire started in the store of John Krone, 73 Clark street, early this morning, and threatened for a time to spread to other portions of the building. The flames were extinguished after they had done $500 damage. Guests in the Sherman house were awakened by the sound of the fire apparatus in the street, but they were assured that there was no danger.

CANE EXPLODES; FIVE INJURED.

Small Boy's Dynamite Toy Goes Off, Seriously Wounding Him and Companions.

Detroit, Mich., June 25.—Five persons were injured today by the explosion of an overloaded dynamite cane in the hands of 10 year old Andrew Paluszynski. The Paluszynski boy's left leg was badly mangled, and Walter Jocisowski, aged 10, may lose an eye. Three others were slightly injured.

HURLED FROM SWIFT CAR.

PLEASURE SEEKER FALLS FROM SCENIC RAILWAY AT WHITE CITY

Charles Worthmiller Stands in Carriage While Traveling Seventy-five Miles an Hour, Loses His Balance, and Plunges Fifty Feet to Ground, Striking on His Head—Dies Without Recovering Consciousness Despite Medical Aid.

In view of several hundred pleasure seekers, Charles Worthmiller, a switchman, who lived at 5006 Princeton avenue, was thrown from a rapidly moving car on the scenic railway at White City last night, falling to the ground, fifty feet below. He died soon after at the resort's emergency hospital.

When the scenic train departed down the incline, high in the air, Worthmiller and C. G. Helman, a companion, were seated in the front of the car. As the car was being elevated to the depot Worthmiller stood up. He was warned of the danger, but paid no heed to the caution.

Car Dashes Down Incline.

When the car started on its trip down the steep incline, running at a rate of seventy-five miles an hour, the man waved his arms and shouted. The next instant the car bounded up a curve. The jolt caused Worthmiller to lose his balance. He threw his arms out to catch himself, and as he did so struck one of the posts. He was thrown from the car head foremost.

When he was picked up Worthmiller was unconscious. He had landed on his head, fracturing his skull. The ambulance corps hurried him to White City's emergency hospital, where he was attended by several physicians. Before his wounds were dressed he died without recovering consciousness.

Several versions of the accident were told by those in the car and the witnesses upon the ground. One was that Worthmiller jumped from the car, but this was denied by Helman, who said that the man was tossed out of the car by losing his balance while standing up. He was sure that Worthmiller's arm struck one of the posts.

Insists on Standing Up.

Helman told the officials at White City that he and Worthmiller had spent the afternoon playing baseball for a keg of beer. In the evening they went to White City, taking several miles on the scenic railroad. Each time Worthmiller insisted upon being allowed to stand up as the train was making its lightning flight down the incline. He was warned of the danger by Helman and other passengers.

Worthmiller was employed by the Pennsylvania road. He was 22 years of age and unmarried.

SHOOTS AT TARGET, HITS BABY.

Boy Fires Rifle at Box and Probably Fatally Injures Two Year Old Child.

Lester Wessing, 2 years old, was shot and probably fatally injured yesterday afternoon while playing in the rear of his home, 7258 Lowe avenue, by William Weaver, 17 years old, who, with William Beck, was shooting at targets in an alley back of Beck's home at 7253 Union avenue. Beck and Weaver were shooting at a strawberry box, which they had nailed to a fence. Unaware of the presence of Wessing, who was playing behind the fence, Weaver shot at the box and missed it, the bullet crashing through the thin board and burying itself in Wessing's side.

MONKEYS EAT UP PARROTS.

Have a Lively Afternoon in a Bird Store in State Street.

An insurrection was led yesterday in E. C. Vahle & Bros.' animal store, 45 State street, by Big Mike, a baboon. Two monkeys followed in the revolt.

Before Big Mike was captured the animal had eaten $60 worth of parrots and other birds.

The baboon was on exhibition in a show window when it escaped.

GRAEME STEWART NO WORSE.

Merchant Remains Low, However, and Physicians Give No Hope for His Recovery.

No marked change in the condition of Graeme Stewart was to be noted at an early hour this morning. He still was low, and the attending physicians said there was nothing to cause them to hope he would survive much longer. He held his own through the day better than was expected.

DEATHS.

[For other death notices see page 11.]

DOW—Mrs. Samuel K. Dow, Sunday, June 25, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. F. E. Johnson, 4640 Drexel-blvd., aged 71 years 11 months and 11 days. Funeral Tuesday, June 27, at 1 p. m., from 39 Groveland park. Interment at Rosehill, private.

JUDSON TO FOLK: CALL OUT TROOPS.

Late Counsel for Government Tells Governor He Has Right to Use Militia.

SHERIFF STILL DEFIANT.

Soldiers, It Is Almost Certain, Will Be Sent to Delmar Track Within the Week.

St. Louis, Mo., June 25.—[Special.]—Gov. Folk has been advised by Attorney Frederick N. Judson, late special counsel for the government in the Santa Fé hearing, that he is within his rights in sending troops into St. Louis county to suppress gambling. Over the long distance telephone from Jefferson City tonight the governor said he is not yet in a position to make public his plans for stopping gambling at Delmar racetrack or for removing the insurrectionary sheriff and county prosecuting attorney from office.

"All I care to state," said he, "is that I am assured by good legal authorities that I have a right to send the militia into St. Louis county to enforce the laws there whenever I see fit, and that I do not have to wait until the sheriff shall call on me for aid.

Sure He'll Call Out Troops.

"That I am determined that the laws shall be enforced in St. Louis as elsewhere in the state, and that I will use all the power and authority vested in me by the state to accomplish this, I have reiterated time and again. I want to be assured first that the sheriff and other officials of St. Louis county have had every opportunity to do their duty. Then, if they fail from unwillingness or inability, it will be my time to act. That is all I can say at present."

Owing to the consultation with the leading lawyers of the state concerning his constitutional prerogatives, it is believed that the governor fully has made up his mind to call out the troops, and that he will do so soon in the manner that he has indicated. That he will do so if nothing is to be expected of the St. Louis county authorities is assured. Sheriff Herpel is still defiant, and has reiterated his statements that the governor cannot force him to close up the racetrack, and that the militia, if sent into the county, may be fired upon by citizens.

Easily Within His Rights.

Mr. Judson in his opinion, to which the judge referred significantly tonight, states that the state constitution gives the chief executive power to send the militia into any county in the state at any time to enforce the laws, to put down insurrection, or repel invasion. This, Mr. Judson opines, covers the present case, as the constitution says nothing about the necessity for formal request for such action from the peace officers of the county.

Out in the county today, the lid being on again, everything was peaceful and serene. The sheriff held a conference with his attorney and with Prosecuting Attorney Johnston, after which it was announced that any developments in the war on Delmar bookies must come from Jefferson City.

It is expected that there will be nothing done tomorrow unless the sheriff may decide to arrest another bookmaker or two and release them on bond pending decisions in the test cases now on the county dockets.

Just why the sheriff should have enforced the law today when he refused to do so last Sunday is a puzzling question. It is believed that he is determined to force the governor to call out the militia. He evidently figures that he already has accomplished his purpose and can enforce the Sunday closing law at his pleasure.

ATTEMPTS SUICIDE WHEN HUSBAND KILLS HIMSELF.

Woman Swallows Carbolic Acid at Home of Acquaintances—Man Took Own Life After Quarrel with Wife.

Mabel McCamyon, wife of Frank R. McCamyon, 1172 West Harrison street, who committed suicide Saturday, attempted to take her own life yesterday by swallowing carbolic acid. She was taken to the Mercy hospital, where it is believed she will recover. She attempted to end her life at the home of James R. Marshall, 2077 South Park avenue.

A short note, which is as follows, was left by Mrs. McCamyon:

Please let me go with my loving husband to Canada, his loving wife. Good-by to all. Pray for us.

On the same piece of paper was the note:

Pauline Dear: Go to 3411 Cottage Grove avenue. Beg them to take me with my dear husband Frank.

Both notes were unsigned.

Albert Vilter, 915 Fletcher street, committed suicide yesterday afternoon at his home by swallowing a quantity of carbolic acid. It is believed he was despondent because his wife was an invalid.

A man, whose name is not known, attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat with a razor at the Olsen hotel, Grant works, yesterday. The police hurried him off to the county hospital. His recovery is doubtful.

BOAT OVERTURNS, BOY DROWNS.

Chicago Youth and Two Companions Are Thrown in Lake Villa When Craft Capsizes.

David Molyneaux, 17 years old, Forty-third and Wilcox avenues, a clerk employed in the board of trade, was drowned yesterday in Lake Villa, while endeavoring to recover an oar of his boat which had drifted away.

Two companions, who were in the boat with Molyneaux when it was overturned, were rescued by several persons who were rowing in another boat when the accident occurred. Molyneaux had gone about 300 feet from the shore when one of the oars of the boat drifted away.

He leaned over one side of the boat, and in doing so lost his balance. The small boat was overturned. Before the rescuing party reached them Molyneaux was drowned. His companions were exhausted when taken to the shore.

INSANE MOTHER KILLS FOUR CHILDREN, THEN SHOOTS SELF

Colorado Woman Wipes Out Family While Husband Is Visiting Neighbors—Her Wound Is Fatal.

Grand Lake, Colo., June 24.—[Special.]—While in a murderous frenzy this morning Mrs. Watt C. Gregg shot and killed her four children and then attempted to take her own life. The woman had at times shown traces of insanity, but has never been considered dangerous and was never examined for commitment to an asylum. The dead are: Josie Gregg, aged 8, shot twice in breast; Ralph Gregg, aged 5; Harold Gregg, aged 3; and a 6 months old baby.

Mr. Gregg left the house shortly before the woman became violent, to make a Sunday morning call on a neighbor. As he left he kissed his wife and she returned the salute with fervor. There was at that time no trace of any insanity about the woman, according to a statement made by Gregg this afternoon.

The man was absent from the house but a short time, but on his return found his wife lying across the doorstep, fatally wounded, clutching a revolver in her hand.

A hasty search of the house disclosed the fact that all four of the children were dead. The father summoned a physician, who made an examination of the woman and gave as his opinion that she could not live. He also said that the wounds on the children were of such a character that they must all have died almost instantly.

Coroner Dutton was called and will hold an inquest.

Gregg is prostrated as a result of the tragedy, and blames himself for leaving the house, although his own statements, which are borne out by the neighbors, were that Mrs. Gregg appeared perfectly rational earlier in the day.

RACE RIOT IN ILLINOIS TOWN; FOUR MAY DIE OF WOUNDS.

Lawrenceville, Ill., Carnival Scene of Pistol Fight Between Whites and Blacks and Lynching Is Stopped.

Vincennes, Ind., June 25.—[Special.]—Four men were dangerously wounded and several others seriously injured in a collision between whites and negroes at Lawrenceville, Ill., five miles west of this city, last night.

A carnival was in progress, when an altercation arose between George Goins, a negro, and a white man. Goins knocked the white man down. When the latter arose he struck Goins, and other white men came to his assistance, while several negroes rallied around Goins, and shooting began.

When the rioting ceased through the scattering of the negroes George Bell of Neals was found to be desperately wounded and A. S. Combs of this city was lying near him with his arm broken by a gunshot and two other wounds. Both, it is feared, may die. An unknown negro was shot five times and is fatally wounded.

LAWSON STAKES HIS LIFE.

Boston Financier Declares He Is Willing to Hang If Standard Oil Can Disprove His Statements.

Des Moines, Ia., June 25.—[Special.]—Thomas W. Lawson, the Boston financier, wired a friend in this city today that he was willing to be hanged if the Standard Oil, which he has been attacking, can prove any of his assertions to be incorrect.

An Equitable Price

The Stein-Bloch Co. Wholesale Tailors

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BIRKENHEAD SITE OF BIG ABATTOIRS.

Slaughtering Under Conditions Vastly Different from Those in Chicago.

PUBLIC BOARD CONTROLS.

Meat Is Well Handled, but There Is Loss of By-Products; Methods Simple.

BY RAYMOND.

BIRKENHEAD, June 11.—It makes one feel much at home, on entering the great public abattoirs here on the Mersey, to see the signs over various importers' offices bearing the names of Swift, Morris, Hathaway, and other firms well known as great American packers.

Most of these firms do their own slaughtering here, but, of course, under conditions which are vastly different from those prevailing in Chicago, Kansas City, or Omaha. These great public slaughter houses are not in any sense controlled by a municipality, but are under the supervision of a distinct public board, which in many of its enterprises is analogous to the Chicago drainage board because it combines a representation from different municipalities and conducts its business practically independent of all city government.

Not Real Municipal Enterprise.

Many people, I find, have the idea that the abattoirs at Birkenhead, as well as at Paris and various other places on the continent, are real municipal enterprises, whereas quite the contrary is true. The slaughtering of cattle on the Mersey is of vast importance to American interests because it concerns solely the killing of imported cattle and sheep, and is, therefore, in no sense local to the surrounding country.

Furthermore, here as in Paris and in Budapest, the actual killing is done by private butchers quite as much as in America. The public ownership is only involved so far as concerns the actual providing of a place for slaughtering. The abattoirs are open to any one, and the necessary but somewhat crude machinery is provided at a certain fixed price per head, the object being sanitary rather than industrial, although there is a decided profit in the operation.

American packers, of course, are fully aware of the fact that it is impossible, under British law, to import live cattle from America or anywhere else and keep them any length of time on British soil.

Law's Provisions Explicit.

On the contrary, the law requires that all cattle and sheep, even if in prime condition, must be killed within ten days after arrival. If the importer does not do it they are killed by the public authorities without the slightest hesitation. They are greatly afraid, over here, of the importation of any diseased cattle, and by requiring that all shall be killed within ten days they have managed to keep the British herds and flocks practically uncontaminated by contagious diseases.

This town of Birkenhead is an offshoot of Liverpool, as a matter of course. It lies directly across the river Mersey and is connected with the parent town by numerous ferries, which, by the way, are owned and operated by the municipality. The time was, and it was not so long ago, when the corporation of the city of Liverpool, under certain antique grants of power, had absolute control of all dockage on both sides of the river. As a matter of course, they developed their own water front and left the margin on the other side devoid of improvement.

The docks of Liverpool grew to be one of the wonders of the world. Then the rival city of Birkenhead, across the river, allowed its back to get up to a point where a determined campaign was made in parliament, as a result of which Liverpool was finally and completely deprived of all control of the dockage on the Mersey, not only on the Birkenhead side but on its own bank of the river. What is known as the Estate of the Mersey Docks and Harbor Board was created, which has practically unlimited authority over all public docks on both sides of the river, and the estate has grown into a great joint public corporation, which in some ways is one of the most important in Great Britain.

Birkenhead's Rapid Strides.

In the early days Birkenhead was little more than a slaughtering place for imported animals, but of late years it has progressed with giant strides, and its dock facilities have begun to rival those of Liverpool, with which it is joined by the celebrated electric railway running through a splendid tunnel under the Mersey river, so that one at any time of the day can ride in peace and comfort beneath the keels of the greatest ships that float.

It naturally followed, in taking over the water front generally, that the Mersey docks and harbor board took charge of the slaughter houses, and this trust now conducts them as a public enterprise which makes money every year, although it is not conducted primarily for profit.

Taking the name from the home of wild animals, the whole establishment of the abattoir is called a "lairage" and individual sections are known as lairs. These slaughtering places are extremely crude in comparison with the great establishments of similar character in America. They are, however, well adapted to the purposes for which they are intended. As all cattle must be killed almost immediately upon arrival and the meat shipped out at once, there is nothing of the packing house about the establishment. It is merely an extension of the old system when each butcher killed his meat on his own premises and disposed of it while it was still fresh.

Prejudice Against Keeping Meat.

They have a curious prejudice here in Great Britain against keeping meat any length of time. They believe in slaughtering one day, shipping the carcass away the next day, and exposing it for sale on the butcher's block not much later than the third day. The reverse is true, of course, in America, where our great packers have taught us to eat meat which has been in the chillroom for days or weeks.

Few American people would be willing to touch meat as it is put on the British market. On the contrary, a large section of the British public absolutely refuses to have anything to do with American dressed meat—not from any insular prejudice, but because they believe that meat should never be preserved any length of time after death, but should be eaten before there is the slightest chance of decay, regardless of any freezing process or of the use of any preservatives.

To meet this demand for freshly killed meat the American packers themselves send over live cattle and sheep, which are slaughtered at Birkenhead, Deptford (one of the London boroughs), Glasgow, Manchester, and a few other minor ports. No live hogs are admitted into Great Britain under any circumstances. This trade in live animals intended for immediate slaughter in Great Britain has reached enormous proportions, so that last year the British people imported 549,532 cattle and 382,240 sheep. Of these the United States supplied 401,249 live cattle and 294,804 sheep.

Practically all the importations come from Canada. Of this enormous business Birkenhead does the slaughtering for about half of the cattle and nearly three-quarters of the sheep, so it will be seen how closely this private industry under public supervision touches the pockets not only of the American packer but of the cattle breeder as well.

The lairage at the Birkenhead foreign animals wharf, as I learned after a long and most instructive talk with Mr. S. W. Shakspear, the traffic manager of the dock and harbor board, has standing room for 6,536 head of cattle and 16,000 head of sheep.

These numbers may seem unimportant to the American packers who are accustomed to supply the world with meat, but they mean more when it is considered that the source of supply is exclusively from importations and that the American farmer and ranch owner gets his share of the value of every pound of meat slaughtered in the English and Scotch abattoirs. These lairs are made up of twenty-eight slaughter houses for cattle, with a capacity of 3,400 per day, and three for sheep, with a capacity of 3,800 a day. In the chillroom there are thirty chambers with a capacity of 2,800 carcasses, or 5,600 sides. Beef is rarely allowed to remain in the refrigerators more than from twelve to eighteen hours, and as the carcasses are bought and shipped just as they have been dressed by the butchers, there are no extensive warehouses or packing rooms and no intricate machinery for the disposition of the by-products.

American Work in Evidence.

I have often been greatly impressed by the far reaching influence and the practical character of the work of the agricultural department of the United States. I was not entirely prepared, however, in spite of my previous knowledge, to find this ubiquitous department of the United States government enforcing a daily inspection of its own of the American cattle arriving at Birkenhead. So it was, however, and it was Dr. Johnson, the veterinary expert, representing the bureau of animal industry of Washington, who showed me around the lairage at Birkenhead and explained the system by means of which American cattlemen and packers with the wise cooperation of our officials have at last overcome the suspicions of the British government in regard to American animals.

Every time a cattle ship lands at the dock the animals are officially inspected by the British officers and by Dr. Johnson as well. There is a twofold object in this. In the first place the agricultural department is enabled to prevent any official record of fictitious defects in American cattle. If there is a suspicious case our own representative is present at the post-mortem, and he works in entire harmony with the British officers.

Plan to Avoid Contamination.

When an animal is found which is in any way tainted it is slaughtered immediately, under the supervision of the officers of the lairage, and this work is done on the dock itself, so that there is no possibility of contamination. Every animal which lands here is tagged, before leaving America, in such a way as to show exactly the herd and the section of country he comes from. Each carcass which fails to pass muster is at once reported by Dr. Johnson to the agricultural department in Washington, and in this way Secretary Wilson's myrmidons are enabled to notify not only the shipper but the grower of the cattle, so that it is becoming possible to stamp out contagious diseases in their incipient stages.

In this way, by means of this splendid cooperation between the American and the British governments, an extraordinary trade in live cattle has been built up. The sheep from the United States killed at the two lairages connected with the wharves at Wallasey and Woodside, on this side of the river, numbered last year nearly twice as many as in 1900. The trade in cattle has grown to a less degree, but the importation in Canadian beef animals is assuming proportions which should be something in the nature of a warning to cattle growers on our side of the line.

Operation Is Simple.

So far as regards the mere operation of these public abattoirs in Birkenhead, it is simple. The cattle and sheep are driven from the ships across the docks to the pens and are kept, of course, a remarkably short time before the killing takes place. They use a poleax for the cattle and the usual long knife for the sheep, and the process of killing is almost startling in its primitive simplicity. There is a great loss of by-products, but the meat itself is well handled, as the English butchers are experts in their line of trade. They work slowly and surely and with great cleanliness.

Kosher cattle for the Jews are killed and marked here as elsewhere, but I believe it to be true that these Jews' sanitary experts with their traditions of wholesomeness derived from the Mosaic dispensation seldom or never find themselves at odds with the official inspectors.

Simple Scale of Charges.

They have a simple scale of charges which reimburses the dock and harbor board for all the expenditure necessary to maintain the lairages in good condition. Each importer or butcher, and in most cases they are one and the same person, pays for the use of the wharf and slaughter houses for a period not exceeding ten days, within which imported animals may be kept, 90 cents a head for cattle, 60 cents for calves, 48 cents for pigs, only they don't allow any pigs to land, and 16 cents for sheep. For the single day in which the meat is kept in the chillroom there is a fee of 36 cents for cattle, 18 cents for calves, and 8 cents for sheep.

As a matter of course, there is absolutely nothing in the public abattoirs of Birkenhead any more than in those of Paris which would be in any sense applicable to commercial and industrial conditions in America. They are well suited for the disposition of imported animals, are clean, wholesome, and sanitary. They are primitive in construction, and are not likely to be imitated by even the most advanced exponent of the idea of public ownership. The dock and harbor board runs these abattoirs merely as a part of the docks, and the officials do not consider this a distinct public enterprise, but as an incident to the necessary control of the river front.

Granville Chapel Is Dedicated.

The dedicatory sermon of the Granville chapel at Edgewater, Perry street and Granville avenue, was preached yesterday by the Rev. L. H. Boyd, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Evanston. The Granville chapel is a branch of the Edgewater Presbyterian church. The chapel was formerly on Bryn Mawr avenue and was moved to its present location. James S. Colt is its pastor.

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LINGERIE IS HIS NEMESIS.

FOUND IN BACHELOR QUARTERS—WIFE SEEKS DIVORCE.

Charles A. Wilson and Daniel Haddock Carstairs of New York and Philadelphia Social Elite, Scions of Famous Quaker City Family, Are Principals in Scandals Which Disrupt Their Domestic Relations—Both Seek to Wed Other Women.

Philadelphia, Pa., June 25.—[Special.]—Twice during the present season has divorce scandal struck the famous Carstairs family. Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Wilson first furnished gossip for local society, and now Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Haddock Carstairs are to go into court.

The disappearance of the wife's fortune in lavish entertaining and the presence of lingerie and other things in Mr. Wilson's "bachelor apartments" are at the bottom of the Wilson case. Sanitariums conceal the facts in the Carstairs episode.

Charles A. Wilson is one of the foremost figures in the club and social life of Philadelphia and New York. He married Miss Sarah Louderbach of New York. He is a brother of Mrs. J. Haseltine Carstairs of Philadelphia, one of the most beautiful women in America.

Millionaire "Dan" Carstairs is even more prominently in the fore of clubdom and society. J. Haseltine Carstairs of Philadelphia is his brother.

After Seven Years, Rift in Lute.

Mrs. Wilson has been living for months at the Louderbach mansion, New York. Mr. Wilson has brought a technical charge of desertion against her, and the proceedings have been carried on with the utmost secrecy.

After seven years of devotion a rift developed in the Wilson lute. Intimate friends of Mrs. Wilson whispered that Mr. Wilson had squandered all the money that as one of the Louderbachs she had brought with her.

The discord grew, and soon Mr. Wilson took bachelor apartments. He frequently was seen driving or lunching with a certain auburn haired stenographer of statuesque form. Mrs. Wilson remained in the Spruce street house.

One day her daughter, now a bud, took it into her head to visit her father in his bachelor quarters. Mr. Wilson was not in, but the untactful janitor told Miss Wilson to enter and wait. When she opened the door of the bedchamber she saw some articles of dress that she thought could not belong to her father. There was lacy lingerie. On the bureau were toilet articles, most unusual for men. Besides, there was a pretty blue kimono that he certainly could not wear.

Discovered Lingerie Fatal.

Miss Wilson did not wait for her father to return. She went straight home to her mother, and that night Mrs. Wilson sent for Charles A. There was a strenuous scene, and soon after Mrs. Wilson went back to her people in New York. When the decree is granted the auburn tressed one will take the name of Wilson, and the incident will be closed.

As for "Dan" Carstairs, his matrimonial difficulties have been an open secret in society for years. Mrs. Carstairs' freaks have been hard to keep from publicity.

She has been frequently an inmate of sanitariums, but for the sake of the daughter Carstairs always has shielded the mother. Now a charming Philadelphia girl has healed the scars on his heart, and he wants to make her full mistress of it as soon as possible.

THE MANHATTAN LIMITED.

Pennsylvania New York Short Line.

Leaves Chicago daily at 11:00 a. m., arriving New York 12:00 o'clock noon next day. Through sleepers to Washington, and compartment observation car Chicago to New York. City ticket office, 248 South Clark street.

EQUITABLE WILL BE MUTUALIZED.

Announcement of Manner of Elections Is Given to Public.

POLICYHOLDERS MAY VOTE

Printed Slips, Signed by Trustees, to Be Mailed—Select Twenty-eight Directors.

New York, June 25.—[Special.]—It was authoritatively announced today that according to the terms of the deed of trust documents are already being printed which are to make the Equitable Life Assurance society a mutual life company in the fullest sense of the word.

According to the deed of trust, policy holders within the next four years are to elect twenty-eight directors, seven each year. For the purpose of carrying out the deed of trust, slips are now being printed, which are to be used to elect the first seven directors. These slips do not contain the name of any man save those of the three trustees, Messrs. Cleveland, O'Brien, and Westinghouse. They are to be issued to policy holders and the policy holders themselves are to write in the name or names of those they desire to vote for as directors.

Trustees Are Tally Clerks.

The three trustees, under the deed of trust, have no course left to them save to record the votes for the director or directors whose names are written on the slips by the policy holders. There are 100,000 policy holders of the Equitable, and the three trustees are, in other words, to act only as tally clerks in recording the votes.

Attorney General Mayer spent Sunday at his home in the city. He is to go to Albany tomorrow and will return later in the week, when it is expected that he will be ready to make a definite announcement in regard to the suits against the Equitable officers and directors.

An advertisement announced today that Edward M. Peck of 220 Broadway had for sale shares of Equitable Life Assurance society stock. Mr. Peck said he is prepared to sell fifty shares belonging to two persons and that he had received an offer of $4,700 a share, but was holding for a higher price.

Insurance Commissioner Sees Morton.

Washington, D. C., June 25.—[Special.]—Insurance Commissioner Polk of Tennessee, who stopped in Washington on his way home from New York, had something to say today concerning the affairs of the Equitable Life Assurance society. He went to New York to ascertain the exact condition of affairs and had several conferences with Paul Morton and other officers of the Equitable. He also had a talk with Grover Cleveland, going to Princeton for that purpose. Commissioner Polk said that he was assured by Mr. Cleveland that the Equitable situation would be cleared up and the evils complained of eradicated.

Solicitors Deserting Equitable.

Hartford, Conn., June 25.—[Special.]—One faithful woman solicitor remains in the local office of the Equitable Life Assurance society and seven agents of the society here have deserted it. District Manager John F. Johnson said today that both the woman and himself will leave Friday and become connected with another company. There are Equitable policies here as high as $75,000.

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1540 Million Bottles

Budweiser sold since 1875. This exceeds the output of all other bottled beers. There must be some reason for this popularity, and if you will taste a bottle of Budweiser you'll know for yourself.

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"King of Bottled Beers"

Budweiser is brewed and bottled only at the home plant of the

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Orders Promptly Filled by,

F. Sontag, Mgr. Anheuser-Busch Branch, Chicago, Ill.

No other vacation place has attractions equal to those of Colorado.

Added to the grandest scenery in the world is the finest summer climate known.

President Roosevelt says: "I realize Colorado is going to be more and more the playground of the entire republic."

You owe it to yourself to learn more about Colorado. I can tell you a great deal you would like to know.

Burlington Route

Tickets, 211 Clark Street, Chicago. Phone, Central 3117. P. B. BELL, City Passenger Agent.

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This Advertisement

may attract the eye of some one contemplating the purchase of

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To the consideration of such an one we recommend the

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It has a proud record and has many original features to commend it to careful buyers.

It is not lacking in any of the essentials that belong to a first class high grade piano.

Prices and terms reasonable.

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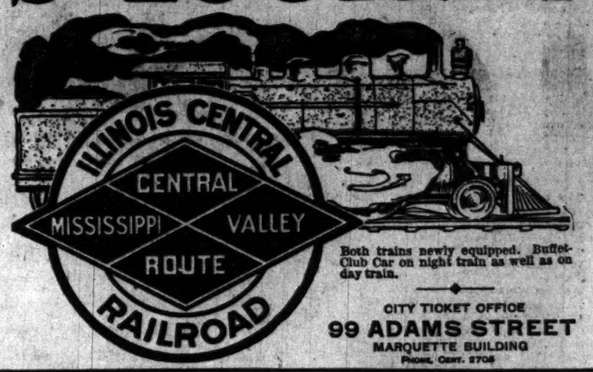

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M. HURET MEETS A CHICAGO "BOSS."

Frenchman Writes of "M. MacKenna," Who Tells Him "Politics Is Business."

TRIES HIS HAND AT GOLF.

Is Shocked by Seeing Rosy Cheeked Young Women Sipping Cocktails.

BY JULES HURET.
Sixth Article.

I had often heard of the political "boss," the electoral agent who controls the vote of American cities, and who is in reality the sole master of municipal politics. All the municipal offices are at the disposal of the "bosses." The candidates must pay well if they wish to obtain the coveted places. These political deals are made openly. The "boss" has become an institution in that country. Believe me, this is no exaggeration.

One whom I met is called M. MacKenna (M. Huret refers to Ald. Michael Kenna, whose friends affectionately call him "Hinky Dink"), an alderman of the First ward of Chicago, a little man, slender and blond, wearing doubtful linen, having a drooping mustache, and perhaps 40 years old. For many years he has owned a saloon. His business has prospered and he is said to be rich.

I tried in vain to talk politics with him and to learn his theories of government. Chewing and spitting, he replied:

"Politics is business. This is where we make voters. They drink 4,000 litres (12,000 glasses) of beer a day in my place," and his arms described a circle.

As I saw water running in a little stream in a groove along the edge of the counter in front of which, for its entire length, were men leaning on their elbows before great glasses of beer, I inquired what was the use of it. M. MacKenna smiled with a satisfied air and said:

"The running water makes them thirsty; that makes business better."

I was informed that some of the German professors who teach French in the American universities tell their pupils French literature ceased to exist at the end of the eighteenth century.

There are about 1,500 persons engaged in teaching French in American institutions, of whom less than 10 per cent are of French birth. In the higher institutions the average salary is $670 a year, although some of the teachers get as much as $2,500. In the universities and colleges the average is about $1,500 for a school year of nine months. Positions paying $5,000 a year are rare. In addition to the teachers of languages about 15 to 20 per cent of the professors in the different institutions are German.

I visited the board of trade of Chicago—that is, to say, the bourse du commerce. It is there that the colossal grain business of the west is transacted. You have only to imagine the bourse de Paris with its cries and tumult increased tenfold. That which distinguishes the Chicago institution from ours is its organization. Around the pit and the various samples of cereals are a hundred or more telegraphers, who click away desperately for hours without stopping a single second. Each of these telegraph keys is connected with a wire leading directly to the great cities of America.

The women drink cocktails. In seeing these pretty, rosy cheeked, modest girls, with charming grace, sipping Martini cocktails, I thought of the young French girls and their mothers whom I know, and how shocked they would be if any one should propose to them these customs of the palm gardens and music halls.

"The New Yorkers put on a great many airs," said a Chicago man to me. "However, Delmonico, the restaurateur, taught all the New York millionaires how to live and eat; taught them table manners and the usages of good society of Europe. So they have no reason to be proud or to ridicule the simple manners of the westerners. The old English and French families of New England, of Virginia, and of Louisiana are not so vain as these parvenu Yankees of yesterday."

Aside from that of Boston, which contains the famous frescoes of Puvis de Chavannes, I have never seen a more sumptuous public library than the one in Chicago. In fact, one is shocked at the lavishness of luxury which is spread out in this intellectual asylum. One understands in Boston the frescoes of Puvis de Chavannes, although most of them are placed in an unsuitable light on the walls of the grand staircase; one can view with pleasure, in that antechamber, the beautiful statues and the calm bas-reliefs, but these marble walls, covered with dazzling ornamentation of green incrusted with gold and framed in borders of nacre! The mosaics of the lobby and parquets all are of incontestable richness, but out of place. One would expect rather to find in these decorations fishes, baths, and swimming pools.

The library, however, contains 300,000 volumes. The building has eight elevators and a special room for the blind, who have at their disposition a large collection of books printed in raised letters to be read with the fingers.

Saturday afternoons, as soon as they have finished their luncheons at their clubs, the rich Chicagoans, as do the rich men of all the large cities, take trains for their country homes in the suburbs. Carriages await them at the little stations. They take the reins themselves, for all of them are fond of driving. They take their valets with them, the rest of the personnel having gone out on a morning train to prepare the villas for their reception. Those who do not own villas accept the hospitality of friends, go to the country clubhouses, or engage rooms which are always reserved in suburban residences for city visitors.

The ruling passion of Chicagoans when in the country is for golf clubs. There are thirty-five golf clubs in the vicinity of Chicago. Within the last nine years nearly $20,000,000 has been expended in America for the installation of golf clubs.

At Weston [Wheaton] I was the guest of that exquisitely accomplished gentleman of whom I have already spoken, M. James Deering. There I made my acquaintance with the game of golf, and even won the first round, thanks, I am sure, to the courteous complaisance of my host and his friends.

The Sunday that I passed there remains one of the most charming memories of my long journey. We arose at 9 o'clock for breakfast, and, the brain still a little confused from the effects of the whiskies of the night before, we read the newspapers, good and bad, which had just arrived. Then, at 10 o'clock in that warm day in May we went out to the rolling prairie, which has an area of eighty-one hectares, and is nearly six kilometers long.

The great prairie, green and glistening, studded with flowers under the bright sun and blue sky, spreads out in front of the clubhouse. Each one of us is accompanied by a boy who carries a bag containing golf sticks. We play in couples; the man with sleeves uprolled, the woman in a short skirt. I noticed that all of the women who play golf are pretty. Soon the players are chasing across the prairie after the little white gutta percha spheres. They go two by two slowly, each with club in hand, humming or chatting gayly, and even, thanks to the caressing fragrance of the air, almost wooing. On the grass, here and there, may be seen discarded coats and white, blue, and red jackets and the linen and straw hats of the players.

In that one day I walked a dozen kilometers (seven and one-half miles) without fatigue, and, I might say, without perceiving that I had walked any great distance. Exquisite sensation of the plenitude of liberty, of calm, of joyous life, and absence of care! None of the excitement of politics; only the sentiment of general prosperity, of security!

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Boy Master Drowns, Dog Disappears.

BLOOCH

URNIE COLLINS

At the time of the death of his boy master, Urnie Collins, who was drowned in the Jackson park yacht harbor last Wednesday evening, "Blooch," a Boston terrier, who had been his constant companion for four years, disappeared and cannot be found. It is thought that he may have traced the boy to the lagoon, and that he has become lost in searching for him. The park is visited each day by the boy's mother, Mrs. Gertrude Collins, 6028 Woodlawn avenue, and by his friends, who are searching anxiously for the dog.

Mrs. Collins has almost given up hope of finding him. Yesterday she appealed to the sympathy of the public by the following advertisement:

LOST—THE BRINDLE TERRIER OWNED BY Urnie Collins, who was drowned Wednesday evening, is lost. Kindly return to his mother, 6128 Woodlawn-av. Suitable reward.

Young Collins recently bought an interest in a yacht which lay in the lagoon in the park. He and three boy friends, J. F. Mitchell, S. E. Merley, and T. R. Wyllie, went to the boat to work on some repairs. When they were ready to leave they found that the rowboat in which they had reached the yacht had broken loose. Collins started to swim to the nearest boat, and had taken but a few strokes when he sank before his friends could reach him. An hour later the body was recovered by the life saving crew.

"Blooch," who usually accompanied the boy, was left at home. When the news of the boy's drowning was brought to the house the dog escaped during the excitement.

CONTESTS SLATED FOR DEMOCRATS.

Primaries Promise to Furnish Lively Struggles for Party Control.

OBJECT LESSON TO MAYOR.

Ward Heads Seek to Prove Their Power—Fight Over County Committee.

The democratic primaries tomorrow promise all sorts of excitement. They certainly will be in marked contrast with the republican ones of last Tuesday. In nearly every ward and most of the districts there will be contests and some of the liveliest character.

The two spectacular fights are slated for the Twenty-first and Second wards. In the Twenty-first ward James Aloysius Quinn will be called on to demonstrate whether he is as strong at a primary out of office and with the city administration against him as he was while in office and with the administration back of him.

He says he can show he is, and will bring in the delegates, just as he has done for several years back. Robert Emmet Burke thinks differently, and the question will have to be fought out at the polls. Burke will back H. R. Eagle, who is the Dunne representative in the ward, and Quinn is relying on the help of Mayor Harrison's friends. Whether they will work as hard with Mr. Harrison in private life as they did when he was in the mayor's chair remains to be seen. One thing aiding Quinn is that John F. O'Malley is actively engaged on the other side. His presence in the contest is apt to aid Quinn materially in the north end of the ward.

Issues Are Not Outlined.

The Second ward fight has not taken definite form yet, but is expected to today. The democratic primaries in this ward have, in the past, been largely attended by the levee saloonkeepers and managers of cognate enterprises, which were mainly under the ban of the police and the owners of which had to do as they were told at the city hall or were likely to suffer in consequence.

As long as Frank W. Solon was the representative of the mayor in the ward these men had to do as he told them to and he was boss of the territory in consequence. Now, however, he has fallen from grace and there are but few people among the regular primary attendants in the ward so poor as to do him reverence. Mathew Leinen, who is fighting Solon, is a great deal better than a green hand in politics himself, having been mixed up in the various contests in the ward for years. Dr. Todd and other more essentially Dunne men are also opposed to Solon, and the question is whether the latter can retain his prestige with the city hall influence taken away from him.

Fight for Party Control.

So it is going on all over the city. In the main, the fights will be over the question of party control and not nominations in the convention. In the Twentieth ward there are two rival tickets, one pledged to Frank Kilcrane for drainage trustee, and the other to Tom Smyth, but this is an exception. Nor are the party control contests Dunne and anti-Dunne fights, strictly speaking. In the main they are individual and local, a case of the ins against the outs, with both professing allegiance to Mayor Dunne and the city administration.

The idea of the contestants is, by bringing in their delegations to give an object lesson to the new mayor, that they are the heads of the party in their respective wards, and as such entitled to recognition in the giving out of favors at the city hall.

Unless all signs fail the main fight in the convention will not be over the selection of candidates, but the question as to whether a new county committee shall or shall not be elected.

Given a Two Year Term.

At the last convention a resolution was passed through at the last moment and under the gavel, making the term of the committeemen then chosen two years instead of one. If this rule is retained the present committee will hold until next year's county convention.

It is well defined and understood political law, however, that one convention cannot bind another, and what one does another can undo. The convention is supposed to be the party and is supreme while it is in session. That it would be perfectly proper for the convention of Wednesday to rescind this resolution and elect an entirely new committee nobody seriously questions.

Whether this will be done or not, however, remains to be seen. It probably will depend largely on whether the present committee controls a majority of the convention. The talk among the Dunne people yesterday was an attempt would be made to do it, with a good chance of success on the plea that members of the present committee, who were sure of succeeding themselves which ever plan was adopted, would not oppose it.

Would Retire Secretary Lahiff.

The immediate effect of any such action would probably be to retire Secretary Edward F. Lahiff from the committee, at least from his office of secretary. It is claimed by his opponents he could not be reelected to the committee if a new deal is had.

In some of the wards where the democratic managers are on friendly terms with the republican managers they are congratulating themselves the vote at the republican primaries was so light. The professional primary voters were not needed and were not called on to vote, thus leaving them free for employment by the democrats tomorrow.

The County Democracy, the Burke faction, was busy yesterday preparing for its picnic at Brand's park next Saturday, and incidentally inciting the faithful to attend the primaries tomorrow. The picnic is promised to be a big affair with prizes ranging from a gold headed cane to a $1,000 automobile.

GIRLS RESCUED FROM LAKE; SKIRT IS DANGER SIGNAL.

Helen Haggerty and Mary Pottisil Unable to Row to Shore—Life Saving Crew Saves Them.

Helen Haggerty and Mary Pottisil, two maids at the North Shore sanitarium, south of Winnetka, were rescued from the lake yesterday afternoon after spending four hours in an attempt to reach the shore against a rising wind. The girls were in a skiff.

They were seen by Matthew Neidermeyer, a truck gardener living on the shore, who rowed out in a small dory. He in turn was unable to reach shore against the wind.

All three were rescued by the crew of the Evanston life saving station, who had seen the signal of distress. Miss Haggerty's skirt, which she waved at the end of an oar. Neidermeyer's boat was towed in, but the girls' boat was abandoned.

MEXICO TO RAISE RANK OF EMBASSY

Will Add Minister to Diplomatic Post at Washington.

BRAZIL'S ACTION IS CAUSE.

Diaz Objects to Being Outranked by South American Republic.

Washington, D. C., June 25.—[Special.]—Mexico does not propose that Brazil shall have a better diplomatic position in Washington than she enjoys. For almost ten years President Diaz's country has maintained an ambassador in the United States and was, in fact, until a few weeks ago, the only American republic which did so. Then Brazil, concluding that she lost caste by having only a minister accredited to this government, determined to name an ambassador and sent her Mr. Nabuco with that high rank.

Will Have Two Envoys.

Mexico was confronted with the probability that she would not only have her representative ranked by Mr. Nabuco because he presented his credentials to the president before the new Mexican ambassador could arrive but by the chargé d'affaires of Brazil, when the two ambassadors were absent. Now, to show her greater respect for the United States, Mexico has decided to name, besides an ambassador, a minister as well. In this way, when her ambassador is away, the minister will rank not only all the chargé d'affaires but perhaps some of the ministers of other states.

It is a novel practice for an American nation, but there is a precedent for it in Europe. England has maintained in Paris for some years a minister, subordinate of course to the ambassador. The late Sir Michael Herbert was minister of Great Britain in Paris before he came to Washington as ambassador.

Will Increase Mexican Embassy.

It is expected the United States will have to increase the rank of its embassy in Mexico City in accordance with the action of the Mexican government.

European ambassadors are interested in the decision of Mexico. They expect that the result will be the appointment by Brazil of a minister and perhaps the elevation of all the American legations in Washington to the rank of embassies. This will mean that the representatives of Nicaragua and Costa Rica will have exactly the same status as the representatives of Great Britain and Germany.

From the American point of view the republics of this hemisphere have the same right to name ambassadors as Switzerland has. Holland and Belgium do not, however, enjoy this privilege, their position having been defined by a general treaty made shortly after Napoleon's defeat at Waterloo, and European diplomats say the United States, in order to avoid embarrassment, should make a similar treaty with all other American states. The matter has not been considered, however, in official circles.

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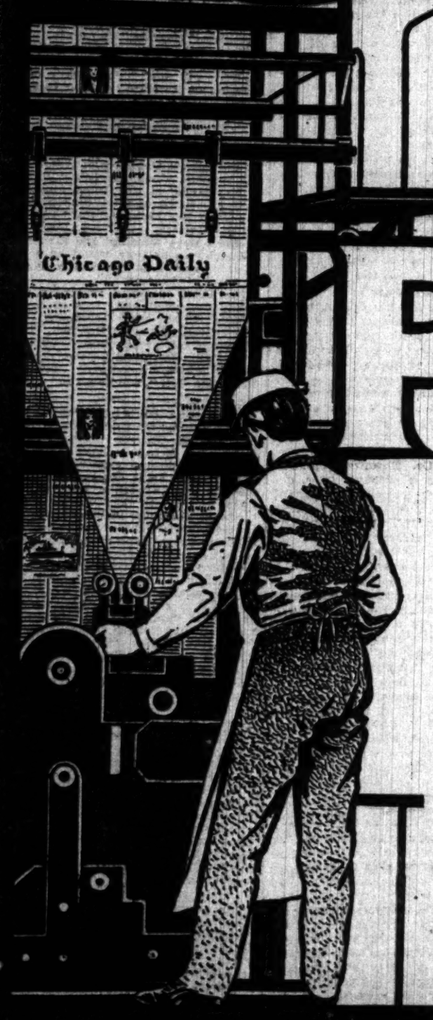

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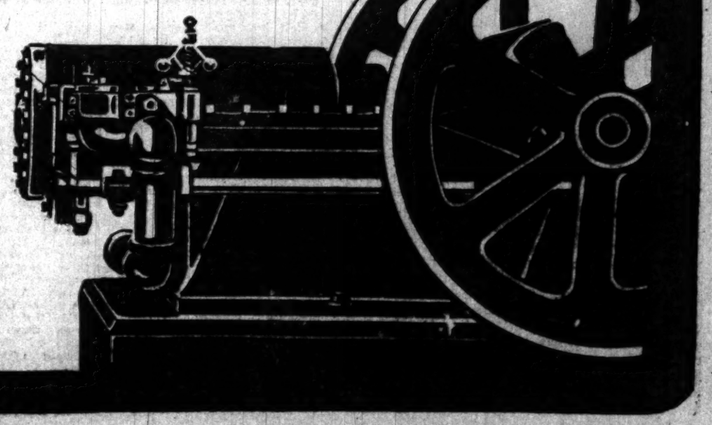

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MONDAY, JUNE 26, 1905.

WHY ROCKEFELLER STILL WORKS.

Miss Tarbell, in her character sketch of John D. Rockefeller in McClure's Magazine, raises a question which has occurred to many other people. Why, she asks, does Mr. Rockefeller, who is reputed the richest man in the world, continue working and scheming day and night to increase his fortune?

Nobody, not even himself, knows how much Mr. Rockefeller is worth. In 1892 his dividends from his Standard Oil holdings were over $3,000,000, in 1896 nearly $8,000,000, in 1900, $12,000,000. They have enormously increased since then. He has large and profitable investments besides the oil business—in real estate, railroad stock, iron mines, copper mines. "In almost every great financial maneuver in the country is felt his supple, smooth hand with its grip of steel." "What," Miss Tarbell asks, "does he want an income of $25,000,000 and more for?"

Readers of history for more than a century have been asking a similar question regarding Napoleon, whose genius in war, perhaps, did not much exceed Mr. Rockefeller's genius in money making. Why was he not content when he had extended his sway over France, Italy, Switzerland, Holland, and a large part of Germany to terminate his career of conquest and devote himself to consolidating his dominions? Why was he always dreaming of invading England? Why could he not let Spain alone? Why did he make an attempt to subjugate Russia, the ultimate result of which was to bring his empire about his ears like a house of cards?

The only explanation, seemingly, is that he had an absolutely insatiate appetite for power. And this, apparently, is the true key to Mr. Rockefeller's career. Napoleon chose to be almost incessantly at war, because the conditions existing in Europe in his time, combined with his type of genius, made war the best available means to the end his nature panted for—the possession of power. Mr. Rockefeller chooses to keep on making money because he believes the conditions existing in the United States unite with his peculiar type of ability to make money making the safest and surest road to power—not merely nominal but real power.

Senator Hanna said Rockefeller was "money mad." He appears to be not so much money mad as power mad. He is no miser who sits in his garret and counts his gold, although it is true he lives economically, considering his enormous wealth. He is an industrial Napoleon whose greatest pleasure consists in feeling and augmenting his power, and, like the militant Napoleon, he is not scrupulous about how it is exercised or increased. It is this inordinate love of power and this unscrupulous, lawless misuse of it, not mere love of money or capacity for making it, that make Mr. Rockefeller dangerous.

Why do men crave, and labor, and fight for power which they do not intend to use, and which they do not use, for the good of mankind—the exercise of which, on the contrary, often makes them curses to their fellow beings? That is a question which not even the wisest can answer.

THE FALL ELECTION.

Last Saturday a republican convention nominated judicial and sanitary district candidates. In a few days a democratic convention will tender its list of candidates to the voters. They will have four full months in which to consider the merits or demerits of the twelve men who seek seats on the bench and of the eighteen who are ready to manage the affairs of the drainage district for one, three, or five years. That is sufficient time.

The democrats will find it difficult—impossible, perhaps—to nominate a judicial ticket which, as a whole, will appeal so strongly to the voters as the one put in the field by the republican convention. It bears the names of the four Superior court judges whose terms expire this year. Judge Gary heads the list. Along with him come Judges Ball, Kavanagh, and McEwen. The people usually give the preference to a man who has been on the bench and done good work there, unless his competitor is a man of unusual capacity and popularity. That places the democratic convention at a disadvantage, but with the two vacancies, one on the Superior and on the Circuit bench, it is different. The candidates of both parties will be new men. It should be the aim of the democrats to tender to the voters men who rank as high in public estimation—or higher if they can be found—as Merritt F. Pinckney and Ben M. Smith, the republican nominees.

Among the republican candidates for sanitary trustees are two who are now on the board. It is considered likely that the democrats will renominate one or more sitting members. It is for the voters to determine whether a present member should be re-elected because of his experience or should be denied a reelection because of active participation in or failure to protest publicly and persistently against the hideous mismanagement of affairs by those who have controlled the board. Is a man who has acquiesced meekly in wrongdoing a proper person to be kept on the board to instruct inexperienced members in their duties?

If the democratic convention shall put on its ticket as many capable men to whom no exception can be taken as are to be found on the republican ticket it will be easy for the intelligent and judicious voters, by culling the best from both, to elect a board made up of men well and favorably known to the community who may be depended on to administer the sanitary district in such a way as to command popular approval.

WHERE IS THE "MENTAL POISE"?

The writer of a sketch of Mayor Dunne which appears in one of the July magazines says that he is "a judicial and conservative thinker," a "man of affairs," to whom long experience on the bench has given "mental poise." This is indeed high praise, and the community will be much pleased if Mayor Dunne shall prove himself deserving of it.

The course of the mayor concerning the fire department is not marked by conservatism or "mental poise." The insurers and the insured of Chicago have been wantonly thrown into a state of nervous suspense. The business men of this city have been stirred up as they have not been for years. They are sending deputations to the city hall. They are deluging the mayor with petitions and letters begging him to let the fire department alone—to abstain from action calculated to convert it into a political machine and the firemen into an undisciplined mob.

Their fears can be removed with ease. All that is needed is for the mayor to assure the business interests of Chicago that he will not, either to please a political or personal friend or to gratify seditious subordinates, remove the head of the fire department, a man in whom the public has confidence because as subordinate and as chief he has proved himself deserving of it. But Mayor Dunne has given no such assurance. He keeps the business men in a state of suspense by saying that he will make no change "immediately," but creating the impression that he is likely to make one in the near future. It is needless to state the inevitable effect of such an indeterminate threat on the officers and men of the department.

No "man of affairs" would have thrown the whole business community into a turmoil as the mayor has causelessly done. No mayor who had in mind novel projects which he could not carry out unless he had the support of the most stable elements of the community would needlessly consolidate those elements against him by pursuing a course which is a direct threat to them.

Evidently long experience on the bench does not give the "mental poise" an executive officer should possess. No man trained in political or business life would have plunged into this fire department affair as Mayor Dunne has. If he fail to get out of it speedily he will wreck his administration irredeemably.

VOTING MACHINES.

The Supreme court has upheld the law authorizing the use of voting machines. That law provides for the appointment by the governor of two mechanical experts, who, with the secretary of state, are to examine different kinds of machines and determine which of them comply with the requirements of the statute. If no such board has been organized the next step will be for the governor to appoint his experts so that the Chicago election commissioners may know what make of machine they may invest in. If the commissioners have that information in good season it will be possible for them to install some machines for use at the fall election and to have a larger number in service at the city election next spring. It may be that they have not the funds at command to justify a large immediate expenditure, but they can do something.

The introduction of voting machines will do away with the printing of ballots, one of the largest items of expense. Voting may be done considerably faster with machines than with printed tickets. It will be possible in the future, in consequence, to have larger, and, therefore, fewer, voting precincts than there have been in the past. With fewer voting precincts fewer clerks and judges will be needed, and less money will be required to pay them. The machines will be bought or a royalty will be paid for their use, but the expense thus incurred may not equal what they will save.

Voting machines are not a specific for election frauds. They will not stop fraudulent voting. But where machines are used, the votes being added up automatically as fast as they are registered, the chances of mistakes or fraud in the count are much less than under the old system.

One feature of election by machines almost everybody will like. The results will be ascertained more quickly. It will be possible to tell the vote of each precinct the minute the polls close. Candidates and their managers and friends will be sooner put out of the agony of suspense, and citizens who cannot go to bed without knowing who won will be able to retire at an earlier hour than heretofore.

MR. BALFOUR'S BELIEFS.

It may be that Prime Minister Balfour is more far sighted than most Americans when he says that the American doctrine of non-participation in the "complex political relations" of Europe is not likely to be maintained in its "extreme purity." No one can tell what may happen in a few years. That the freedom of the United States from European entanglements has its good side Mr. Balfour admits. He ascribes to that freedom the ability of President Roosevelt to make advances in the direction of peace which European powers did not venture to make.

Nevertheless, Mr. Balfour is of the opinion that both America and Europe will regard with gratification a change in the policy of this country. The gratification will not be universal. From time to time broad hints are heard from some parts of Europe to the effect that so long as the United States insists on the Monroe doctrine and the banishment of European political influence from the Americas, the United States should hold itself rigidly aloof from the affairs of the old world.

It was not the continent that the British prime minister had in mind in his remarks so much as it was Great Britain. He would like to see American isolation modified in favor of his own country. The policy of the British government, as Sir Charles Dilke said in his article in THE TRIBUNE last week, is to cultivate the United States. The abandonment of the naval stations at Halifax and Esquimalt is an ostentatious declaration of belief in eternal peace with the republic. Japan, isolated once, is now allied with Great Britain. Nothing could please that country more than to have the United States as another ally.

What the future may bring forth no one knows, but the present mood of Americans is to maintain permanently their independence of the "complex political relations" of Europe. As Ambassador Reid has said, the two great branches of the English speaking family are enjoying friendly relations. That has been the situation for many years, and there is no reason why it should not continue. But there is no occasion for the relations of the two countries being so intimate as Mr. Balfour would like to have them.

It is the traditional policy of the United States to cultivate friendly relations with all nations and at the same time to steer clear of all their entanglements. The advantages of that policy have been made manifest on many occasions. But all things change, and at some distant day Mr. Balfour may be shown to have been a true prophet.

BESIDES, a voting machine can't be bribed.

BE charitable to Kaiser Wilhelm. He has to live up to that mustache.

AS TO the worship of one's ancestors, is it not at least as high up in the scale as the worship of icons?

IT will be safe to speak of that floating poolroom as a wonderful specimen of lake craft.

IS SOME far sighted schemer in Flatbush trying to boom the peanut trade?

IF the White Sox, with a crippled team, can go east and trim the best of the clubs, it will be hard to excuse them if they can't duplicate the performance on their own grounds.

SOONER or later the car bandit strikes a misplaced switch and bumps against the officers of the law.

WHOEVER it may have been that promised to give the United States senatorship to his ex-excellency, he will have the time of his life in delivering the goods.

DOGS, at any rate, sometimes exhibit what might be called a strong claim of hydrophobia. It might be well to put what appears to be a muzzle on them.

IN addition to its other objectionable qualities the seventeen year locust labors under the hallucination that it can sing.

SOMEBODY'S friendly offices may be needed presently to restore peace between Czar Nicholas and the Russians.

THERE are times when Illinois resents the assumption that any kind of political junk is good enough to represent this commonwealth in the United States senate.

THERE will be no lack of patriots willing to serve their country as governor of Hawaii.

A ST. LOUIS barber near the union station charged a man $2.95 for a shave and a haircut one day last week. He must have forgotten that the world's fair closed several months ago.

ONLY nine days more of the celebration of the fourth of July.

THE cry of "Wulff! Wulff!" brought somebody to the scene of action this time.

BY the way, is not even Gen. Weyler entitled to a square deal?

WHATEVER your occupation, etc., do not fail to refresh your lungs by taking at least one day off during the summer for going to the woods and getting away from the smoke nuisance.

MAYOR WEAVER of Philadelphia seems to have crossed the political Rubicon, but a considerable portion of the army refused to follow him.

TOM LAWSON doubtless wonders sometimes what this humbugged and bamboozled old world will do for a friend and adviser when he is taken away from it.

IT need not surprise anybody if the president and the Only Living ex-President become chummy over this Equitable affair.

IT may be some consolation to the man who is cleaned out while aboard that floating poolroom to know that he will not be compelled to walk back to the shore.

IN the distribution of degrees by American colleges this year our old friend Henry James seems to be generally overlooked.

"FIFTEEN men on the dead man's chest! Yo! Ho! Ho! And a bottle of rum!" All on the payroll along with the rest, and putting a big concern on the bum!

THE sultan of Turkey is ill. The probability is that some of his "hormones" have gone on a strike.

WHILE properly grateful to several correspondents for the suggestion that "the czar ought to appeal from the zemstvo drunk to the zemstvo sobor," it is only fair to mention the fact that Mr. Depew adopted the idea, labeled it, and put it in his collection some time ago.

DO THE strikers and their sympathizers know they have been heaving unfair bricks?

BIG GIFTS TO THE Y. M. C. A.

The largest gift made by a southern man to a southern association is that by Mr. W. W. Cummer, who offers $30,000 for a building for Jacksonville, Fla., on condition that $50,000 additional is pledged and that no indebtedness be incurred in erecting the structure. Other large gifts to southern associations were those by the Peabody brothers to Columbus, Ga., for a $60,000 building; Mrs. William E. Dodge, a building costing $80,000 to the University of Virginia. Mr. H. Rosenberg, a Jew, bequeathed $65,000 for an association building at Galveston, Tex., eight years ago.

By the will of Mrs. George P. Lord, Elgin, Ill., receives $56,000. Mrs. Lord and her husband have been constant and liberal supporters of the Elgin association for many years.

Dayton, O., has received a pledge of $15,000 from a gentleman who recently gave $35,000 towards its $350,000 building fund. The conditions named are that the balance of $45,000 be pledged by June 16. The canvass was completed at 10:10 o'clock of that day, thus closing one of the largest building canvasses ever conducted by an association. It has taken several years.

Mrs. Elkins, wife of Senator Elkins of West Virginia, has given a lot in the heart of the business district of Elkins, W. Va., for a $50,000 building, which will be immediately erected by her and given to the association. Savannah (Ga.) Y. M. C. A. has over $45,000 pledged toward its $60,000 building, and Lynchburg, Va., which recently started out to raise $50,000, has raised $60,000 on a $75,000 building. It expects to complete its canvass in a short time.

Ohio Y. M. C. A. now has twelve building movements in hand, involving property amounting to $1,112,000. The state of Illinois has in pledges for association buildings $506,737 for twelve buildings at thirteen cities and towns. It seems that the record of the Y. M. C. A. of building a new home every five days will be eclipsed this year.

A. H. Jones, a wealthy bachelor of Hallsville, Mo., has given $15,000 to the fund for the association building at the University of Missouri. The subscription brings the fund up to $30,538. The building is to cost $50,000. It is probable work will begin upon it this summer.

Political Ambition.

"But, why," persisted the questioner, "do you want to be a senator? There's little money in it. A man of your ability could make much more at almost anything else."

"Sir," replied the aspirant, "you seem to think money is every man's idol."

"I beg your pardon. I meant no offense."

"I know you didn't," said the other, softening. "In confidence, I'll tell you why I want the senatorship. It will enable me to place about fifty of my poor relations in government jobs, and then I'll be rid of 'em."—Newark News.

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

Copyright: 1905: By the Marquise de Fontenoy.

KING EDWARD'S brother-in-law, the duke of Argyll, has resumed his attempts to recover the immense treasure which lies in Tobermory bay, on the coast of Argyllshire, buried beneath the sand in the wreck of one of the finest ships of the Spanish armada, known as the Admiral of Florence. This vessel, built and fitted out by Tuscany, carried not only one of the commanding admirals of the Spanish fleet but also the greater amount of the treasure of the armada.

It may be remembered that after the latter was routed and broken by Drake and Howard off Calais 150 vessels determined to find their way back to Spain by the Pentland firth and down the west coast of the Hebrides and off Ireland. Fifty-four ships, shattered and scurvy stricken, did eventually manage to reach home. The remainder were lost on the wild western shores of the British Isles. The Admiral of Florence put in to Tobermory for food and water, whereupon the MacLean of Duart, one of the chieftains, boarded it and claimed it for King James of Scotland. The Spanish admiral's answer was a lighted match to the magazine, and the Spaniard with its crew and the Scottish chieftain with his retainers were all blown to atoms.

There the wreck lay for many a long year undisturbed, until entirely buried by sand and rock. For the laws of treasure trove and concerning the rights to wreckage are strict throughout the British isles, especially in Scotland, and for a time a fierce contest raged between the crown and the ancestors of the present duke of Argyll concerning the possession of the gold known to be on board the sunken Spanish flagship. King James II. of England, both while still duke of York and lord high admiral of the realm, and afterwards, when he had succeeded to the throne, laid claim in the courts to this unfound treasure trove, but was defeated. Then the lords of Argyll of the day set to work to recover the specie and employed men with a diving bell for the task.

It was not, however, until the early part of the eighteenth century that some bronze cannon of exquisite workmanship were recovered, and also some gold doubloons. But thereupon the Mull islanders became wrought up by superstitious fears of misfortune following the disturbance of the buried treasure and drove the searchers away and the work was abandoned.

From that time on the wreck was left untouched until after the succession of the present duke to his father's honors and estates. Fond of historical researches, he had devoted much time to the study of all documents bearing upon the matter, and, finding that the amount of gold known to have been on board the ship when blown up ran up into the millions of ducats, he determined to resume the search with all modern appliances. He has intrusted a Capt. Burns of Glasgow with the work, and the latter has had for a considerable time past a steam lighter named the Sealight and several barges moored over the spot where the wreck is known to lie buried, all doubts as to the locality having been dispelled by the quantity of relics in the shape of skulls, warped iron work, ancient timbers, stone, and iron cannon balls which have been recovered since the work was taken up last spring.

The duke's right to the great treasure when recovered will be beyond all question. For he has in his possession a patent signed by King Charles I. on Feb. 5, 1641, by which that monarch in his capacity as sovereign of England and Scotland granted to the Marquis of Argyll of that day the wreck of the Admiral of Florence and of everything on board and pertaining to the wreck, stipulating, however, that he should pay to the then duke of Lennox and of Richmond a hundredth part of the treasure trove after the deduction of all expenses. It is doubtful whether this hundredth part of the treasure could be claimed by the duke of Richmond and of Lennox of today. For his peerages are of an altogether different creation, dating from the reign of Charles II., and the earlier dukedom of Richmond and Lennox has become extinct in the male line, being represented on the distaff side by the present Earl Darnley.

Much satisfaction will prevail if the duke's quest is crowned with success. For through no fault of his own, his ancient dukedom has become so impoverished that greatly to his distress and to that of his royal wife he has been obliged to let his ancestral home, Inverary castle, to Eben Jordan, head of the Boston dry goods house of Jordan, Marsh & Co. It is a grand old place, comprising some 25,000 acres of meadow and moor land, and as much more in rugged timber land and forest. The castle itself dates from 1760, occupying the site of a former castle, parts of which have been preserved, notably the old chapel described by Sir Walter Scott in his "Legend of Montrose," and now used as a library.

Inverary has belonged to the duke's family since the early part of the fourteenth century, and formerly his ancestors possessed the right of life and death over all the inhabitants of that part of Scotland. Indeed, even today his hereditary honors bear witness to the grandeur of his house in ancient times. For among the many dignities which the duke has inherited are the keepership of the great seal of Scotland, the hereditary mastership of the sovereign's household in Scotland, the office of admiral of the western isles, and of hereditary sheriff, and of lord lieutenant of the county of Argyll. But superior to all these dignities in the eyes of all Scotchmen is his chiefainship of the great clan of Campbell and the title of "MacCullum More."

As admiral of the western isles he is entitled to fly his historic banner, known as the "Galley of Lorne," from the main of his yacht, the Columba, and there is no doubt that even if he did not possess the patent bearing King Charles I.'s signature establishing his ownership of the wreck of the gold laden flagship of the Spanish armada, he would be entitled thereto as to all other wreckage on the coasts of the western isles as hereditary admiral of the western isles.

It is not generally remembered that the present duke of Argyll, who is the thirtieth chief of the clan Campbell and the thirty-second hereditary knight of Lochow in direct descent, is a great grandson of that famous beauty, Elizabeth Gunning, who of obscure Irish parentage first married the sixth duke of Hamilton, by whom she had two sons, who became successively seventh and eighth dukes of Hamilton, and then after scarcely a year's widowhood married the fifth duke of Argyll, both of her sons by this second marriage succeeding in turn to the dukedom of Argyll, so that it was truly said of her that she was "wife of two dukes and mother of four."

In none of the articles which have been published concerning Charles Bonaparte, in connection with his appointment to the secretaryship of the navy, has any mention been made of the fact generally ignored, that his grandfather, Jerome Bonaparte, king of Westphalia, was married, not merely twice but three times. His first wife was Miss Elisabeth Patterson of Baltimore, grandmother of the secretary of the navy; his second wife was Princess Catherine of Würtemberg, daughter of the first king of Würtemberg, and whose grandchildren are Prince Victor Napoleon, the Bonapartist pretender; Prince Louis Napoleon, general of Russian cavalry; and the widowed duchess of Aosta. After the death of Catherine, who at one moment in the last century stood sixth in the line of succession to the British throne, the old ex-king of Westphalia married according to the rites of the church the Italian Marquise Bartolini.

The marquise, it must be thoroughly understood, was not the morganatic but the full fledged legitimate wife of the ex-king. She had been a wealthy widow of remarkable beauty when he married her in Italy prior to the accession to the French throne of his nephew, Napoleon III., and it was her money that kept the ex-king going until after the restoration of the empire in France he returned to Paris and received a large allowance as a prince of the blood. But he showed himself characteristically ungrateful to her, declined to obtain for her recognition from the emperor as a princess of his house, to which status she was clearly entitled, and she was eventually driven by the intrigues of the old ex-king with the wife of his A. D. C. to leave him and to return to Italy, where she died some years after his own death.

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

Sermons in Song.

CAIN

[Copyright: 1905: By Tribune Company.]

"And Cain said unto the Lord, My punishment is greater than I can bear."—Genesis iv., 13.

Out from the desert places wandered Cain,
Into a land whose people all were strange,
Whose people noted not the crimson stain
Upon his hands—the red that would not change;
And they saw not the mark that seared his brow,
The mark that held a lasting, livid glow,
Yet Cain said: "Surely one will smite me now,
For by these signs the watching world must know."

He fled again; he stumbled down the path
That led him through and to he knew not where;
Yet at his side still stalked the shade of wrath
That he had shaped and placed forever there.
He found a spot beside the sullen sea
Where man was not, and man had never been—
And thinking from that shadow to be free
He whispered it the story of his sin.

And then it seemed that earth and sea and air
Caught up his whispered words and gave them tongue,
And winds rushed on his grievous speech to bear
Until through all the world it had been flung.
Then back he sped in travail and in fear,
Led by his guilt and by his guilt pursued—
And though he thought all other men must hear,
He stood alone amidst the multitude.

We have our desert places where we hide
And whisper all the things that we have slain—
The hope, the faith, the trust—then far and wide
We hear the echoed shout that we are Cain.
Aye, each of us ofttimes in fear must bow
And marvel that none other understands
The guilty red that blazes on his brow,
The guilty red that clings upon his hands.

W. D. N.

OLD SHIPMASTERS IN SALEM.

Reviewed by George C. Howland of the University of Chicago.

IN the days of President Polk, when clippers still were bringing wealth to the ancient city of Salem, merchants who had dealings with the collector of the port would have thought the days of witchcraft returned had they been told that their names would vanish from the memory of men and their city be remembered chiefly as the temporary home of this obscure official. To revivify the story of their adventurous voyages has been the task of Charles E. Trow in "THE OLD SHIPMASTERS OF SALEM" (G. P. Putnam's Sons). Near the close of the eighteenth century the wealthiest man and the greatest shipowner in the United States were both men of Salem. In the war of 1812 the most successful privateers were the forty vessels that sailed from Salem with letters of marque. And when that war was over the large, swift vessels in the East India trade prolonged the period of Salem's commercial eminence until other ports rose through the power of steam to greater importance.

Mr. Trow has done well to quote largely from journals, logs, and first hand narratives of these early seekers after the open door in the orient. When the master of a ship of 150 tons left Salem to visit uncharted seas, barter with natives of unheard of isles, palaver with dusky monarchs, and come sailing into harbor after the silence of a year or two, he knew that his account of the voyage was awaited eagerly and sometimes he proved equal to the opportunity. The perils of the sea by storm or foe are also revealed in some of these plain stories as well as the pleasures of tropical traffic. Foreign students of American character will find in such volumes as this some of the most important elements of the composite national type.

The authentic likenesses of famous ships and masters and a few photographs of notable places are added to the text.

"NEW VOYAGES TO NORTH AMERICA," by the baron de Lahontan (A. C. McClurg & Co.), like other reprints by the same house, owes its value largely to the careful editing of Dr. Thwaites. Over twenty editions in various languages have been published of Lahontan's famous letters. The present is a reprint of the London edition of 1703, with facsimile reproduction of the title page, maps, and illustrations.

Lahontan's narrative has been under suspicion unduly, in Dr. Thwaites' opinion. The sixteenth letter is probably false, describing in detail a trip that never was taken, but the rest of the narrative is consistent and apparently truthful. Sometimes Lahontan falls into strange blunders, as when he ascribes a knowledge of heraldry to the Indians, but the error here is in the interpretation of a fact, not in its observation. The editor believes that "the historical facts and ethnological information are clearly the product of a man of accurate observation, thoroughly conversant with the facts." A possible explanation of the sixteenth letter is that it is a satire, a parody, an anticipation of "Gulliver's Travels."

The editor and publishers have done a service to the student of the history of France in America in placing within his reach this fresh, straightforward, and picturesque narrative of events and conditions between the years 1683 and 1694 in New France.

"BIRDS BY LAND AND SEA," by John Maclair Boraston (John Lane company, New York), is the record of a year's work in England, hunting birds with a camera instead of a gun. The patience and skill shown in obtaining these eighty or more photographs have produced some remarkable results, and the text is illuminating and attractive. The pictures show birds in their everyday life, unconscious of their observer. It is a book that will appeal to lovers of nature, and will suggest a pleasant occupation to those whose vacation rambles lead them into quiet places.

GEORGE C. HOWLAND.

PAYS TWICE HIS SALARY IN RENT; AMBASSADOR REID GRATIFIES FANCY.

American Representative to Court of St. James, Not Compelled to Go to Such Extremes, Does So of Own Volition to Meet Ideas as to Hospitality.

BY RICHARD WEIGHTMAN.

Washington, D. C., June 25.—[Special.]—Not long ago—quite recently, in fact—the newspapers were engaged in mournful comment upon the fact, or the allegation, that our new ambassador to England, Whitelaw Reid, had to spend for house rent in London more than twice the amount of his official salary.

It seemed to me that insufficient importance was attached to the consideration that Mr. Reid was under no obligations to take such an expensive establishment, but might easily live on his income if he chose to do so. One can get along decently in London on $17,500 per annum by using economy, and this without wearing bargain counter clothes or starving his family. Probably nine-tenths of those who dwell in that town and maintain a fairly creditable show do it on less than the sum specified.

The actual duties of the office do not involve any great expenditure. The things one wears are much cheaper there than here, and it can be truly said of British cookery that those who feast largely one day will not be able to eat anything solid for at least sixty hours afterward. Altogether it is my impression that a man may face want and at the same time keep up a respectable appearance on $17,500 a year.

Mansion to Gratify Fancy.

Moreover, I observe that Mr. Reid has not complained of the arrangement personally, but on the contrary seems to have accepted it with every symptom of honest pride and satisfaction. It seems perfectly safe to conclude, therefore, that our ambassador took that $35,000 mansion to please his own fancy and does not at all consider himself in the light of a bleeding martyr.

But Mr. Reid has removed all doubts on this point through the medium of his candid and felicitous address on the occasion of the banquet of welcome given in his honor at Claridge's hotel, London, last Friday evening. Perhaps he felt that he ought to assuage the solicitudes of those fellow citizens in this country who seem to fear that he will be reduced to penury by the exactions of a churlish and cheeseparing government.

Perhaps on the other hand he thought it just as well to confess at the outset that he had gone into the comedy with a full understanding of its requirements and was entirely ready to meet the consequences. Perish the idea of suggesting that he intended a playful satire on the tolls of statesmanship his predecessor is innocently supposed to have endured.

Confession by Mr. Reid.

Away, likewise, with the ungracious thought that he was sharpening his humor on the company assembled there. There is every reason to assume that Mr. Reid proposed simply to expound his knowledge of the game and to serve notice that he subscribed to all the rules.

"Let me frankly confess the secrets of the prison house called the American embassy," said Mr. Reid, with one hand under his coattails and the other plunged in the deep charybdis of his vest, "the records begun under a number of my predecessors, and which are evidently to be continuing records."

And then he proceeded to make a clean breast of it.

"The chief duty pressing upon us as disclosed by these sacred records has not been to promote peace, for that is stable and secure, nor to promote good will, for that is overflowing. The chief duty, in fact, of the ambassador has been to raise himself to the demands of British welcome and British hospitality, which have given a new meaning to the words and impose a new definition of the labor of diplomacy.

"He has had to be equal to the fascinating but bewildering task of making in a few days or weeks the graciously offered acquaintance of half the men whose names mean to him the world and its history for the century. He has had to struggle with the equally fascinating and bewildering task of accepting a fifth of the charming invitations that pour in upon him, to be followed after every day and hour is filled by the additional task of giving in word and writing plausible reasons for his inability to accept the other four-fifths."

Cheerful View of Situation.

Of course, every one really acquainted with the history of our diplomacy in England during the last ten years will recognize this as a perfectly lifelike picture, and now, after such a frank and detailed statement of the situation, even those who didn't understand before will have it at their fingers' ends.

Naturally, I do not undertake to say what Mr. Reid wants with such a big house when he intends to spend most of his time and take all of his meals in somebody else's house. That is his affair entirely. But it must now be obvious to the dullest mind that the position does not necessarily involve him in any considerable expense, and that whatever lavishness he indulges in is purely voluntary.

Let us, therefore, take a cheerful view of Mr. Reid's present condition. He is not the victim of a parsimonious government. He is not parting with his own good money under harsh compulsion. Evidently he hasn't a thing to do beyond jollying his British friends, consuming the food they shower on him, and then living through it if he can.

Bayard Incident Recalled.

There was a time, to which Mr. Reid regretfully alludes, by the way, when things were not quite so melodious. We all remember, for example, how Mr. Bayard once found it necessary to apologize for us as a rude and unmanageable people. That was about the time when Mr. Cleveland's secretary of state proclaimed the old fashioned Monroe doctrine—in the particular case of Venezuela as it happened—to the effect that England would have to settle her quarrels and collect her debts as best she could in this hemisphere, but that she must not occupy or encroach upon any American territory in the process.

Mr. Bayard was making a round of country houses at the time, mingling pleasantly with noble and titled personages, and generally basking in the sunshine which all free born Americans so dearly love. Naturally that coarse outburst from this side gave him untold pain and for one poignant moment threatened to arrest the flow of wassail and endearment.

Mr. Bayard Made Amends.

But the blight passed on. As we say in Kentucky, Mr. Bayard made all the amends one gentleman could expect of another, and he had free pratique of the British commissariat ever after. He wound up his term of service in a blaze of turtle and a cascade of champagne. Since then all has been the sweetest harmony. We have risen together upon a crescendo of affection and marshmallows. We now float in the opalescent empyrean locked in one another's fond embrace.

They manage things differently on the continent—certainly in Russia, France, and Germany, where diplomats at least go through the motions of attending to important international affairs. In dear old England, however, we have only to eat, drink, and be as merry as we can afterwards. That's what everybody has supposed for many years past, and Mr. Reid now tells us that it is so.

NEWS OF THE THEATERS.

At the Theaters.

The weather man was not kindly to the theaters yesterday, although the managers of the summer gardens and outdoor resorts rose up and declared him the best sort of a benefactor. An audience which half filled a theater last evening was declared a large house, and few of the downtown places of amusement could boast of even such a patronage.

Powers' was dark, but will reopen tonight with the first presentation here of "Mrs. Temple's Telegram," a farce by Wyatt, which comes well recommended from New York. The Studebaker also was silent, but tonight will see "The Mayor of Tokio" starting on its third week. "Little Johnny Jones" began its fifth week last evening at the Illinois, and tonight will celebrate its fiftieth performance in Chicago by presenting mirrors as souvenirs. "The Land of Nod" at the Chicago opera house had one of the largest audiences of the evening, and was moving along merrily. "It Happened in Nordland," at the Grand, also was fairly well patronized, as was "Buster Brown" at the Great Northern, and the "Woggie Bug" at the Garrick and "Sky Farm" at McVicker's were wiggling and farming just as industriously as they would have been had their patrons been sufficiently numerous to crowd the theaters.

The Bijou reopened yesterday afternoon newly decorated and freshened, and the George Klimt stock company presented "The Great Diamond Robbery" before audiences of fair proportions. Over at the People's "Olivette" had its last presentations by the light opera company. Tonight "The Bohemian Girl" will be given.

A new comedian is to be imported from the east to assume the title rôle in "The Woggie Bug" at the Garrick. His name is Howard Kelly. He is said to have made a success last season in the extravaganza "Mother Goose," and he is expected to replace Mr. Mace in about a week or ten days. It would seem that what "The Woggie Bug" most needs is a change in librettos rather than comedians. Mr. Mace makes about all of the title character that it is possible for any one to make, and could some lines and business be added to the part he probably would do as well in it as any other comedian. The book is weak, and the sooner Mr. Baum improves it or calls to his assistance some one capable of improving and brightening it the sooner the performance will become acceptable to the public. The management announces a "children's matinée" for Wednesday. The toy balloons used in the finale of the first act will be distributed among the little folk.

"Sky Farm" will remain at McVicker's this week and possibly until Saturday, July 8. The theater then will close and will remain dark until Aug. 12, when Nat Wills in a new production entitled "The Duke of Duluth"—a Broadhurst musical comedy—will come for a stay of three weeks. Early in September a new rural play, "As Ye Sow," comes for a run. The locale of this drama is Cape Cod, and an elaborate production is promised. During the weeks that McVicker's is closed the theater will be entirely redecorated.

The announcement comes from the east that "The Valkyrie" of Wagner will be the "big" operatic production undertaken by Mr. Savage next season. It will be on a scale similar to that of his "Parsifal" last season. It will not be given by a special company, however, but will be included in the repertory of his English grand opera organization.

Ethel Barrymore will confine herself to "Sunday" during the early part of her coming season and will not produce the Barrie comedy, "Alice-Sit-by-the-Fire," until later in the autumn.

The Choral Study club will give Coleridge Taylor's "Hiawatha's Wedding Feast" and "The Blind Girl of Castel-Cuille" in Institutional church this evening. The club will have the assistance of Frank B. Waring, baritone; Thomas Sadler, tenor; and E. Blanche Wright, soprano.

The guarantee fund of the Philadelphia orchestra last season reached the amount of $48,627, while the expenses of the season were $5,241 over this amount. The amount of this deficit was assumed by the women's committee of the orchestra, which now announces that the entire sum has been paid off.

Emma Nevada, after many years' absence, reappeared in London June 16 at the Waldorf theater as Violetta in "La Traviata."

Hans Schroeder, the baritone, whose three recitals in Music hall during the last season stamped him as a singer of merit, arrived in Chicago last week, and will take up a permanent residence here.

"The Geezer of Geck," the musical comedy which Dave Lewis wished to produce here at Hyde & Behman's after "Kafoozalum" showed signs of proving a failure, is to be done in Boston next month if plans fall not in fulfillment. Mr. Lewis and Miss Fay will head the cast and it is stated that the production will return to Chicago in the early autumn for an indefinite stay.

Next season George Behan will be leading comedian for Marie Cahill.

Joseph Weber has arranged with George Edwardes to present the Weber Music hall company of London next April. The trip abroad, it is understood, will take the place of the usual late spring tour of the company in the United States.

Paul Armstrong's play of western life, "The Heir to the Hoorah," which is the one drama which promises to survive the summer season in New York, is to be taken later to London with an all American cast. Mr. Frohman completed the arrangement last week. The company at present playing in New York, and which is headed by Guy Bates Post, whose success here as Steve in "The Virginian" is remembered, probably will be transferred to London when the change is made.

"The White Cat," the latest Drury Lane spectacle, will be presented at the New Amsterdam theater next fall, following the run of Hall Caine's "A Prodigal Son."

Virginia Harned has arrived in London and is in consultation with Henry Arthur Jones, who is the author of her new play which Charles Frohman will present at the Hudson theater, New York, Oct. 15. It is a domestic drama on the lines of "The Dancing Girl." Mr. Jones will visit America to stage the play.

"The Rogers Brothers in Ireland" will be the title of the new vaudeville farce in which the Rogers brothers will be seen next season. John J. McNally has prepared

PADEREWSKI GETS $7,000 FOR HURTS

Fell from Seat on Railroad Train and Is Laid Up by Numbness of Muscle.

SHOOTS BABY TO DEATH.

Brother, Playing with Shotgun, Fires the Charge Into Infant's Breast.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, June 25.

Seven thousand dollars, not so great a sum as he has made at a single performance, is the amount paid Ignace Jan Paderewski, the pianist, by the New York Central railroad for injuries suffered by him in a railroad accident three miles out of Syracuse on April 22. Since the accident, the pianist has suffered from a general breakdown of his nervous system. He has been resting at his home in Poland, and it may be some time before he appears again in public.

Paderewski Gets $7,000 for Hurts from Railroad.

Paderewski had just completed an engagement at Syracuse on the night of April 22 and was leaving in his private car for Auburn. He was taking luncheon, when suddenly he was jarred from his seat.

It was not until twenty-four hours later that he noticed the numbness of the muscle in his right arm. He consulted a physician and a trip home was advised. Paderewski asked the railroad for $25,000.

Willie Smith, 9 years old, accidentally shot and killed his baby brother, Harry, 18 months old, with a double barreled shotgun today. The mother had left the two children playing in the parlor and was in an adjoining room, when she heard the report of the gun. Opening the door she saw the baby dead on the floor and Willie, with the gun in his hands, standing aghast at the result of his act. The gun belonged to the oldest son and had stood in a corner, supposedly not loaded.

Boy Shoots Baby Brother with Shotgun.

Charles R. Teaboldt "hitched" his $2,500 automobile in front of the Criterion hotel Saturday at midnight and went inside for about fifteen minutes, and when he came out the automobile was gone. Policeman Healy at 8 o'clock Sunday morning saw three boys approach the Pennsylvania railroad ferry in a black automobile with yellow trimmings, and as they did not appear prosperous enough to ride in such a car took them in charge.

Auto Stolen; Finds It; but Police Will Not Give It Up.

"I suppose I can take the car now," said Mr. Teaboldt in court after the youths were held.

"Indeed you can't," said Magistrate Pool. "It is stolen property and must be turned over to the property clerk at police headquarters."

The machine was put in the police barn to stay until it is recorded, and the owner may not get possession for a week.

Telegrams and telephone messages in answer to an advertisement to sell his body and two hearts after death have kept A. Durr of New Rochelle busy today. Although it is known Durr has been offered large sums of money for his body he refuses to tell what the amounts are. He is keeping them secret in hopes larger offers may be made. His advertisement read:

Has Two Hearts; Willing to Sell Body to Science.

"I agree to sell my two hearts, the buyer being entitled to same after my death."

Durr is a carpenter, 35 years old, single, and the picture of health. He works every day and leads a regular life. His double heart was discovered when he called a physician to treat him for a slight attack of illness. Since then he has submitted to examinations by many of the most celebrated heart specialists in the country.

Secretary Taft had a conference at the Manhattan hotel today with John F. Wallace, chief engineer of the Panama canal; T. P. Shonts, chairman of the canal commission; and Nelson Cromwell, counsel for the commission, but refused to make any statement as to what had been discussed. Immediately after the conference Secretary Taft left for New Haven.

Taft, Shonts, and Wallace Confer; Last May Stay.

PRELATES PLACE A STONE.

IMPRESSIVE SERVICES AT HOLY TRINITY CHURCH.

Archbishops Symon, Papal Delegate to Polish Roman Catholics of United States, and Quigley of Chicago Officiate—Members of Religious and Military Societies March and Hear Addresses—Visitor Says Lodz Uprising is Not Nationalist Movement.

With the impressive ceremonies of his church Archbishop Quigley officiated at the laying of the corner stone of the new Holy Trinity Polish Roman Catholic church, Noble and Chapin streets, yesterday afternoon. He was assisted by Archbishop Albion Francis Symon of Rome, the pope's delegate to the Polish Roman Catholic churches in the United States.

Preceding the laying of the corner stone and the arrival of the chief prelates, a parade of Polish military and church societies was held in the streets in the neighborhood of the church. Nearly 10,000 persons were in line, more than half of them in uniform.

The ceremonies were witnessed by nearly 50,000 Polish-Americans, who had gathered to receive the blessing brought by Archbishop Symon from Cardinal Satolli. Noble street and the little side streets leading to the church were packed with men and women as early as 2 o'clock, while the ceremonies did not take place until nearly 5 o'clock.

Address by Archbishop Symon.

Following the laying of the cornerstone Archbishop Symon, who is the first Polish archbishop who has ever visited the United States, delivered an address.

"The temple which you erect to God should be a Roman Catholic and a Polish one," said the prelate. "The Poles ever wish to pray; they always do pray, and, therefore, when coming to this country among the first things our people do is to erect temples to God upon this American soil.

"Let this be a church where your hearts may pour forth their plea to God in your native Polish language. Let this church also be a place of thanksgiving for such a privilege, for in Poland the worship of God in our own tongue is difficult, aye, often dangerous."

Kneel for the Benediction.

Archbishop Symon closed by pronouncing the benediction sent by Cardinal Satolli, while thousands knelt in reverence. Then Archbishop Quigley and Archbishop Symon, preceded by the resident and visiting clergy, marched in solemn procession around the foundations of the new structure, blessing the ground and sprinkling holy water on the stones.

At the reception given in the rectory of the church Archbishop Symon gave expression of his opinion concerning the recent troubles in the city of Lodz, in Russian Poland.

"This is a working class and socialist agitation and is largely instigated by Jews," he said. "It is not a nationalist movement at all. The clergy, the nobles, and other responsible people have nothing to do with it. We do believe, though, that the Russian government is instigating some of it in order to frighten people from taking part in real nationalist demonstrations."

The new Holy Trinity church will be 183 feet deep and 98 feet wide, built in the Romanesque style of architecture. It is expected it will be completed next summer.

ROYAL ARCANUM MEMBERS MAY ASK FOR RECEIVER.

Milwaukeeans Believe Voluntary Bankruptcy Only Remedy for Tangle in Fraternal Insurance Department.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 25.—[Special.]—If the feeling among the Milwaukee members of the Royal Arcanum does not change an application may be made for the appointment of a receiver for the fraternal insurance order. Today there were several conferences at which various plans were discussed.

It seemed to be the general idea that the advisable course, if objectionable rates are not withdrawn, would be to ask the courts to intervene. One plan was to apply for an injunction against the officers at Boston to prevent the carrying out of the proposal.

The ability of the members to secure the appointment of a receiver and have the affairs wound up will depend entirely on whether the court can be made to believe that there is a state of insolvency. While a deficiency of $271,000 exists, according to the admission of the officers, the fact remains that they can raise $11,000,000 or more.

An order enjoining the officers from collecting the new rates on Oct. 1 undoubtedly could be obtained, but would accomplish little good, for the main question would still remain unsettled.

"Grouches I Have Nursed," by Hollis W. Field, begins in the Worker's Magazine next Sunday.

DELUGE FOLLOWS SWELTERING DAY.

Evening Downpour Brings Relief at Close of Day of Blistering Sun.

ONE DEATH FROM HEAT.

Policeman Dives to Rescue Girl and Finds Only Her Hat Is in Lagoon.

TEMPERATURE IN CHICAGO YESTERDAY.

Hour.	Degrees.	Hour.	Degrees.
6 a. m.	75	5 p. m.	80
7 a. m.	71	6 p. m.	87
8 a. m.	73	7 p. m.	84
9 a. m.	78	8 p. m.	80
10 a. m.	80	9 p. m.	78
11 a. m.	82	10 p. m.	77
12 m.	83	11 p. m.	73
1 p. m.	86	12 midnight	90
2 p. m.	88	1 a. m.	59
3 p. m.	89	2 a. m.	58
4 p. m.	89		

After a sweltering day, one of the hottest of the season, Chicago got relief at 9:15 last night by the arrival of a cool wave, accompanied by a heavy rain storm. For an hour the rain poured down in sheets, flooding basements and doing other damage. When the shower was over the torrid weather had passed away.

The cool weather will continue today, according to the weather bureau.

The day was one of the most unendurable of the summer season. Before noon the mercury had climbed away past the 80° mark, and at 3 o'clock registered 89, the maximum temperature for the day. In the city the high wind, carrying clouds of dust and dirt, made the day additionally disagreeable.

To secure relief from the heat thousands of people crowded the parks, and the trains and boats were taxed to their capacity, carrying excursionists to the lakes in Wisconsin and northern Illinois. It is estimated that 6,000 people were carried by the Lake Michigan steamers.

One death and three prostrations were results of the day's heat.

The Dead.

COTTON, GEORGE, 28 years old, 5939 Calumet avenue, electrician for South Side Elevated railroad; overcome while sitting in restaurant at the White City; died on way to hospital; was a sufferer from heart disease.

Those Overcome.

Carognaro, James, 45 years old, 910 Grand avenue, prostrated while walking in Lake street near Kedzie avenue.

Donigan, Michael, 35 years old, 6712 May street, overcome while at Thirty-seventh street and Wentworth avenue; taken to Provident hospital.

Gresba, Henry, 39 years old, 797 West Madison street, fell to pavement when he alighted from car at Halsted and Madison streets.

Boy Falls in Seal Pit.

A 14 year old boy, floundering in the seal pit at the park in the afternoon, caused alarm to the animals. Robert Christopher of Sycamore, Ill., in an attempt to recover his hat, which had blown over the railing and lay at the edge of the water, climbed over the iron rail. In reaching for his hat he lost his balance and fell in with a splash. A dozen seals in the pool made off panic stricken. The boy was pulled out of the water easily.

High Dive for Hat.

Pleasure seekers in Lincoln park were treated to a sensational high dive in the afternoon, when Park Policeman "Si" Heller, told that Annie McPherson, 246 Sedgwick street, was drowning in the lagoon under the Delaware bridge, ran to the middle of the bridge and dived into the water, where he saw a red flower hat floating. He struck the water within a few feet of the floating hat and swam around it. He lifted it gently, "treading" water meanwhile. There was no head beneath it, nor, in fact, anywhere in the water about it. On the shore, not far away, a girl, 12 years old, beckoned toward the swimmer, screaming loudly:

"Here, Mr. Policeman, it's mine."

The policeman crawled from the lagoon and received the thanks of the young woman.

Diversion at Jackson Park.

Of the thousands of men, women, and children who went to Jackson park in the afternoon to view the rose garden on Wooded Island and to find cool spots beneath the trees many forgot their quests and stood for hours watching the antics of a small boy who defied a big park policeman and plunged into the water of the lagoon to "cool off."

Lost in the evening in a crowd at the Goodrich docks, a 3 year old girl who had been crying for its parents was taken to the Central police station by Charles Schultz, 201 North avenue. Schultz and his wife had returned from a lake trip when they noticed the baby crying. They questioned the little one, but she could not tell her name.

Wires of the Wentworth avenue electric line were struck by lightning at Twenty-second street and Twenty-sixth street when the storm was at its height.

In simplicity lies the success attained with Butterick Patterns.

Marshall Field & Co.

Cold Dry Air Storage—an absolutely safe protection for furs.

This store will close Saturdays of July and August at one o'clock.

Final Week of the Great Pre-Inventory Sales.

By next Saturday, July 1st (Inventory Day), we are determined to clear our stocks of all irregular merchandise. All short lines, odd lots and broken assortments have been marked at prices which make them very attractive. Every section will be alive with pre-inventory specials. Some of the strongest price-making we have ever attempted evidences our determination to make these pre-inventory sales a period of thorough stock-clearing. Most of this merchandise is individually as desirable as if selected from complete assortments—making these sales significant for extraordinary value-giving.

Mid-Summer Negligees at Very Special Prices.

Next to the rare price-making in this section, visitors are being attracted by the extraordinary completeness of our lines—a representation that should meet every possible demand.

Imported Japanese Crepe Kimonos—several designs and a range of splendid color effects—silk facings—a value beyond comparison, $2.50.

White Lawn Kimonos trimmed with embroidery, $3.25 and $5.00.

Two-piece Matinees of fine white Lawn elaborately trimmed with lace and insertion, as illustrated, special, $3.95.

White Lawn Sacques, plaited on yoke, large sailor collar of embroidery, as illustrated, special value, $3.25.

White lawn Wrappers with high neck, trimmed with embroidered edge on yoke and sleeves, special, $3.75.

Lawn Sacques in polka dot, trimmed with Valenciennes lace on collar, sleeves and ruffles, special, $1.95.

Cotton Terry Bath Robes, in varied colors, special value, $3.25 and $5.00.

Fourth Floor Middle Room.

Sheer Midsummer Waists in the Prettiest Novelties.

Every possible advantage is accorded the purchaser in this section—the newest ideas, the most extensive selections, and undoubtedly the most attractive values. We are constantly adding the very latest styles from all the most original designers.

White Mull Waists, trimmed with Valenciennes lace, hand embroidered front, stock and cuffs to match, $10.75.

White China Silk Waists, short sleeves finished with ruffle, German Valenciennes lace insertion giving short yoke effect, as illustrated, $8.00

White Lawn Waists, elaborately trimmed with lace insertion and tucks, $5.00.

White Mull Waists, trimmed with German Valenciennes lace to form pointed yoke front and back, as illustrated, $3.25.

White Lawn Waists with English eyelet embroidery front and tucked yoke, $1.75.

Fourth Floor Middle Room.

Heavy Reductions in Boys' Washable Suits and Blouses.

Vacation Outfits for boys at practically their cost prices to us will be offered, beginning this morning, in hundreds of seasonable garments—the odd lots, broken assortments, small quantities, and slightly soiled lots from our entire stock—reduced to close in these next few days before inventory. *Third Floor North Room.*

About 200 Washable Russian Suits in sizes 2½ to 7, reduced to $1.50, $1.95, $2.50, $3.00.

About 150 Wash Kilt Suits, sizes 2 to 4, reduced, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00.

75 dozen Negligee Blouses in striped and figured madras, sizes 7 to 16, reduced, $1.00.

Boys' Soft Collar Blouses of fine mercerized cottons, sizes 10 to 15, special, $1.50.

Boys' Sailor Suits of blue chambray, in deck and Eton collar styles, plain and plaited blouses, sizes 5 to 11, special $2.50.

Boys' white crash yoke Norfolk Suits, $5.00.

Handkerchiefs—Pre-Inventory Clearance.

A handkerchief opportunity—one that occurs but twice a year; the assortments reduced represent all the odd and soiled lots from our entire stock. *First Floor South Room.*

Women's All-Linen Embroidered Handkerchiefs, each, 25c.

Women's Soiled Linen Handkerchiefs reduced to 18c.

Women's Pure Linen Handkerchiefs reduced to 12½c.

Men's All-Linen Handkerchiefs, hems of all widths, reduced, 12½c, 18c and 25c.

Fancy Goods Specials.

The special values in stamped goods which have attracted so much attention during the past several days will be continued in Collar and Cuff Sets, Center Pieces, Pillow Covers, Laundry Bags and Dresser Covers—very desirable for summer work; the prices include materials for finishing—each 25c, 50c, 60c and 75c.

Free lessons on these pieces are given by competent teachers.

Special Sale of Wash Dresses.

Three of the many different models from a most exceptional purchase in mulls, lawns and China silks—*all marked at half their real values.*

Fine Lawn, $10. Fine Lawn, $12. Wash Silk, $15.

Some are made in shirtwaist styles, others with lace yokes and short sleeves, fastening at the back; all are elaborately trimmed with laces; round length skirts made very full, some with side plaits, others with knee flounces. *Fourth Floor North Room.*

Pre-Inventory Sale of Finished Pillows.

A rare chance to secure beautiful Pillows for the summer home—the reductions will prove exceedingly interesting, Dutch Pillows, 50c; Figured Dimity and Handkerchief Pillows, 65c; Brocaded Satin and Liberty Satin Pillows, $1.00.

Hinoki Porch and Grass Pillows, with filling, 35c and 45c. *Second Floor Annex.*

Men's Bath Robes.

Men's Terry Bath Robes in the Turkish toweling finish, made 60 ins. long with hoods or sailor collars; solid blues, grays, tans and fancy colors, with embossed figures and stripes—$4.00, $5.00, $6.00, $7.50 and $12.00 *Second Floor North Room.*

Ribbon Remnants.

Fancy Ribbons in from 4 to 7 inch widths, and suitable lengths for making bags, girdles, fancy work, etc.—every piece marked at a quick selling reduction, each 30c. *First Floor South Room.*

Artwares—Six Great Collections at Quick-Selling Reductions.

A pre-inventory opportunity—one of the most interesting special events this section has ever planned.

The prices will effect a rapid clearance of the hundreds of smaller pieces so much sought after for the decoration of refined homes, dens, offices and studios. Almost every conceivable shape is represented and every shade from the deep rich browns, reds and blues to the light summery greens and yellows. *Third Floor Annex.*

Every price is reduced to but a very small part of the regular value.

At 15c—Vases, Medallions of poets and famous musicians, Incense Burners, Ash Trays, Mugs, etc.

At 25c—Cigar Trays, Pin Trays, Wall Pockets, Vases, etc.

At 50c—Sedji Plaques, Card Trays, Japanese Wicker Covered Vases, Paper Knives, Carnation Vases, etc.

At 35c—Vases, Cabinet Ornaments, China Saki Cups, Awaji Mugs, etc.

At 75c—Vases, Plaques, Flower Bowls, Card Trays, lined Fern Dishes.

At $1.00—Porcelain Vases, Hungarian Jugs, Japanese Bronze Vases, Safety Match Safes, Fern Dishes, etc.

The above is but a partial list of the items represented at each price. The more costly pieces also have been marked at very attractive reductions.

Coachmen's Clothing at 20% Off

The pre-inventory sale ends this week. This sale includes all our lines of Coachmen's Clothing—Coachmen's Body Coats, Trousers, Whipcord Suits, Overcoats, Breeches, Mackintoshes and Rubber Coats. *Second Floor North Room.*

Displays in the Flag Section

Invite the attention of everyone in Chicago intending purchases for the Fourth—showing the remarkable extent of its assortments. The advantages in prices will be equally interesting. *Fifth Floor North Room.*

U. S. Bunting Flags, sewed stars—
5 feet, $1.15. 6 feet, $1.50. 8 feet, $2.25.
10 feet, $2.90. 12 feet, $4.25. 14 feet, $5.85.
20 feet, $10.50. 25 feet, $16.50. 36 feet, $35.00.

U. S. Silk Flags, mounted on gilded spear staffs—
8x12 inches, 15c. 12x18 inches, 25c.
16x24 inches, 45c. 24x36 inches, 75c.

Sewed Silk Flags, embroidered stars—
2x3 feet, $5.25. 4½x5½ feet, $15.00.
4x6 feet, $15.00. 6x6½ feet, $21.50.

Banner Silk Flags, embroidered stars, stripes woven in one piece—
6x6½ feet, $60.00. 6x10 feet, $75.00.

Flag Poles—
8 feet, each, 60c. 12 feet, each, $1.75.
10 feet, each, 75c. 14 feet, each, $2.25.

Muslin Flags, mounted—
4½x7½ in., doz., 5c. 7x10½ in., doz., 10c.
8x14 in., doz., 15c. 11x18 in., doz., 20c.
12x22 in., doz., 30c. 12x27 in., doz., 50c.

Rare Values in Antique Colonial Cut Glass.

One of the most advantageous purchases we have ever offered, including a large and varied assortment of pieces—Decanters, Compotes, Mustard Jars, Oil Bottles, Cheese Dishes, Covered Punch Bowls, Liqueur Bottles.

Colonial Glass is distinguished for its simplicity of design, the uniqueness of the shapes and its adaptability for summer home requirements.

Colonial Cut Glass Decanters cut in deep flat flutes, marked at a price usually placed on pressed glass, each 75c.

Colonial Cut Glass Oil Bottles, each 50c.

Colonial Cut Glass Compotes, all sizes, prices from 75c to $15.

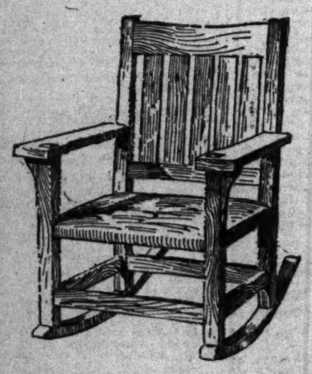
These are but a very few of the articles offered at the lowest prices we have ever placed on glass of this merit.

JOHN A. COLBY & SONS RELIABLE FURNITURE

148 to 154 Wabash Ave., near Monroe

FOR THE COMFORT OF A BUNGALOW

An Exhibition of the Right Kind of Furniture.



$7.75 Weathered Oak Mission Rocker, heavy leather seat.

The bungalow is the outcome of centuries of wrestling with the problem of how to keep cool and comfortable in hot weather.

Its essential points are the absence of stairs—it is never more than one story—and the presence of a wide veranda all around the building and on this veranda plenty of roomy, comfortable chairs.

A beautiful exhibit of bungalow furniture on the third floor of this store.

Store: 148 to 154 Wabash-av.

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WHITE SOX BEAT CLEVELAND, 8 TO 2

Comiskey's Men Get a Noisy Reception Home and Pound Out Easy Victory.

ONE FOOT ON TOP ROUND.

Batting of Isbell and Davis Feature—Flick Uses Ladder to Get Ball.

Chicago never gave its White Stockings a warmer welcome than the one handed out to Manager Jones and his battle scarred braves yesterday on their return home from their triumphant eastern tour. Even the weather bureau contributed some warmth. There weren't any trimmings or feathers on it. No brass bands nor cheering thousands met the players at their train to escort them to the arena. The thousands simply flocked to the south side park and jammed and fought to get near enough to the diamond to see the battle with the leaders, which not all of them could do. And the Sox responded with a rattling 8 to 2 victory over Lajoie's men, which put the two teams practically on a par for the lead of the league.

To one who never had heard of either team it would have seemed absurd to mention the Naps as sluggers and the White Sox as weaklings with the stick. Nick Altrock, who was assigned the duty of dropping the visitors another notch, had them feeding out of his hand at all times. Up to the ninth inning the sluggers accumulated two clean hits and two scratches without a run. Then with the score 8 to 0 in his favor Altrock, who was nearly all in because of the excessive heat, let them have three hits in a row, which scored two runs, although the second one could have been cut off if necessary.

Savage Attack on Bernhard.

The way the Sox went after Bernhard from the start one would have thought they were the real sluggers. Before "Sarah" had his feet fairly planted on the slab the Sox had the game won. And they kept at him all the way, until they had piled an even dozen hits for a total of twenty bases. Isbell and Davis were the heavyweights in the stick column, with Donohue and McFarland close behind. Isbell had a home run, a double, and a single, while Davis cracked out two doubles and a single.

The feature stunt was Flick's imitation of a fireman. That happened in the first round, when Donohue, with two Sox on bases, put a huge dent in the score board in right field. The ball bounded off toward the foul line. Flick, who was expecting the rebound the other way, did not see the ball come down. Quick as a cat he began scrambling up the ladder, thinking the ball had landed on the narrow platform, on which the brush artist stands. Amid roars of laughter from everywhere two runs scored and "Jiggs" dashed around to third. But Bay had grasped the situation, and, unable to make Flick hear, he did a hundred yards dash fast enough to stop Donohue from a home run.

Get a Good Start.

Just preceding that comedy bit, Jones had worked Bernhard for a pass, Holmes had laid down a perfect sacrifice, with two strikes already called on him, and Davis had shot a liner to center which Bay tried to pinch just off the ground and missed. Jones reaching third. Then Donohue slashed one a mile high, which would have cleared the fence but for the score board, and before the crowd had stopped laughing at Flick's plight, Isbell scored "Jiggs" with a single. Isey was thought stealing and McFarland grounded out.

Bernhard checked up the Sox for two innings, but in the fourth Isbell hit one on a line over second. Bay was playing far over in right for him, and, although he made quick time, throwing himself flat across the path of the ball, it eluded him and went to the fence, while Isbell completed the circuit. In the sixth the Sox pounded out four hits, and, but for a heady double play, with Lajoie at the business end of it, they would have scored more than two runs. At that the bases were full, with two out, when Jones shot a liner straight into Carr's hands, but for which it would have been good for at least two more tallies. In the seventh two doubles, a single, and a bunch of stolen bases manufactured two more runs, and Donohue was cut off at the plate by a nose.

Visitors' Small Portion.

The visitors threatened to score in the third and fourth. In the latter round they had the bases full on two singles and a pass, but there were two out, and Dundon cut off Bay's nasty bounder, ending the inning. Not until the ninth could the Naps score. Then Bradley beat out a bunt, Turner singled, and Carr doubled, sending Bradley home. Bemis popped out and so did Kahl, batting for Bernhard. Kahl's fly went to Dundon in short right and Gus let Turner go home on it, as one run didn't matter. Jackson skied to Jones.

CLEVELAND.

	AB	R	BH	TB	BB	SH	SB	PO	A	E
Jackson, lf	4	0	1	1	1	0	0	2	0	0
Bernhard, p	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Flick, rf	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Lajoie, 2b	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0
Bemis, cf	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Turner, ss	4	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	2	0
Carr, lb	3	0	2	3	0	0	0	13	1	0
Bemis, c	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	1	0
Bernhard, p	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
*Kahl	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	34	2	7	8	2	0	0	24	14	1

*Batted for Bernhard in ninth inning.

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	BH	TB	BB	SH	SB	PO	A	E
Jones, cf	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
Holmes, lf	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
Davis, ss	4	1	2	3	0	0	0	1	3	0
Donohue, 1b	3	2	2	4	0	1	2	12	0	0
Isbell, rf	4	2	2	3	0	0	1	3	0	0
McFarland, lf	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Dundon, 2b	3	0	1	1	0	0	1	2	4	0
Tannehill, 2b	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
Altrock, p	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	31	8	12	20	2	3	4	27	11	0

Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—2
Chicago	0	1	0	0	0	0	7	0	—8

Two base hits—Davis [2], Isbell. Three base hit—Donohue. Home run—Isbell. Struck out—By Altrock, Flick, Bernhard; by Bernhard, Tannehill, Altrock. Double play—Lajoie-Carr-Bemis. Left on bases—Chicago, 5; Cleveland, 8. Hit by pitcher—Bemis. Time—1:26. Umpire—Sheridan. Attendance, 23,269.

Notes of the White Sox' Game.

Dundon did the porch climber act on Flick's little fly in the sixth and saved a safe hit by a running jump catch.

The White Stockings rest today. The Napoleons hurried back to Detroit, where they are scheduled to play this afternoon.

Yesterday's was Chicago's fifth straight victory and Cleveland's fifth straight defeat. That is not counting the Sox's tie at Boston.

The great crowd packed every stand full, overflowing on to the roof and on to foul ground many rows deep back of first and third bases.

From Jones to Altrock, every player was given a hearty round of applause as he appeared at the plate the first time, and several times thereafter.

Donohue saved Davis a wild throw in the seventh and robbed Carr of a hit. "Jiggs" had to stretch to the limit to swear the ball with his mitt, but he did it and stuck to the bag at the same time.

Jackson got a scratch hit in the eighth. It looked to every one as if the ball hit the batter and rolled off along the foul line, so no one except McFarland started for it and Eddie couldn't get it in time to retire the batter.

Both Cleveland and Chicago have won thirteen more games than they have lost, which practically ties them for the lead. But because the Sox have played two more games than the Naps they are four points behind in the percentage figures, although they have won more games than their rivals.

In the sixth, with Davis at third, Donohue at first, and none out, the Nap infielders played close to Isbell at bat, a foot at Lajoie's feet. He scooped it up, saw that Davis was not going home on it, and then fired the ball to Carr, retiring Isbell. Davis was trying to try Donohue at second, so Davis started home. Lajoie yelled and Carr, turning quickly, fired the ball to Bemis in time to nip the runner at the plate. Three hits followed and scored two runs, however.

ST. LOUIS DEFEATS DETROIT.

Browns Win the First Game of the Home Series, Defeating the Tigers, 8 to 1.

St. Louis, Mo., June 25.—St. Louis signalized its return from a disastrous eastern trip by outplaying Detroit in every branch of the game, winning 8 to 1. Breakenfield, in the fifth inning, with no one on base, stole third and a moment later pilfered home, while Ford was getting ready to throw Koehler his third strike. Score:

St. Louis.	R	H	P	A	E	Detroit.	R	H	P	A	E
Rock'fd, 2b	1	3	2	2	0	O'Leary, ss	0	0	3	2	0
Stone, lf	0	0	3	0	0	Cooley, cf	0	0	1	0	0
Vand'll, rf	1	1	1	1	0	H'kman, 1b	0	0	5	1	1
Koehler, c	1	2	7	2	0	Crawf'd, rf	0	0	2	0	0
Wallace, ss	1	2	1	1	0	Co'ghlin, 3b	0	1	0	1	0
Gleason, 3b	1	2	2	3	0	Schaf'er, 2b	0	0	2	4	0
Sugden, 1b	1	1	9	0	0	Lowe, lf	0	0	2	0	0
Weaver, c	1	1	0	0	1	Donlin, c	1	1	0	2	1
Pelty, p	1	1	0	1	0	Ford, p	0	0	0	2	1
Totals	8	12	27	8	1	Totals	1	6	24	12	2

St. Louis	0	1	0	0	2	2	3	0	—8
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Two base hits—Rockenfield [2], Wallace, Crawford, Lowe, Donlin. Sacrifice hits—Gleason [2]. Hit by pitcher—By Ford, Rockenfield. Wild pitch—Ford. Base on balls—Off Ford, 1. Struck out—By Pelty, 7; by Ford, 1. Time—1:53. Umpire—Connolly. Attendance—3,200.

COLUMBIAN KNIGHTS LEAGUE.

Oriental Lodge Wins Thirteen Inning Struggle from Dewey Lodge—Other Games.

A run in the thirteenth inning gave the Oriental lodge a hard earned victory over Dewey lodge in the Columbian Knights league yesterday morning at Electric park. Score:

Oriental.	R	H	P	A	E	Dewey.	R	H	P	A	E
H.Hodel, 3b	1	0	3	1	1	Culler, n, cf	0	1	4	0	1
Brown, 2b	3	1	2	3	0	Meier, 3b	1	1	2	1	0
E. Hodel, p	1	2	1	3	0	Kubee, 2b	1	3	2	1	3
Daly, 1b	1	3	10	2	1	Wilke, ss	0	0	4	3	1
Clarke, ss	0	0	1	3	3	Kon'ka, 1b	2	2	8	3	1
B. Br'r, cf	0	0	1	0	0	Groth, lf	0	0	1	0	0
Flint, rf	0	0	0	0	0	Bryant, c	2	1	10	3	0
D. Br'r, lf	1	1	4	0	0	Johnson, rf	0	0	0	0	0
Roche, c	0	1	10	3	1	Ross, p	0	0	0	4	0
Totals	8	10	39	16	1	Totals	7	8	36	17	7

Oriental	0	0	1	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	1	—8
Dewey	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—7

Two base hits—Roche, Daly, Groth. Struck out—By Hodel, 9; by Ross, 6.

OTHER GAMES.

Pinzons	0	2	3	0	0	3	1	0	0	—9	7	4
Sion Acorns	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	—3	5	3

Three base hit—Johnson. Home runs—Benson [2], Conroy. Struck out—By Bents, 5; by Ohman, 7. Umpire—Desslinger.

Van Buren	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	—4	12	3
Illinois	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	—5	9	3

Three base hit—Ashworth. Struck out—By Tuse, 3; by Ashworth, 3. Umpire—Shafer.

Unity	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	—3	12	1
Liberty	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	6	6

Batteries—Kock and Gabe; Kose and Bingham.

Lakesides	0	0	1	2	1	2	0	0	0	—17				
Eugene Fields	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0				

Batteries—Post and Forster; Sternagle, Hoff, and Roeski.

Columbus	3	3	4	1	0	1	3	0	2	—27	26	4
Standards	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	14	6

Batteries—Kelly and Anderson; Rumsfeldt and Chwatal.

NORTH AMERICAN UNION LEAGUE.

McKinley	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	*—5	8	0
Vernons	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0—2	5	6

Struck out—By Waddell, 7; by Fitzpatrick, 6. Umpire—Connolly. Time—1:30.

Apollos	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2—4					
Foresters	0	0	2	4	3	1	0	2	0—12					

Batteries—Cunningham and White; Paulsen and Boettcher.

La Salle	4	2	1	2	0	4	2	3	1	—19	20	0
Douglas	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—3	9	3

Batteries—Meyers and Shaw; Hummell and La Rue.

Fellowships	0	0	2	3	0	1	1	1	*—12	9	8
Eurekas	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	0—4	7	3

Batteries—Donohue and Hanke; N. Gill and O'Brien.

Catholic Foresters' League.

St. Dominick	2	6	0	0	0	1	1	2	*—13	12	0
St. Rochus	2	0	0	2	0	0	4	0	0—8	7	2

Home runs—Lannan, Croft, Stephen. Struck out—By Croft, 7; by J. Stephen, 5. Umpire—McGrath.

De Soto	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	4—5	13	0
St. Louis	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	0—4	9	1

Batteries—Vanderwall and Fry; Buckley and Bonnetti.

St. Clement	5	0	0	3	1	2	2	*—24	31	4
St. Josophat	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0—4	4	7

Batteries—Soukup and Korinek; Dettlaff, Lalosky, and Rumpa.

Railroad League.

The Illinois Centrals defeated the Monons at Sixty-eighth and Halsted streets. Score:

Illinois Centrals	5	1	1	0	1	0	0	—8						
Monons	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1						

Batteries—Lohner and Guiltoyle; Middleton and Connor.

White Glants, 5; Gordon A. C., 4.

A drive over the fence in the last inning by Shields with McCormick on first gave the White Glants the only run needed to defeat the Gordon Athletics at the new Ashland park at Thirty-fifth street and Ashland avenue by a score of 5 to 4. Score:

White Glants	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	1—5					
Gordon A. C	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	0—4					

Batteries—Glenn and Shewbridge; Boyle and Walsh.

Illinois Glass, 5; Hot Corns, 3.

The Illinois Glass defeated the Hot Corns at Forty-second and Mijwaukee avenues. Devine struck out thirteen men. Score:

Illinois Glass	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	—5	11	1
Hot Corns	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—3	8	0

Home run—Shields. Struck out—By Devine, 13; by Steadman, 2. Umpire—Scharan.

Corpus Christi, 10; Monroes, 3.

The Corpus Christi team defeated Frank Child's Monroes at Hand's park. Score:

Corpus Christi	2	2	0	0	0	5	0	*—10	14	4
Monroe	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0—3	6	4

Struck out—By Finnegan, 7; by Simonini, 2. Umpire—Jack Pickett.

Buckeyes, 8; New Buffalo, 2.

New Buffalo, Mich., June 25.—The Buckeye Consolidated Oil company team of Chicago defeated the locals, 8 to 2. Eddie Lamont pitched a good game, keeping the hits well scattered. Score:

Buckeyes	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	2—8	17	0
New Buffalo	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0—2	9	4

Batteries—Lamont and Andrews; Middleton and Taft.

Wieboldts, 4; Gainer & Koehlers, 1.

Hanley's good pitching was responsible for the victory of the Wieboldts over the Gainer & Koehler aggregation at Gainer & Koehler park yesterday. Score:

Wieboldts	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	1	—4	6	0
Gainer & Koehlers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—1	3	3

Batteries—Hanley and Rundle; Ritter and Sternat.

West Chicago White Sox Win.

West Chicago, Ill., June 25.—[Special.]—The game this afternoon between the West Chicago White Sox and Austin resulted in a victory for the former by a score of 4 to 3. The feature of the game was the batting of Voss for the Sox and Butler of Austin. Batteries—Whittaker and Brosius; Prins and Butler.

Miscellaneous Games.

Olney, 7; St. Louis Leacocks, 6.
Highland Park Crescents, 16; Damens, 2.
Fort Wayne Shamrocks, 10; Marion Owls, 2.
Streator, 14; Joliet Standards, 0.
La Salle Eagles, 7; All Chicago, 4.
Bedford, 5; Swifts, 4.
Jacksonville, 7; Greenville, 2.
Pana, 6; Mount City Paints, 1.
Rochelle, 4; Kirkland, 2.
Glenwood, 5; Huntington Babies, 2.
Apollos, 6; Suburbans, 5 (eleven innings).
Auburn, 8; Garrett, 6.
Laporte, 12; J. R. Felix, 2.
Mokena, 2; Chicago Ravens, 5.
Richmond, 10; Bellevue, 7.
Mattoon, 7; Sorento, 6.
Hoosierville, 5; Dancus, 3.
Shelbyville Grays, 7; Red Devils, 1.
Union Giants, 11; Elgin, 7.
Hammond, 6; Fort Wayne, 5.
Kenosha Regulars, 14; Columbian Giants, 3.
Fort Washington, 2; Kenosha, 0.
Clinton, 2; Chicago Ravens, 0.
Peoria Gipps, 11; Havana, 6.
Aurora, 7; South Chicago, 6.
Desplaines Stars, 8; Chicago Blues, 0.
Desplaines Stars, 7; Princeton Grays, 1.

SELEE'S MEN HIT BALL FOR 18 RUNS

Engage in a Remarkable Batting Bee Against Cincinnati on West Side.

MAKE TOTAL OF 34 BASES.

Nine Runs Scored Off Harper in One Inning—Reds Get Two Lone Tallies.

Chicago's Fourth Nationals showed how good they felt as the result of their eighteen inning victory of Saturday at St. Louis by indulging in the greatest swat fest of the year at the west side grounds yesterday afternoon. The victim was Cincinnati, and after the awful affair was over the reds, weary from the toil of chasing hits, wandered to their bus and tried to figure out what an 18 to 2 defeat would look like in print.

Close to 12,000 fans, eager to see the men who had battled over twice the usual distance in that contest in the Mound City, turned out in the sweltering weather. The reception accorded the Fourth Nationals was certainly cordial, and when Schulte and Maloney, the men mostly responsible for the victory, hove into view for the first time the noise cut loose by the bleacherites could be heard all over the west side. Then some one slipped a bunch of American beauties into Maloney's hands, and the slaughter of the innocents began.

Scalping of Mr. Harper.

If ever a pitcher with any pretension to class got "his" in a manner more emphatic than did blond Mr. Harper, who was the main object of the locals' attack, it would require delving into baseball annals to disclose the fact. There was nothing unusual in the first inning, and even in the second, when the Fourth Nationals got their first two runs, no score would have been made had not Huggins made an error. This had followed a base on balls and then, after two outs, Weimer fired the first big gun of the bombardment when he drove a triple to center, sending two runs over the pan.

Three more runs came in the third, but only two hits were made. Harper gave two passes and Sebring bungled an outfield hit, which, with drives by Hofman and Evers, sent in three tallies.

Nine Runs in the Fifth.

Harper got by the fourth safely, but in the fifth there was an awful massacre. Twelve men faced Harper in that round, ten of them hit safely, and nine of them reached the plate. Maloney was dead when Chance fired a single. Then Hofman, Evers, and Casey placed bingles in safe territory and Chance and Hofman counted. Kling made the second out by "fanning," but Weimer beat out a grounder and Evers scored. Slagle dropped his third hit into safe territory and Casey scored. Then Schulte singled, filling up the bases, and a moment later Maloney caught the sphere an awful wallop and sent it flying out into deep center for a home run, cleaning up the bases, sending Weimer, Slagle, Shulte, and himself home. Chance then came up for the second time and again singled and stole second, and when Hofman banged out a triple the captain registered for the second time in the inning. While this was coming off Hofman also scored, making the bases. He turned third, but slipped midway between the plate and third bag, and was picked off, ending the disaster for the reds.

Manager Kelly took pity on Harper at the end of the inning and sent Hahn in to take his place in the sixth, although there was no longer any semblance of contest to the game. The Fourth Nationals, not willing for "Noodles" to feel slighted, continued to fatten their batting averages, scoring four more runs in the remaining innings.

Total of Thirty-four Bases.

Twenty safe smashes for singles, doubles, triples, and even a home run, amounting to a total of thirty-four bases, shows how hard the Fourth Nationals were hitting. Fifteen of these drives were landed on Harper before he finally disappeared. Ten of them came in the fifth inning, in which Selee's men ran themselves to weariness on bases. Cincinnati had got a couple of runs in the fifth inning, but they were forgotten before the end of the contest. Score:

CINCINNATI.

	AB	R	BH	TB	BB	SH	SB	PO	A	E
Huggins, 2b	2	1	1	3	2	0	0	2	3	1
Barry, 1b	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	9	1	0
Ovelli, ss	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	2	1
Seymour, cf	4	0	1	2	0	0	0	3	0	0
Corcoran, ss	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	0
Sebring, rf	4	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	1
Bridwell, 3b	4	0	2	2	0	0	0	2	2	0
Schiel, c	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	2	1
Harper, p	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Hahn, p	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
*Steinfeldt	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	32	2	7	10	3	1	0	24	18	5

*Batted for Hahn in ninth.

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	BH	TB	BB	SH	SB	PO	A	E
Slagle, cf	6	2	2	3	0	0	0	3	0	0
Schulte, lf	5	2	2	4	0	0	0	2	0	0
Maloney, rf	5	2	1	4	0	0	1	2	0	0
Chance, 1b	4	3	2	3	2	1	0	1	10	0
Hofman, ss	4	3	3	6	1	1	0	2	4	0
Evers, 2b	4	3	4	8	1	1	2	4	4	0
Casey, 3b	4	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	2	0
Kling, c	5	1	1	1	0	0	0	3	1	0
Weimer, p	5	1	2	4	0	0	0	0	4	0
Totals	41	18	20	34	4	2	4	27	13	0

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0—2
Chicago	0	0	3	9	0	6	0	0	*—18

Two base hits—Slagle, Seymour. Three base hits—Slagle, Schulte, Hofman, Kling, Weimer, Hugging. Home run—Maloney. Struck out—By Weimer, Seymour [2]; by Harper, Maloney, Kling; by Hahn, Casey. Bases on balls—Off Weimer, 1; off Harper, 3; off Hahn, 1. Double play—Corcoran (unassisted). Left on bases—Chicago, 5; Cincinnati, 7. Time—1:55. Umpire—Klem.

Notes of the Fourth Nations Game.

Cincinnati again today.

The Fourth Nationals never came anywhere near making an error.

There were "some" extra base hits. Count 'em and see for yourself.

Wicker or Briggs probably will pitch for the Fourth Nationals today.

Hofman took Tinker's place at short, as the latter remained at St. Louis with his wife, who is sick.

Slagle certainly did swat the ball hard. Five hits in six times up, one being a double and another a triple, is going some.

The reds and Umpire Klem had a few wordy sessions, which finally resulted in Manager Kelley being chased off the bench.

It is not often one player gets more than one hit in one inning in the major leagues. Both Chance and Hofman did it yesterday.

Harper certainly had an off day. That fifth inning was something awful, for he is considered one of the best pitchers in the National league.

The Cincinnati and Chicago clubs will be the guests of John Weber in Chicago on Monday night, when Weber's band will give a special program.

The reds made an awful howl when Evers dropped a little foul down near the plate in sixth inning, claiming the ball was fair and that it had hit his arm. Klem said it was foul and that settled it.

Every man on Selee's team secured a hit. Kling did not get his until the ninth, but he made it a good one—a triple. Maloney also got only one, but it came at a good time and sent him over the full route to the plate.

Hofman made a wonderful catch of a fly from Bridwell's bat in the second inning, but he fell after having the ball in his gloved hand and it bounded out. He claimed he held the ball temporarily, but Umpire Klem said "nixey."

PITTSBURG DEFEATS CARDINALS

Pirates Bat Thielman Out of the Box in Opening Inning and Win, Five to Nothing.

St. Louis, Mo., June 25.—Pittsburg batted Thielman from the box in the first inning today, scoring four runs on triples by F. Clarke, Beaumont, and Wagner and singles by Howard and Clancy. F. Clarke stole home with no one else on base in the second inning. Score:

St. Louis.	R	H	P	A	E	Pittsburg.	R	H	P	A	E
Shay, ss	0	0	0	0	0	F. Clarke, lf	2	2	1	0	0
Shannon, lf	0	0	4	0	0	Beaum't, cf	1	2	2	0	0
Arndt, 1b	0	0	9	2	0	Leach, 3b	0	0	1	1	0
Grady, 1b	0	0	2	11	0	Wagner, ss	1	2	0	2	0
Brain, cf, ss	0	1	0	3	0	Howard, 1b	1	1	8	1	0
J. Clarke, rf	0	0	2	0	0	Clancy, rf	0	1	0	0	0
Burke, c	0	0	3	0	0	Ritchey, 2b	0	1	2	3	0
Warner, c	0	1	3	4	0	Peitz, c	0	0	5	1	0
Thielm'n, p	0	0	1	0	0	Case, p	0	0	1	2	0
McFar'd, p	0	0	0	1	0						
Smoot, cf	0	0	2	0	0						
Totals	0	2	27	15	1	Totals	5	10	27	10	0

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pittsburg	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	*—5

Three base hits—F. Clarke, Beaumont, Wagner. Sacrifice hits—Peitz, Passed ball—Warner. Based on balls—Off McFarland, 2; off Case, 3. Struck out—By McFarland, 1; by Case, 3. Time—1:35. Umpires—O'Day and Bausewine. Attendance—3,100.

AMONG THE "SEMI-PROS."

WEST ENDS WIN FROM THE SPALDINGS BY SCORE OF 3 TO 2.

Williams Steals Home in the Ninth Inning with the Deciding Tally of the Contest at West End Park—First Baseman Burton Makes a Double Play Unassisted—Vance and Munch Pitch Cleverly—Other Games on Local and Suburban Diamonds.

The West Ends won on their own grounds yesterday from the Spaldings by a score of 3 to 2. Williams stole home with the decisive tally in the ninth inning. Vance and Munch each pitched well. Burton, the West End first baseman, scored a double play unassisted. As usual, there was a crowd of several thousand people. Scores:

West Ends.	R	H	P	A	E	Spaldings.	R	H	P	A	E
Williams, rf	1	1	2	0	0	Bothw'k, rf	0	1	1	0	0
Murphy, 2b	0	0	0	1	0	Clark, ss	0	0	1	0	0
Fenton, lf	0	1	1	0	0	Meier, 3b	0	1	0	1	0
O'Donoch, c	0	1	4	1	0	Graber, lf	0	1	0	0	0
Hertel, 1b	1	2	7	0	0	Casebolt, c	0	0	6	0	0
Hawkins, ss	0	0	1	2	0	Hill, 2b	0	2	1	2	0
Campion, 2b	0	0	2	0	0	Burton, 1b	0	0	16	0	0
McDon'ld, cf	1	1	1	0	0	Fish, ss	0	0	0	3	0
Munch, p	0	0	0	1	0	Vance, p	0	1	0	1	0
Totals	3	6	27	8	0	Totals	2	7	25	13	1

West Ends	0

REW IS FAVORITE.

of Courtney's
iscussed at
keepsie.

HE BETTING

Invitation and Go
Fast Spin by
getown.

..., June 25.—[Special.]—
trial of the Cornell var-
morning continues to
scussion throughout the
e Courtney will not give
o held the watch on the
t the Poughkeepsie reo-
ng of the past.
ienced the betting here
this time the Syracuse
o bet even money
s. Now, however,
ne majority of the
tions of the various
e here this morn-
dist church, which
ded in a body, the
ial prayer for the
crews. The Penn-
attended service in the
at Highlands, and lis-
discourse on "Chris-

by Georgetown.

on Dempsey ordered the
but for a spin on the
were in good shape. As
mile mark on the return
ed for them that he would
er the stretch the Wash-
ith a fine stroke, driving
h great speed. The men
e for the full distance,
two miles further when
rest. When seen later
he was perfectly satisfied
he men, and that barring
would make a showing

rd of the betting sharps
ing up the various crews.
g has been done. The
money up to date has
y that Cornell will beat
a's adherents are ar-
ing 5 to 5 that their crew
first.
t the record figures will
arsity contest, inasmuch
e rowed in slack water,
have been made under
nditions.

Holiday Attire.

town is beginning to
holiday attire in honor of
dy the leading hotels are
t capacity by enthusiasts
universities which are en-
ght that Wednesday will
wd ever known in the his-
. The observation train
bank of the course. Cor-
on cars exclusively. Syra-
na four, Pennsylvania
stin and Georgetown one
se a large number of ad-
rent colleges will be found
even cars which have been

at Gales Ferry.

on., June 25.—[Special.]—
carsmen spent today sail-
d sound. The Yale crews
around Fisher's Island in
n, recently purchased in
F. Piant and just brought
rd freshmen went out on
owned by F. P. Bacon of
e has a son in the Harvard
arvard varsity were taken
in his yacht, Emerald. All
fine condition, and having
, will practice starts until
a on Thursday.

ND BIG FESTIVAL.

napolis Comes to Close
—Chicagoans Make
od Showing.

nd., June 25.—Eighteen
a large number of whom
ty today, attended a picnic
, the closing event of the
orth American Gymnastic
ire of the day was to have
ement of the awards in the
on, but owing to mistakes
of the adding machines the
dual percentages in a ma-
s will have to be revised be-
can be ascertained.
vards, however, were an-

vaulting, hop, step, and jump,
bbing, and high jumping: First
ie Mang, Melrose turnverein,
oints; W. A. Merz, Concordia
7.13, second; Thomas Ernst,
Cleveland, 53.05, third; Max
urnverein, Indianapolis, 52.80.
ardt, Melrose turnverein, New

irst prize won by F. Christ-
ociety, Chicago; W. Boehmish,
n., N. Y., second; Benjamin
Milwaukee, third; William
St. Louis, fourth.
irst prize won by Edward
Cleveland; Emil Voight, Con-
econd; Arthur Schie, North

irst prize won by Walter Kel-
en's turnverein, Boston; Julius
e turnverein, second; Charles
t. Louis, third.
t prize won by Charles Eber-
Louis; Matthew Krug, Vor-
, second; John Mulvena,
third.
prize won by Central turn-
Co. 1-5; Concordia, St. Louis,
40 1-5; second; 41 4-5, third;
Social turnverein, St. Louis.

st prize won by Fred Engle-
nverein, New York, 22 feet 1
Emmerich, Socialer, Indianap-
s, second.
irst prize won by Fred Engle-
nverein, New York, 10 2-5;
Central turnverein, Chicago.

ize won by C. Waldhoen, Chi-
s Henry Kraft, Vorwaerts,
H. M. Maroney, Springfield,
reiner, Chicago Turngemeinde,
l; Baltimore, Md., fifth; Walter
Chicago, sixth; H. Hagen,
ia, seventh; Fred Vebel, Beeth-
; Wirt Chapman, North Chi-
H. Glaser, Vorwaerts, Chicago,
roney, Springfield, Mass., elev-

ing—First prize, Henry Kraft.

REIBER IN THE LEAD

Winning Owners at Mont-
k Track with $2,500—
Forsythe Second.

., June 25.—[Special.]—During
ing at Montgomery park Barney
on the most money. Through
erton, Tom McGrath, Dargin,
Dr. Gardner he has accumulated
he list, with the Kentucky firm
ythe second with $1,770 won.
others running in the Goldblatt
1,675. J. C. Cahn is fourth with
small string of J. Korsenewsky,
regor K., winner of the Bluff
t Summer handicap, comes next
e are the only owners over the
mark. Feicht, the Schreiber
riders with eight winning mounts
oldblatt has left for Cincinnati
e horses. His good colt Fargo
his last time out and will shelve

to Jockey's Mother.

25.—King Edward has sent $50
other of Jockey Evans, who was
preceding the Derby. The king
dent.

olis Derby Today.

., June 25.—Mamie Algol, 109
favorite at 4 to 5 in the betting.
of four likely starters in the
inapolis Derby, which marks
twelve day meeting of the In-
association at the state fair
. The other starters are Kling-
ining Star, 105, second choice
ckinger at 15 to 1.

CHICAGO BIRTH RATE BIG.

NEW YORK'S CLAIM DOES NOT ALARM HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Officials Say Statistics Show That Both Cities Are Tied, the Percentage Being 32 a Thousand of Population—More Persons Die in Eastern Metropolis than in Western—Doctors Declare That Peanuts Do Not Determine Sex.

New York's boast that the birth rate of that city will exceed that of any other city in the country does not inspire the health department of Chicago with any jealousy, nor does it believe that the storks have found the New York climate more congenial than that of this city. At the present time the birth rate of the two cities is said to be practically the same—viz.: thirty a thousand of population. The eastern metropolis, however, believes that its birth rate for 1906 will be thirty-two a thousand.

Dr. F. W. Reilly of the health department does not care to make any predictions concerning the future birth rate of Chicago. He referred to the government census of 1900 yesterday in comparing the healthfulness of the two cities. In that year the birth rate of Chicago was greater than that of New York and the death rate was far less, that of Chicago being 16.2 a thousand and that of New York 20.4. The number of children under 5 years of age who died in Chicago was 34 per cent less than New York.

Not in List of Duties.

"The Chicago health department," said Dr. Reilly, "is not charged officially with the duty of increasing the birth rate, no matter how it may be with the New York department. Here in Chicago we are chiefly concerned in decreasing the death rate."

Dr. Reilly referred to the last bulletin of the health department in which the death rate for Chicago for the week ending June 17 was only 12.01 per 1,000.

The additional report from New York that the people of Flatbush, Long Island, have discovered that a diet of peanuts will determine the sex of the newly born, and that there is the relation of cause and effect between the eating of peanuts and the birth of male babies, is not taken seriously by the Chicago medical fraternity.

Denies Peanuts Determines Sex.

Dr. C. E. Paddock said:

"It is generally believed by the medical profession that diet has no effect whatever upon sex. Peanuts, therefore, would not be a factor in the determination of sex."

Dr. Samuel Walker agreed with Dr. Paddock and added that the theory of diet as a determinative of sex had been exploded long ago. Dr. Schenck of the University of Vienna claimed to have discovered a way of determining sex by means of diet and published a book some years ago entitled "The Determination of Sex," but his theories were not confirmed.

Dr. William T. Belfield declared the peanut theory was beneath the serious consideration of the profession.

MOCK MURDER TRIAL IS HELD.

Chicago Junior Bar Association Holds Realistic Proceedings in Steinway Hall—Prisoner Is Acquitted.

The Chicago Junior Bar association held a mock murder trial yesterday afternoon at Steinway hall. Harold N. Gridley was acquitted by a jury in the "junior court of Cook county" of the charge of murder of Albert Coleman, a fictitious character, whom the defendant was charged with having killed in a shooting affair on March 12. Judges Joseph E. Gary, Frederick A. Smith, and Richard W. Clifford presided. Jailer John L. Whitman of the Cook county jail acted as sheriff. The sympathies of the audience were with the defendant throughout the trial and they displayed their pleasure when the jury returned a verdict of justifiable homicide.

JEWS TO BUILD AN INSTITUTE.

Plan Building on West Side to Contain Features for Young People.

Plans for a big building on the west side, which will contain a natatorium, gymnasium, class room, library, and dance hall, for the free use of Jews, especially the younger element, were discussed at a meeting of the members of the Chicago Hebrew institute at the West Chicago clubhouse yesterday afternoon. Following the installation of officers H. L. Reiwitch, the new president, urged the immediate construction of the building. Many prominent Jews have become interested in the work of the institute and it is believed that the new building will soon be a fact. Miss Jane Addams addressed the meeting and prophesied success.

SEEKS HEALTH IN OPEN AIR.

W. L. Steele of Evanston Will Sleep in a Tent to Cure Long Standing Illness.

W. L. Steele, 715 Michigan avenue, Evanston, has determined to try the open air treatment for an affection of the stomach from which he has suffered for years. During the summer months he will sleep in a tent in his back yard. A framework has been built which will be boarded within two feet of the top. This will be covered with cheese cloth, the roof will consist of two layers of canvas, treated to make it waterproof.

WAGON STRUCK, SAFE MISSING.

Trolley Car Hurls 400 Pounds of Iron Into Basement in a Collision.

A 400 pound safe was hurled from a wagon into the basement of a saloon at 421 Clark street last night, when a south bound Wentworth avenue car struck an express wagon at Polk and Clark streets. The driver of the wagon was not injured. Neither the motorman nor the passengers had noticed where the safe fell when knocked from the wagon and a delay of half an hour ensued before it was found in the basement of the saloon.

1,500 HOMEOPATHS TO MEET.

Annual Convention of American Institute Will Hold Sessions in the Auditorium.

Fifteen hundred delegates will attend the annual convention of the American Institute of Homeopathy, which will be in session all this week at the Auditorium. A discussion of prepared foods and medicines for use in treating patients will occupy a large share of the attention of the business sessions.

Welch's Grape Juice

is the summer hostess' best friend. Nothing you can offer your guests will be more greatly appreciated than Welch's Grape Juice, either by itself or made into a delicious, cold, refreshing punch.

Sold by druggists and grocers in quart and pint bottles. Booklet with recipes, free. Welch Grape Juice Co., Westfield, N. Y.

NEWS OF THE SOCIETY WORLD.

At the wedding on Saturday afternoon of Miss Dorothea Stewart Johnson to Mr. George Bragg Massey 2d of Watertown, N. Y., the guests received the announcement by Mrs. Lorenzo M. Johnson, mother of the bride, of the engagement of her younger daughter, Miss Lesley Stewart Johnson, to Mr. Ayres Boal, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Boal of Chicago. The wedding was one of the largest of the week, and took place at the Johnson home, Las Olas, Winnetka. Miss Lesley Johnson attended her sister as maid of honor, and Mr. Boal was one of the ushers. The engagement did not come as a surprise, since it has been rumored for the last two months, but the announcement at such a time proved doubly interesting, both young couples receiving congratulations. The wedding of Miss Johnson and Mr. Boal will take place in the early winter, in contrast to the summer wedding of her sister and Mr. Massey, who after the ceremony received the guests on the lawn which surrounds the Johnson house.

After the horse show exhibits at the Onwentsia club Friday and Saturday afternoons, the club will be gay with people, the dinner reservations already having reached a goodly number. Many of the hosts will entertain ten and twelve guests, and Saturday night Mr. W. Vernon Booth has arranged to have thirty. Saturday will be the gala day of the summer at the club, and after the horse show and the dinner there will be a dance. The house parties over Sunday will be many, and all of the fashionable folk now in town will turn out to celebrate the crowning event of the club's season. Among those who have made reservations for tables for Friday evening are:

Mr. W. Vernon Booth. Mr. Clyde Carr.
Mr. F. R. McMullin. Mr. G. F. Steele.
Mr. W. S. Gaylord. Mrs. J. W. Wakem.
Mr. Walter W. Keith.

Naturally with four days to pass before the show the number will be considerably more by Friday evening. The list of hosts for Saturday evening so far includes:

Mr. W. Vernon Booth. Mr. Albert H. Granger,
Mr. Orson Smith. Mr. Finley Barrell,
Mr. W. E. Clow. Mr. Walter W. Keith,
Mr. C. E. Pope. Mr. E. T. Russell,
Mr. F. R. McMullin. Mr. Clyde Carr.
Mrs. C. W. Dempster. Mrs. J. W. Wakem.
Mr. W. G. Hibbard Jr., Mr. James Heyworth,
Mr. W. A. Alexander. Mr. A. B. Dick.
Mr. W. S. Gaylord. Mr. Conrad H. Poppenhusen.
Mr. James Giles.
Mr. J. H. Dwight. Mrs. John Hannah.
Mr. F. Van S. Hibbard. Mr. G. F. Steele.

The Chicago girls who returned last week from Miss Porter's school in Farmington, Conn., were Miss Leonora Hoyne, Miss Anna Lockett, Miss Jessie Buchanan, and Miss Dorothy Williams.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick T. Vaux, 142 Astor street, have taken a house in Highland Park for the summer.

Mrs. Edward S. Worthington is staying at the Virginia hotel.

Mrs. W. H. Johnson and Miss Edna Johnson, who recently returned from an extensive trip through Europe, are now occupying an apartment in the Lessing.

Miss J. Elizabeth Wood, 3354 Michigan avenue, entertained twelve young women at luncheon on Saturday.

Oak Park gave a pretty wedding on Saturday evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John Burke, when their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Eileen Burke, was married to Mr. Albert Roy Kellogg of Clinton, Ia. Miss Mary A. Burke attended her sister as maid of honor and Miss Agnes Magan of Austin and Miss Anna Voss of Oak Park were maids. Miss Eileen Robb of Clinton, Ia., niece of the bride, acted as flower girl. Mr. Thomas McPherson was best man. Following the ceremony, which was performed by the Rev. L. A. Campbell of St. Catherine's church, Austin, a reception was held. After an extended wedding journey west Mr. and Mrs. Kellogg will reside in Des Moines, Ia.

The marriage of Miss Harriet Elizabeth Kellond, formerly of Chicago, now of Springfield, Mo., to Mr. Frank Boyden Williams, also of Springfield, will take place tomorrow.

The wedding of Miss Mabel Pearl Best, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Wilmot Best, 3610 Ellis avenue, to Mr. William Samuel Kies, will take place on Wednesday evening, July 12. The ceremony will be performed at 8 o'clock and will be followed by a reception.

The marriage of Miss Bertha Taussig, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Taussig, 4936 Washington Park place, to Mr. Fred Newmann will take place tomorrow afternoon at 5:30 o'clock at the Lakeside club.

Mrs. Julia Powers, 23 Kemper place, announces the engagement of her daughter, Lillian Emelie, to Mr. Thomas Miller.

The wedding of Miss F. Gosch, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Gosch of Crown Point, Ind., to Martin A. Gilbertson was celebrated at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. M. G. Braasch, 525 Hinman avenue, Evanston, Saturday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Gilbertson will be at home after July 1 at 528 Hinman avenue.

Mrs. Charles Levy of St. Louis, Mo., announces the marriage of her sister, Vada Watson, to Leo Emsheimer of Chicago on June 21.

Mrs. D. C. Franche and family have gone to Canada to spend the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert M. Graves have returned from Asheville and Fortress Monroe and will spend the summer at their home in Woodlawn avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Fischer of Los Angeles, Cal., formerly of Highland Park, are spending the summer at the Greenwood inn, Evanston.

CAUSE OF DEATH A MYSTERY.

Police Trying to Discover if Christ Schleiden Was Murdered in the Street.

Christ Schleiden, 893 North Whipple street, a cigarmaker, 40 years old, was found dead at West North avenue and Whipple street early yesterday morning. Joseph Kuhns, Edward Peterson, Leo Work, Robert Berg, and George Hylberg have been arrested on suspicion of guilty knowledge of the cause of his death.

Schleiden passed most of Saturday night in the saloon of E. Baurer, Whipple street and Wabansia avenue, and after midnight he started home with several companions, who say they encountered several strangers at West North avenue and Whipple street, and a fight followed.

It is said Schleiden took no part in the fight, but soon after it began he walked away a few feet and fell. When a doctor reached his side he was found to be dead. Lieut. Max Danner of the West North avenue police station investigated the case and found no marks of violence on the body, although several persons said Schleiden was beaten to death.

SUNKEN HULL BLOCKS RIVER.

Attempt to Two Old Schooner Winslow Out of Harbor Makes Its Position Worse.

When two tugs employed by the city to take the old schooner H. C. Winslow out into the lake and sink it attempted to carry out their contract yesterday, the old craft balked when in the channel between the Clark and Dearborn street bridges. The boat settled to the bottom, effectively blocking navigation through the south draws of those bridges.

It probably will be necessary to repair the hulk sufficiently to allow it to be pumped out before its last voyage can be completed.

For many years the Winslow has lain on the bottom close to the dock at the Clark street bridge, finally becoming such a nuisance that its removal was ordered by the city.

Willard Hall Noonday Meetings.

Willard hall noonday meetings this week will be as follows: Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, the Rev. R. M. Hobbs; Thursday, the Christian Missionary alliance; Friday, the International Sunday School lesson taught by the Rev. William Evans, B. D.; Saturday, the Gideons.

NEXT CONVENTION IN ROME

WORLD'S SUNDAY SCHOOL GATHERING IN 1907 TO ITALY.

Executive Committee Decides Against America on Grounds That Work Abroad Requires a Stimulus—International Body Held No Formal Sessions on Sunday, but All Protestant Pulpits in Toronto Were Filled by Delegates.

Toronto, Ont., June 25.—[Special.]—At a closed meeting of the executive committee of the World's Sunday School convention held last night it was decided to hold the fifth world's Sunday school convention in Rome in the spring of 1907.

It is really America's turn to have the next convention, but the committee held that greater good for the Sunday school cause could be done by holding it in a country where a stimulus is more needed. It was also said that it would be possible to get but few foreigners to a world convention in America, but that it was not unlikely that almost a thousand Americans would go to the Rome meeting. The influence of a world convention in America would be no greater than that of the international convention now in session.

To Aid Syrian Sunday Schools.

As one result of the convention at Jerusalem last year the committee last night voted an appropriation for the aid of Sunday school work in Syria, where two associations, Palestine and Beirut, have been organized. Work is also to be done in Japan, one member of the committee offering to defray the expenses of a field worker in that country for three years. A commission of three men, with H. J. Heinz of Pittsburg as chairman, is to visit Japan in the interest of organized Sunday school work.

There are no formal sessions of the international convention here today, but practically all of the 200 and more Protestant churches of Toronto had convention delegates in their pulpits at both services. The Sunday schools were all opened to the visitors this afternoon and many of the latter made addresses to the children.

L. J. Baker to Come to Chicago.

Lafayette, Ind., June 25.—[Special.]—Rev. L. J. Baker was ordained to be missionary pastor of the Church of the Epiphany at Chicago, at the special ordination service of the Chicago Lutheran synod this morning. At the closing home mission rally this evening the Rev. Mr. Boulton of Mishawaka, Ind., declared that the Lutherans depend upon effective preaching of the word and are not in sympathy with institutional work, gymnasiums, bowling alleys, and twentieth century fads as missionary and evangelizing agencies.

IRISH AND SWEDES IN OUTINGS.

Picnics Are Held by Societies—National Subjects Discussed by the Speakers.

The United Irish Societies held their annual outing yesterday at Fitzgerald's hall, Halsted and West Adams streets. The following officers were elected:

President—Daniel Hanrahan.
Vice president—James O. D. Storen.
Secretaries—John J. Cahill and Frank O'Rourke.
Treasurer—James C. Buckley.

Resolutions were adopted disapproving of any alliance of the United States with Great Britain.

C. R. Chindblom made the address at the annual picnic of the American Union of Swedish Singers at Elliott's park. He said that Sweden and Norway should never have separated.

The attendance was smaller than last year, because the Norwegians of the city were not present. The outing was for the benefit of the Swedish benevolent societies.

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READ

The opening chapters of Robert W. Chambers's powerful serial, "The Reckoning." The charming summertime short stories by well-known writers. James Barnes's timely and informing illustrated article on John Paul Jones. An important discussion of the Chinese boycott question by Harold Bolce, and many other articles, poems, etc., that will interest you.

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HE SAYS

"I never saw two such cities anywhere as Spokane and Seattle. If my eldest boy was large enough to be choosing a place, I would advise him to locate in one or the other of those cities, and it is a shake-up between them."

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BEARS OUR LABEL
Of Quality and Correctness
and we are prepared to sacrifice them as follows:

Silk Suits in Bolero and Long Coat Styles that sold from $55 to $110 we have classified in lots at $35, $50, $65.

The Richest of Voile Frocks, colors green, blue, tan, black; only one of each. Regular price $65 to $125, clearing price $55, $75, $85.

Wool Suits, light weight, eight or ten individual styles that sold from $40 to $65—Your choice, $35 to $45.

Separate Skirts, a small lot, one of a kind—your choice at $15.

Long Silk Coats and Broadcloth and Net Applique Coats, all dressy, full of style and freshly clean. Not more than twenty coats in all. Regular price $65 to $110—your choice, $40 and $65.

Smart Covert Three-quarter Coats, to clear, $30.

A Choice Line of Cravenetted Rain Coats, four different styles, three-quarter and full length, fifteen to twenty garments in all—your choice, $22.50.

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PREACH ON TRAIN WRECK.

TWO MINISTERS FIND TOPIC IN LAKE SHORE DISASTER.

Dr. Polemus H. Swift Is Reminded of the Speed That Kills—He Says Many Injure Their Health and Rob Themselves of Better Life by Mad Chase After Wealth and Pleasure—Bishop Fallows Speaks of the Engineer Who Died on Duty.

Two Chicago pastors yesterday found texts in the wreck of the Lake Shore railroad fast train last week. Dr. Polemus H. Swift, in the Austin Methodist church, was reminded by the disaster of the fatal "speed that kills." Bishop Fallows of St. Paul's Reformed Episcopal church thought of the heroism of the engineer who was killed.

"The terrible wreck of the Twentieth Century Limited the other night has made nearly every one think of the speed that kills," Dr. Swift said. "Many people have resolved never to travel on a fast train again.

"In this case the wreck and the killing were due to an accident, or perhaps to a criminal action, but there is a speed that is certain to kill, and from which there is and can be no escape. It is stated that the death rate in New York is on the increase and that this is due to the false life of that great commercial center, where the pace in the race for wealth and to keep up appearances is terrible.

Pace Brings Heart Failure.

"The prevalence of heart failure in our day is largely due to the intense life we are living. That pace uses up physical force, nerve energy, heart power, and the possibilities of the higher life of the spirit. Dissipation is sure to be followed by wreck and ruin. It is death to the highest intellectually as well as spiritually.

"There is a growing pace in American life that is destructive of the truest happiness, the surest development, the largest usefulness, the holiest ambitions, and the highest ideals. Slow down! That is the imperative order from headquarters. Dead stop and about face! That is the order that many must heed or all will be lost."

Preaches on "Duty and Heroism."

The subject of Bishop Fallows' sermon was "Duty and Heroism."

"True heroism is always linked with duty," he said. "It is never a mere rush or foolhardy deed. 'All that a man hath he will give for his life,' but all that a man hath, with life itself, he will give for another, under the impulse of a self-sacrificing heroism.

"Such an impulse was that of the noble engineer, Allen Tyler, who went to death with his hand on the lever when the Twentieth Century train was wrecked.

"It was a similar impulse that caused Engineer Archie McFee and Brakeman W. C. Keiffer a few months ago to uncouple their engine and make a flying run to a burning car loaded with 10,000 pounds of dynamite in the yards of the Baltimore and Ohio road at Connellsville, Pa. Just as the flames were reaching the explosive they put them out, regardless of their own danger, and saved scores of lives and an immense amount of property."

CANNOT SHIFT RESPONSIBILITY.

Each Man, Declares Pastor of South Congregational Church, Must Account for Own Actions.

"Responsibility" was the subject of the sermon preached yesterday by the Rev. Willard Brown Thorp in the South Congregational church. He said in part:

"That was a great and much needed word spoken last week by Messrs. Judson and Harmon, when they said that guilt is never corporate but always personal. The fallacy of a divided or shifted responsibility for wrongdoing is one of the most corrupting influences in our modern life. It begins with the foolish mother, who says, 'I'm sure it wasn't Johnny's fault; he got among some bad boys and they led him on.' It continues in the youth who puts the establishment that employs him in the place of God and does things under its orders he would never think of doing for himself. It culminates in the big corporation whose directors stand in a ring like Tweed's boodle aldermen, each pointing to the others as the guilty men.

"What we need is a reaffirmation of the truth first taught to Adam in the garden, that there is no such thing as a shifting of responsibility, and that every man must give an account of himself to God."

REPLIES TO NEW YORK PASTOR.

A. Arnold Ross Criticises Utterances of the Rev. Hugh O. Pentecost on Conscience and Temptation.

The statements recently quoted from the Rev. Hugh O. Pentecost of New York were criticised yesterday by A. Arnold Ross speaking in the Ryder Memorial church. Mr. Pentecost said that if people rid themselves of conscience and yielded to temptations every problem in life would be solved.

"Such a doctrine as this comes with a sense of shock to every man who has been taught to believe that man only rises to his godlike estate by resisting life's manifold temptations to evil," Mr. Ross said.

"It is a mistake of the metaphysicians and the masses to suppose conscience capable of discriminating between good and evil. That is a function of the reasoning faculties. Reason judges, conscience urges, and will acts."

SERVICE IS HELD FOR PASTOR.

First Congregational Church Unites with Dartmouth College in Honoring the Rev. S. C. Bartlett.

A service was held at the First Congregational church, Washington boulevard and Ann street, yesterday in recognition of the life and service of ex-President Samuel C. Bartlett, D. D., LL. D., of Dartmouth college.

A Tiffany window was unveiled in memory of President Bartlett in Rollins chapel, Dartmouth college, yesterday, and a simultaneous service was held in the Chicago church. President Bartlett was pastor of the New England church in 1857 and 1858 and one of the founders of the Chicago Theological seminary from 1859 to 1870.

The First Congregational church issued invitations to several hundred of the Dartmouth alumni.

PLEADS FOR "EVERY DAY MAN."

Pastor of Second Baptist Church Says Humdrum Duties of Life Are the Most Important.

Commonplace virtues were placed above the attributes of genius by the Rev. John Roach Straton of the Second Baptist church, preaching last evening to young men and women.

"The man who can walk and not faint," he said, "is at last the one who most blesses the race. Heroism is not alone in the dash of chivalry or the heroic charge of the battle field. The one who stands faithful to the ordinary humdrum duties of life is also great, for these are the most important duties at last.

"Gold is a costly metal, but iron is far more useful. Genius may dazzle us, but it is everyday goodness and plodding patience that keeps the world sweet and healthy."

CASHIER HELD FOR FORGERY.

T. M. Casey, Clinton, Mo., Son of Cattle King, Arrested for Forging Notes Aggregating $10,000.

Clinton, Mo., June 25.—Thomas M. Casey, cashier of the Salmon & Salmon bank, was arrested today on a charge of forging two notes aggregating $10,000, proffered by W. M. Stevens. Casey is a son of the late George M. Casey, known as "The Cattle King of Missouri."

United Turners' Reception Tomorrow.

The United Turners of Chicago will give a reception to the German Riege of Indianapolis tomorrow evening at Vorwärt's Turner hall.

COUNCIL IS TO REVOKE "ADAMS STREET LINE" BIDS.

Will Stop Proposed Rehabilitation of Ten Miles of Trackage at the Request of Mayor Dunne.

The most important matter slated to come before the council tonight is the request of Mayor Dunne that the old bids for the rehabilitation of the ten miles of the Adams street line be revoked. This has been agreed to by the committee on local transportation and is not expected to meet with any opposition. In order to avoid possible defeat, however, it is to be introduced as new matter, where a two-thirds vote is necessary to pass it, and not as a committee report. If the latter course was followed, on demand of two aldermen, it would have to be deferred one week. The desire for haste grows out of the fact that the bids sought to be revoked are due July 1.

The agreement in the committee, however, whereby this action is to be taken without opposition tonight, was that it did not carry anything more with it than the revocation of the outstanding advertisement, and all steps looking toward the installation of the proposed "100 mile system" would take their regular course in the committee and the council. It will not be possible to get around to this before next fall.

The finance committee has an ordinance to report setting the adjournment for the summer vacation at July 5, and, even if this is not agreed to, it is bound to come before this matter could be got ready.

The mayor said he will not have any major appointments to make at tonight's session. The terms of Civil Service Commissioner Meier and Members Bowers, Fyffe, and Egan of the library board expire July 1, and he expected either to reappoint them or select new members. It is not absolutely necessary, however, for him to do so, as the present members can hold over until their successors are appointed. There also will be a vacancy on the bridewell board.

Gossip has it that either William Prentiss or John F. Finerty will be named as civil service commissioner. There are those, however, who hold that Mr. Meier will be reappointed. The mayor has not indicated his choice, nor has he taken up the question of appointments on the library board at all.

It seems to be well established that Dr. Howard Taylor will retain his place as city prosecutor, and this started the report that Prentiss was to be made civil service commissioner. The original story was that Prentiss was to have Dr. Taylor's place, it being taken for granted something was due him on account of his having got out of the way of Judge Dunne in the mayoralty campaign, and with Dr. Taylor retained the civil service position seemed the most available one.

WOULD UPHOLD RIGHT OF WAY.

Man, Turned from Pathway on Riverside Golf Grounds, Believes Walk Is Public.

Chicago, June 24.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—I write to inform the public that yesterday, while I was passing along the pathway on the south side of the Desplaines river, between Twenty-second street and Riverside village, I was turned off the same by a caretaker for the Riverside Golf company. I then and there claimed a right of way on behalf of the public and demanded that a notice on a tree behind the company's clubhouse, which was pointed out to me and where the path turns around some swampy ground on the river bank, be taken down.

Now, I have passed over that way yearly for the last twelve years, and always believed it to be a public way. When I first saw it, it certainly appeared ancient. Whether it is public, I cannot of my own knowledge positively assert, as I am not an old resident. I write in the hope that some of your readers may correctly inform me on the subject. It is a certain fact that an easement or right of way may be acquired by the public over the land of another by prescriptive use. But the right must be continuously held. The golf society now claims exclusive property and has appointed a man to turn the public off.

It is extremely desirable that public rights of way, where they exist on the environs of a great city, should be preserved for the benefit of the public. A society should be formed to prevent individual and corporate greed in this respect; and any interference with public right should not be tolerated.

What is the sense of buying back at a great price in the future, what is given away today for nothing! Please understand that I do not argue for any right derived from the Indians, nor for the right to cross any bridge or bridges that may have been erected by the golf company over the Desplaines river; but for prescriptive use of the pathway along the south side of the Desplaines river.

JAMES O. MILLAR.

OBJECTS TO INSPECTOR HUNT.

Anti-Saloon League Protests to Mayor Dunne Against His Appointment as Chief of Police.

A protest against the appointment of Inspector Hunt to succeed Chief of Police O'Neill was sent yesterday to Mayor Dunne by William H. Anderson, superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of Illinois. The protest follows:

The Anti-Saloon League of Illinois, an organization of the federated churches engaged in the enforcement of law and the securing of additional temperance legislation, desires hereby to make respectful protest against the appointment of Inspector Nicholas Hunt as general superintendent of police of the city of Chicago.

We make this protest because the record of Inspector Hunt has made it evident that he cannot be depended upon for the enforcement of laws affecting the moral conditions of the city.

Mr. Anderson acted for the headquarters committee of the league.

LOCAL BANK STOCK MARKET.

The local bank stock market was quiet last week. Conditions several times noted continued to obtain. The low rates for money suggest moderate earnings, compared with previous years when the money demand was active. In these circumstances there is no inducement for insiders to buy their stocks on the score of a speculative advance. Meanwhile holders are not yet disposed to part with stocks purchased at somewhat higher prices.

The following quotations are furnished by King, Hodenpyl & Co.:

Name.	Bid.	Asked.	Book value
*Amer. Trust and Savings bank	268	272	165
*Bankers' National bank	300	305	153
Calumet National bank	150	151	141
*Central Trust Co. of Illinois	173	178	145
Chicago City bank	325	350	171
*Chicago National bank	330	340	242
Chicago Savings bank	155	165	113
Colonial Trust and Savings bank	206	...	149
*Commercial National bank	350	360	139
*Continental National bank	315	323	141
*Corn Exchange National bank	397	405	218
Drexel State bank	125	135	106
*Drexel Deposit National bank	200	210	146
Drovers' Trust and Savings bank	165	175	104
*Equitable Trust company	200	210	...
*First National bank	390	395	202
First National bank, Englewood	260	...	207
*Fort Dearborn National bank	165	175	123
Hamilton National bank	135	138	138
*Hibernian Banking association	290	300	204
Home Savings bank	350	...	205
Illinois Trust and Savings bank	600	610	248
Jackson Trust and Savings bank	135	140	122
Manufacturers' bank	105	110	105
*Merchants' Loan and Trust Co.	380	385	220
Metropolitan Trust and Sav. bank	145	150	134
Milwaukee Avenue State bank	190	180	200
*National Bank of the Republic	160	162	147
*National Live Stock bank	265	275	220
*Northern Trust company	615	640	265
Oakland National bank	225	...	169
People's Trust and Savings bank	120	...	...
*Prairie State bank	175	...	129
Prairie National bank	150	154	137
Pullman Loan and Savings bank	200	...	137
Royal Trust company	160	165	139
South Chicago Savings bank	110	115	116
*State Bank of Chicago	275	280	190
Stockyards Savings bank	165	...	146
Union Stockyards State bank	110	113	...
*Union Trust company	200	...	165
*Western Trust and Savings bank	180	185	118

*Listed on Chicago stock exchange.

LEFT FUNERAL INSTRUCTIONS.

Believed That Girl Killed by Sky Rocket Had Premonition of Her Death.

Cayuga, Ind., June 25.—The finding of a letter of instructions for the details of her funeral leads the relatives of Miss Madeline Ashley, who was killed by a skyrocket here a week ago, to believe that she had a premonition that death was coming in such a way that she would not be able to tell what she wished.

WEATHER RULES IN WHEAT

PRICES FLUCTUATE WITH CLEARING CONDITIONS.

Danger of Wet Harvest in the Southwest Starts a Sharp Advance, Much of Which Is Lost When the Sun Shines—Some of the Problems Facing the Speculator—Corn Receipts Increase—Oats More in Favor with Buyers.

Changing conditions of the weather have been the important influence in making wheat prices during the week just ended, as they are likely to be in the week just beginning. With the recollection of the previous two years, during which heavy rains at harvest spoiled the winter wheat crop in quality, reduced it in quantity, and prevented any early movement of consequence, to the serious financial detriment of July speculative shorts, the trade is extremely sensitive to any possibility of the repetition of such conditions.

The week started with weather rather favorable. There were only light and scattered showers and some optimistic private reports of winter wheat prospects, suggesting the possibility of a yield 100,000,000 bu greater than that of last year, encouraged selling and forced a moderate decline. The weather turned unfavorable, there were rains in the southwest, heavy in places, causing dealers who have been making offers of new wheat for shipment the first half of July to withdraw them.

There were rains also in the northwest, where they gave point to claims of the spread of rust and gloomy predictions as to the outcome of the crop, because of the poor quality of much of the seed used. Even authorities who claim no damage has been done up to date admit that the season has been cold and wet and that there is urgent need of dry, warm weather, although with such a change they claim a bumper crop can be made.

Speculative Trade Increases.

The unfavorable turn in the weather brought in a heavier speculative demand, bulls making use of the advantage it gave them and shorts covering freely, forcing a sharp recovery. But it stopped raining in Kansas on Saturday and the selling side became popular again. September lost ½c for the week, but July gained ⅛c.

Local cash premiums have been maintained and there were large sales during the week, not only from Chicago but from Duluth, to eastern millers. The movement of old wheat to market during the week was considerably smaller than a year ago. Milling stocks are undoubtedly more closely used up than in many years, and it is a reasonable assumption that flour stocks are in the same condition, as dealers for months have bought only enough to supply current demands. It is possible there will be a more active milling demand for the early movement of the new crop than ever before and that the high cash premiums will yield more stubbornly than usual. Most of the reports from the extreme southern edge of the winter wheat belt so far tell of disappointing yields and Texas millers are still buying wheat at Kansas City for shipment into that state.

Farmer Cuts Much Figure.

Cash prices must come down or the prices of the deferred futures move up to meet them, but when they will meet and where depends on the harvest weather, on the keenness of the milling demand, and on the disposition of the farmer who may have become so used to getting high prices for his grain and so well able to hold it until he can get his price that there will be less rush to sell than usual, even with favorable conditions.

The bears in wheat believe the winter wheat yield is so large and the spring wheat prospect so good that a big surplus will be raised and prices must go to an export level. The bull believes that with stocks exhausted to so unusual a degree and with domestic consumption annually increasing it will take a long time for supplies to become burdensome. The lighter crops raised in France and in India, and the steadiness with which foreign prices are maintained in face of the big Russian shipments, encourage them to believe that foreigners will have to take more American wheat this year than last, regardless of the price.

Corn Has a Reaction.

New high prices were reached in corn, old July selling up 1¼c to 55½c on the exhaustion of local contract stocks, which were down to 255,000 bu at the beginning of the week. A leading local bull interest in July was a heavy seller on the upturn, however, and this selling, with a considerable increase in the movement from the country to this market, forced a reaction of 2¼c, the market closing ½c lower for the week.

Local receipts reached 600 cars daily by the latter part of the week, and as country has been consigning freely arrivals are expected to keep liberal for some days.

Oats Firm and More Active.

There was a better tone in oats during the week in spite of the easy feeling which developed in corn, and the improvement was chiefly due to the heavy discounts prevailing under the other feedstuffs and reports from parts of this state and elsewhere of adverse conditions for the growing crop. The close Saturday found July ½c higher and September ⅝@⅝c higher. Short straw was talked of, and too little moisture in some sections and too much in others. The movement increased some, with the larger sales of corn, but showed signs of letting up late in the week. Cash demand was spotted, but a hopeful sign was the cutting down of northwest stocks to a small total, which is expected to turn the eastern buyers to this market.

Provisions were irregular, with ribs showing the only strength, closing 2½@7½c higher, while pork lost 20@22½c and lard 7½c. There were indications the principal longs had lard for sale on all the bard spots, and cash demand was slow. Cash ribs, however, sold better, and some of the buying was thought to be against sales. The hog movement holds up, causing some disappointment among those who were looking for a falling off in the direction of the usual smaller summer run.

Range of Active Futures for Week.

WHEAT.

	Closing June 27.	High.	Low.	Close June 24.	Close June 20, 1904.
July	89¾@¾	91⅝	87¾	90	85⅝
Sept	82@⅞	85⅞	82⅝	84⅝	81⅜
Dec	85¼	87⅛	83⅝	84⅞@⅞	81⅝

CORN.

†July	54¼	55¼	53¾	53⅝@⅞	47⅞
*July	53⅝@¾	54⅞	53	53⅝	...
†Sept	53⅝@¾	54⅞	52¼	52⅞	45¼@⅜
*Sept	53⅝@¾	54⅞	51¾	52⅞	...

†Old. *New.

OATS.

July	31⅝	32¼	30⅞	31⅞	28⅝
Sept	29¾@⅝	30⅞	29⅛	30¼	31⅝
Dec	...	31⅝	...	31⅛	29⅝

MESS PORK.

July	12.77½	12.75	12.47½	12.97½	12.97½
Sept	13.10	13.07½	12.77½	13.27½	13.25

LARD.

July	7.62½	7.80	7.20	7.85	7.62
Sept	7.62½	7.80	7.20	7.85	7.65

SHORT RIBS.

July	7.62½	7.70	7.52½	7.70	7.55
Sept	7.57½	7.95	7.72½	7.90	7.77½

Primary receipts—

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.
This week	1,836,761	4,348,540	2,515,020
Last week	1,646,394	3,158,040	2,917,299
Last year	1,079,754	3,201,587	2,085,113

Primary shipments—

This week	1,387,392	2,198,192	2,124,333
Last week	1,449,410	1,614,000	2,254,284
Last year	1,141,582	3,658,813	1,806,270

Clearances—

This week	24,000	274,932	228,723
Last week	36,068	227,436	90,624
Last year	261,511	256,707	97,947

GAINS IN WHOLESALE TRADE.

Markets Up to Normal Proportions on More Favorable Weather Conditions.

Wholesale markets drifted on in the same manner which has been noted for weeks, but with some further gains in the direction of greater freedom in moving goods to buyers and from the yards. Weather was favorable to growing and activity in trade more favorable for crops, and conditions were generally such as to bring trade up to normal proportions.

There was a fair amount of reordering of summer goods, trade in men's furnishings, light dry goods, and shoes was good. Work on new buildings was progressing well and plans which will bring further call for building materials were noted in the usual volume. Cotton traders had a bull market part of the week, and expectations of a heavy crop are not common. Groceries and farm produce moved well into consumptive channels.

"Pig iron presents this week enough points of interest for the entire metal market," says the Iron and Machinery World. "It is attractive chiefly perhaps because of its uncertainty. With a background of unvarying quotations for most other related products, there has been enough loosening of values in respect to pig to make the comparison sharply contrast. While the trend of prices has been unmistakably downward the last week, there are conflicting influences. It is the southern furnacemen who are leaders. There are still large stocks of unsold iron in the south, despite the efforts of holders to market the same by naming reduced prices. However, there are some furnaces that have sold about all the iron they care to at present levels and have instructed their representatives to book no more orders for specified grades, even car loads, without first submitting same to the makers. Some southern producers have had an excellent week, but others present a less satisfactory showing. The buying of pig iron has, on the whole, been light. Developments in the steel market turn towards a stronger market. Some important structural material mills are getting farther behind in their orders. Promising shipments in four months a few days ago, they now quote deliveries at from four to five months. The railroads, too, are persistent buyers."

EXPECT NAUGHT BUT DULLNESS

Britons See No Prospect of Market Recovering This Summer — International Complications Kill Hope.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
[Copyright: 1905: By the New York Herald.]

LONDON, June 24.—With the conclusion of still another unsatisfactory account members of parliament are coming around to the view that no serious expansion of business need be looked for until autumn at the earliest. Peace might upset all these calculations, but peace is considered still as remote as ever, and certainly there is no appearance here of any enthusiasm over the fact that some months hence delegates of the combatant powers will foregather at Washington.

A gloomy view has been taken of the relations between France and Germany, and now that trouble between Austria and Hungary appears to be brewing the tendency has become still more pronounced. Orders were received to sell a number of international securities, including consols from both Paris and Berlin, until political clouds have passed away.

The one section of the exchange exhibiting any appearance of animation has been the American market, prices of American railway securities having recovered appreciably. The demand has resulted from the expectation that America will reap abundant crops this year, that the trade balance in its favor will be large, that money in New York will be cheap for several months to come, and that in the autumn any serious pressure for money will be averted by her ability to import gold from Europe.

HEAVY TONE IN STOCK LIST.

Condition of Market Abroad Depresses Temper of Securities at New York.

NEW YORK, June 24.—[Special.]—The heavy tone of the foreign securities market exercised a depressing influence in trading here. Fractional declines were general in the London market.

Illinois Central, Missouri Pacific, Metropolitan, and smelters were the most conspicuously heavy features in the early trading, but dealings in them were not as large as the more active important issues like Copper, Brooklyn Rapid Transit, the Pennsylvania group, New York Central, St. Paul, Steel shares, and Harriman Pacifics, which were comparatively steady at fractional losses only.

The favorable bank statement was taken advantage of to pursue the prevailing disposition to realize, and prices ran off after a partial recovery, closing easy and at about the lowest all around.

Total sales of bonds, par value, $1,467,000. Bonds have been rather dull and irregular. U. S. bonds were all unchanged on call on the week.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, N. C., June 24.—Spirits turpentine—Firm; 59½c. Resin—Steady; unchanged. Tar—Firm; $2.00 bid. Crude turpentine—Firm; $2.50@4.25 and $4.75.

SAVANNAH, Ga., June 24.—Turpentine—Steady; 60c. Resin—Firm. Quote: A, B, C, $3.20; D, $3.35; E, $3.50; F, $3.55; G, $3.60; H, $3.70; I, $3.85; K, $4.05; M, $4.15; N, $4.35; W G, $4.60; W W, $4.90.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 24.—Turpentine and resin—Nothing doing.

Found Dead in Lodging House.

Thomas L. Burt, 24 years old, was found dead in his bed at the municipal lodging house, 12 North Union street, yesterday morning. The victim was a native of England and for some time had been a sufferer from tuberculosis. The body was removed to Sheldon's undertaking establishment.

PRICES RISE ON RUMORS

OPERATORS OF MODERATE MEANS ADVANCE THE MARKET.

Movement Accompanied by Largest Line of Tips and Information Handed Out Since Talk of Merging the New York Central, Northwestern, and Union Pacific—Money Outlook Continues Easy — Bank Statement Shows Increased Cash.

Operators of moderate means successfully advanced the stock market last week. The rise was accompanied by more rumors than have been put out since bull operators decided to merge the New York Central, Union Pacific, and Chicago and Northwestern. But the current talk is of much more moderate character and presumably the upward course of the market will be correspondingly modest.

There appears to be considerable substance in the reports of increased dividends, which have been utilized in advancing prices. But should all the increases mentioned be ordered they would not afford the basis for a bull campaign such as the large interests engineered beginning a year ago. Then there was a decided change in business conditions for the better. The entire country not only agreed with the market, but furnished the evidence in the form of increased railroad, steel, and other industrial earnings. Based on changed conditions prices were carried from 20 to 30 points higher than they now are. Since that range of quotations was established there has been no improvement in general business and the market has settled to the prices of today.

It is the belief of the large interests that with big crops it will be possible again to do something to get the public into the market, and the present looks like a preliminary skirmish in which the lightweights are free to operate, since there is no objection to a rise. But the so-called big people are doing nothing.

Easy Money Outlook.

The money outlook continues easy all over the country. In New York call funds lend readily at 2 per cent. In Chicago money on collateral can be had in abundance at 3% per cent. The largest commercial banks do not claim to be getting more than 4½ per cent, except on small transactions, when 5 is secured. But the 5 per cent money is offset by occasional loans at 3½ per cent at the trust companies.

From western banks comes the information that surplus funds are large. Bonds and commercial paper are purchased in the Chicago market to employ money not required by local demands. Even the south, which is a perennial borrower, begins to talk about its "own" money. Last year it required less than in previous years, while the west, although making a fair demand in Chicago and New York, did not cause any disturbance in money rates. The money market, therefore, promises well for the bull side of the stock market should crop developments be right.

Bank Statement.

The bank statement Saturday made a good showing with an increase of $9,512,200 in cash and a decrease of $2,048,200 in loans. Deposits gained over $6,000,000, but the cash account caused an increase in the surplus reserve of $7,885,175. The total excess reserve now stands at $15,094,375, against $38,452,675 last year, and $12,923,850 for the corresponding week in 1903.

The stock market was unaffected by the statement, for the small bull sentiment on the board was easily dampened by the news of the Franco-German matter. The changes in detail of the statement follow:

Reserve, increased	$7,885,175
Loans, decreased	2,048,200
Specie, increased	5,512,200
Legals, increased	1,000,000
Deposits, increased	6,508,100
Circulation, increased	705,700

	June 24, 1905.	June 25, 1904.	June 27, 1903.
Cap. and surp.	$ 254,926,300	$ 250,096,100	$288,882,000
Loans	1,102,812,700	1,066,813,200	913,746,000
Deposits	1,146,792,000	1,143,314,100	903,719,500
Circulation	48,080,800	38,970,100	44,088,600
Specie	240,980,200	240,980,200	169,230,000
Legals	87,423,000	83,912,900	70,063,600
Res. held	301,792,600	324,287,200	238,853,800
Req. res.	286,698,225	285,828,525	225,929,950
Surp. res.	15,094,375	38,452,675	12,923,850

Oil and Oil Certificates.

Petroleum—Easy. Refined, New York, $6.90; Philadelphia and Baltimore, $6.80; do in bulk, $3.95.

TOLEDO, O., June 24.—Oil—North Lima, 86c; South Lima and Indiana, 81c.

OIL CITY, Pa., June 24.—Credit balances, $1.27; certificates, no bid. Shipments, average, 76,377 bris; runs, average, 71,410 bris. Shipments, Lima, average, 60,772 bris. Runs, Lima, average, 75,495 bris.

Falls Into Subbasement; May Die.

Losing his foothold while at work yesterday afternoon at 138 State street, Maurice Gilbert, 56 Miller street, fell thirty-two feet into the subbasement and fractured his skull and received internal injuries. He was taken to the Samaritan hospital. He may die.

WE OWN AND OFFER

MUNICIPAL BONDS.

$400,000	Chicago, Illinois, South Park	4%
410,500	State of Idaho	4%
85,000	Madison County, North Carolina	5%
78,500	Topeka, Kansas, School	4%
40,000	Champaign, Illinois, School	4%
25,000	Cookeville, Tennessee, Water and Light	5%
25,000	Indianola, Mississippi, Refunding	5½%
25,000	Belvidere, Illinois, Sewer and Street	5%
25,000	Ironwood, Michigan, School	4½%
24,000	Minden, Louisiana, Water Works	5%
20,000	Denton, Texas, Water Works	5%
20,000	Pekin, Illinois, School District	4%
19,000	Urbana, Illinois, School	4%
15,000	Winnetka, Illinois, School	5%
15,000	Wahoo, Nebraska, Sewer	4%
13,500	Aliquippa, Pennsylvania, Water	4½%
12,000	Barnesboro, Pennsylvania, School	4½%
8,000	Bradley, Illinois, Water Works	5%
8,000	Harvey, North Dakota, Water and Sewer	5½%
8,500	Evanston, Illinois, Library	4%
8,000	Anderson County, South Carolina, School District	5%
6,500	Wabash, Indiana, School	5½%
7,000	Gainesville, Texas, City Hall and Refunding	5%
5,500	Dwight, Illinois, Street	4½%

CORPORATION BONDS.

$240,000	Green Bay Gas & Electric Co. (Green Bay, Wis.)	5%
100,000	Belvidere Gas & Electric Co. (Belvidere, Ill.)	5%
87,000	Northwestern Gas Light & Coke Co. (Chicago)	5%
20,000	Fort Scott Gas & Electric Co. (Fort Scott, Kans.)	5%
15,000	Peoria Gas & Electric Co. (Peoria, Ill.)	5%
13,000	Marquette Gas Light Co. (Marquette, Mich.)	5%

Descriptive circular of the foregoing and other issues sent on request.

MACDONALD, McCOY & CO.
171 La Salle Street, - Chicago.

FIRST TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.
Interest allowed on savings accounts at the rate of Three per cent per annum.
Authorized by law to act as Trustee, Administrator, etc.
[The stock of this bank is owned by the stockholders of THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CHICAGO.]

NORTHWESTERN ELEVATED RAILROAD
FIRST MORTGAGE
FOURS
LISTED ON THE CHICAGO STOCK EXCHANGE
PRICE TO NET, BETTER THAN 5%.
N. W. HALSEY & CO.
THE ROOKERY, CHICAGO
Philadelphia New York San Francisco

Notice to the Holders of
EQUITABLE GAS LIGHT AND FUEL COMPANY (OF CHICAGO)
First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Bonds:
Notice is hereby given that on or after July 1st, 1905, the above first Mortgage 6% Bonds (and coupons attached thereto) maturing July 1st, 1906, will be paid upon presentation either at the office of the Central Trust Company of New York, 54 Wall Street, New York City, or the Swiss Bank Verein, London, England.
Interest on the above bonds will cease July 1st, 1905.
PEOPLES GAS LIGHT & COKE COMPANY,
L. A. WILEY, Secretary.

BONDS
For immediate or July delivery
C. R. I. & P. Ry. Co. Gen'l Mortgage Gold 4s due 1988
Price on Application
Plympton Gardiner & Co.
232 La Salle-st., CHICAGO
27 William-st. NEW YORK

Wm. A. Read & Co.
Bankers
Members of the N. Y. and Boston Stock Exchange
25 Nassau Street, New York
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Investment Securities
Deposits received and Interest allowed on Balances, subject to Draft at sight.
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BANKERS
204 Dearborn Street
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Receive deposits subject to check and allow interest on balances. Act as fiscal agents for municipalities and corporations. Issue letters of credit. Transact a banking business and deal in
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List on Application.

JENNINGS REAL ESTATE LOAN COMPANY
BONDS FOR SALE
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING

A LARGE LIST OF.... **FIRST MORTGAGES**
On Chicago Improved Real Estate to offered for sale by
Royal Trust Co.—Bank
Full particulars on application
REAL ESTATE LOAN DEPARTMENT
ROYAL INSURANCE BLDG., 169 Jackson Blvd

Will Manage Finances.
Credits, and Correspondence for responsible Chicago firm or corporation. Can control funds if desired. Address L H 346, Tribune office.

ROUND TRIP **$25** CHICAGO TO
COLORADO
DAILY JUNE 30 TO JULY 4
$30 Round trip daily June 1 to Sept. 30.
THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE
CHICAGO, UNION PACIFIC AND NORTH-WESTERN LINE
UNION PACIFIC THE OVERLAND ROUTE
Special Personally Conducted Trains
From Chicago and points East, July 3 and 4, account International Epworth League. Low rates also in effect to Yellowstone Park, Salt Lake City, Portland and California points, in connection with the Colorado rates named above. No additional charge on Personally Conducted trains. Itineraries and full particulars on application.
TICKET OFFICES: 212 Clark St. and 120 Jackson Blvd. Telephone, Central 721.

COMBINING QUALITY WITH QUANTITY

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THE TRIBUNE GIVES WANT ADS THE LARGEST

BOARDING AND LODGING.

North Side.

16 ASTOR-ST., NEAR DIVISION AND LAKE SHORE-DRIVE, MAISON DU NORD — FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL; QUIET; MOST RESIDENTIAL LOCATION; 15 MIN. TO BUSINESS CENTER; EXCELLENT TABLE. PHONE NORTH 2096.

222 DEARBORN-AV.—FRONT ROOMS; ALSO single; with board; table boarders. Phone White 2866.

378 CHICAGO-AV.—FINE LOCATION; DESIRABLE, large front room, with homelike board.

548 DEARBORN-AV. — SINGLE; DOUBLE front rooms; private family; board; parlor.

206 CASS-ST. — ROOMS WITH BOARD; MODERATE prices; walk, dist. Tel. 4481 Dearborn.

Hotels.

HOTEL DEL PRADO—A SELECT FAMILY AND transient hotel (400 rooms), occupying the entire block between Washington and Madison-ave., Michigan-ave. and Midway-park. We have parlor and bedroom with private bath and board for two people, $20 to $40 per week. TRANSPORTATION—Illinois Central Express trains to 60th-st. station, 14 blocks away; only 12 minutes to city.

HOTEL TURNER, 33D AND WABASH-AV.—Without exception one of the nicest and best located family hotels on the South Side; rooms single or en suite, with or without private baths; electric elevator service; all modern improvements; convenient to elevated, Indiana-av., and State-st. car lines. Phone 838 Douglas.

HOTEL HAYES, 64TH-ST. AND LEXINGTON-AV., one block to Lexington-av. L station, surface lines, and 5 minutes' walk from I. C. 63d-st. station—American and European plan; rooms single or en suite, with and without private bath. Telephone 636-637 Hyde Park.

HOTEL WARNER ANNEX — NEWLY COMpleted and ready for occupancy; finely located; 100 rooms in 2 and 3 room suites, with bath, at very attractive rates; telephone in each suite; finely furnished. Grosvenor Park and Cottage Grove-av. cars. 5173 Douglas. McGUIRE & CORB, Props.

HAYDEN HOTEL, 152 E. 26TH-ST.—VISITORS to the city will save money, avoid the noise, dirt, and discomfort of the business center by stopping at the Hayden; American plan, $1.25 day, $7 to $7 per week; European, 50c to $1.25 per day. Take Cottage Grove cars.

HOTEL HOLLAND, 33D AND LAKE-AV.—American plan; permanent single rooms $7.50 up; en suite, with private bath, for two, $16 up; ten minutes' ride from the business center; suburban and express trains. Drive Hyde Park 122.

OAKLAND HOTEL, DREXEL AND OAKWOOD-blvd.—Best located, best ventilated; unexcelled table and service; a veritable summer resort, with city attractions; distilled artesian water.

THE NETHERLANDS, 1554 ASBURY-AV., Evanston, Tel. 244—Large, cool rooms, single or en suite; best cuisine; delicious veranda; best location; best service.

HOTEL GRANT, 214 E. 53D-ST.—NEW FAMily hotel; 8 blocks from C. express trains; 20 minutes to city; moderate rates. Phone Hyde Park 506.

WISCONSIN HOTEL, 22 WISCONSIN-ST., ½ block from Lincoln Park; permanent and transient guests solicited; 3 MIN. TO BUSINESS CENTER; EXCELLENT TABLE. PHONE NORTH 2096.

222 DEARBORN-AV.—FRONT ROOMS; ALSO single; with board; table boarders. Phone White 2866.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

North Side.

TO RENT—3 COZY, FURNISHED, STEAM heated housekeeping rooms in private family; $18 per month; to permanent adults. 714 North Park-av. ½ block from Lincoln Park cars. Phone 1029 White.

TO RENT—521 DEARBORN-AV., 1ST FLOOR; handsome single and double rooms; overlooking new, brass beds, hot and cold water, marble bath; phone; strictly up to date; two blocks from park; price no object if taken at once.

TO RENT—WIDOW HAS LARGE FUR. ROOM; steam heat, use parlor and laundry; light housekeeping allowed; ladies preferred. 1504 Buckingham-pl.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—TO RENT—ROOMS—LANDLADIES, many that have unique chambers are averse to advertising for reasons; they engage us to personally inspect their rooms and advise partially 20 minutes' details, in order to discriminate intelligently and serve best the busy man in search of first class home; having had 15 years' experience we are better prepared to place you; give us a trial; eliminate worry and save money. Retah Co., 907 N. La Salle. 171 La Salle-st. Auto. 2601. Central 4545.

BUSINESS CARDS.

THE PAGE WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO. WAS organized in 1880 and since that date has been manufacturing its high carbon steel woven wire fencing, which is now in use over 50,000 railroads and others. We buy iron ore, pig, and scrap iron which we convert into ingots, billets, rods, and wire. We galvanize the wire and weave the fence all in our own mills. If you own good land which is worth fencing in any part of the world, write for our catalogue and estimate for fence material or completed fence. AUSTIN CLEMENT, V. P.
200 Monroe-st.

PLANS FURNISHED FOR REINFORCING DEfective foundations of building, or to provide for additional stories; work superintended if desired.
WM. McCOY SMITH,
Civil Engineer,
Monadnock block.

PAGE WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO. INC. 1880. 50,000 farmers and others using our product. If you wish to know more, write AUSTIN CLEMENT, V. P. 200 Monroe-st. Chicago.

BURGLARS—WE KEEP 'EM OUT. MURLET-SLAUSEN CO., 176 S. Clinton-st. Tel. Main 2003.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

FOR SALE—MILLIONS OF FEET OF 2D HAND lumber, practically new, free of nails; all sizes; also 5,000 doors, windows, sash, closets, bathtubs, radiators, piping, valves, boilers, and engines, etc. Main sidescreen and yard, 35th and Wentworth-av. Phone South 1384.

S. KRUG, 167 Dearborn-st.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, ETC.

FOR SALE—SECOND HAND BILLIARD AND pool tables; we rent tables with privilege of buying. Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 263 and 265 Wabash-av.

BOATS, YACHTS, ETC.

ILLINOIS PRINCESS LAUNCH, $180. Complete with engine; other bargains that will interest you. Call up or write us.
Illinois Boat Mfg. Co., Inc.), Room 315, 40 Dearborn-st. Phones Cent. 3779. Automatic 5853.

FOR SALE—40 FT. LAUNCH, NORMA; 8 FT. beam; mak. cabin; 18 h. power. R. WILSON, 103 Stevenson-st., Pullman, Ill.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

ATTENTION, CAPITALISTS AND PROMOTERS — For Sale—240 acre ranch, 9½ miles S. of Boulder, Colo., and only 30 miles from Denver. This ranch is underlaid with high grade bituminous coal, the veins ranging from 3 to 6 feet in thickness; several thousand dollars worth of machinery has been installed and the mine is now in active operation; a spur should shortly be constructed 6 miles, tapping main line of the Colorado Southern railroad. This would enable operators to move 100 tons of coal per day for 25 years to come. Present prices range from $3.50 to $4.50 per ton. In addition to the coal there are millions of tons of the finest grade of fire clay, which experts say will make a fire brick worth from $25 to $35 per thousand. As the supply of both coal and clay is practically inexhaustible, and as with the coal at hand to burn the clay, brick can be produced more cheaply than anywhere else, no more attractive proposition can be found for ample capital. As a ranch proposition alone it is worth $100 per acre. There are 190 acres under plow, and abundant irrigation. Old settlers say that this ranch has produced as high as 60 bushels of wheat to the acre one season. There is a good orchard on the place, which produces from 300 to 400 bushels of apples per annum; 3 room house and fairly good barn and fences. Formed owner who lost the place through litigation and drink refused $36,000 for it several times. Present owner lacks both time and capital with which to develop property. Will therefore sell entire property, ranch, coal, clay, machinery, and all, for $24,000 spot cash; warranty deed; perfect title; abstract to stand field investigation. No risk or speculation about it. See owner, DR. HALL, 113 Adams-st.

WANTED—MANUFACTURING PLANTS. PARTIES WHO DESIRE TO CONSIDER REMOVAL OF PRESENT PLANT AND BUSINESS OR WHERE THERE IS INADEQUATE HOUSING IN ANY MANUFACTURING OR OTHER ENTERPRISE CAN LEARN ALL ABOUT THIS MOST DESIRABLE, CENTRALLY LOCATED CITY IN THE COUNTRY WHERE THERE ARE NO STRIKES OR LABOR TROUBLES; WHERE THERE EXISTS THE MOST LIBERAL ENCOURAGEMENT ARE OFFERED TO GOOD ENTERPRISES BY CALLING ON OR ADDRESSING LANE TO D. W. COONS, WHO ARE HEADQUARTERS NORTHERN HOTEL, CHICAGO, ILL.

WE WANT TEN RESIDENTS OF ILLINOIS, from different localities of the state, as stockholders in a new manufacturing corporation; company; men of good local reputation; prefer bank cashiers, business men, or insurance agents; also want a live man of responsible standing to look after and investments for the company, and able to give personal bond for cash handled until company starts writing insurance; references required; invest at once, as we hope to commence work very soon. U. S. A. & L. Ins. Co., 1311 Champlain Bldg.

SALESMEN—WE HAVE ORGANIZED "A MAIL order house for the retail trade" and want a retailer to use all supply house catalogs as his own; we also have the necessary evidence to convince the consumer that his local dealer can and will benefit him in competition with catalog houses; we want bright salesmen with some cash to join us. Address X 880, Tribune office.

IF YOU HAVE A PROPOSITION NEEDING cash submit it to me before it gets damaged by being thrown with the rest. Loan to property owners and fair treatment. My commissions are moderate. Municipal and railroad bonds for sale. List on application.
505-8 Stock Exchange Building.

FOR SALE—A GOOD SALOON AND 14 ROOM hotel; come and see for yourselves. 536 N. Clark-st.

CLEANERS AND DYERS.

MANHATTAN STEAM DYE WORKS—
ALBERT MUSIL, Cleaners and Dyers,
1378 W. Madison-st. Phone Seeley 764.

AUG. SCHWARZ LADIES' AND GENTS' GARment cleaning and dyeing, 1516 Dearborn-st., 539 W Madison-st. Tel. Main 3520.

COOK & McLAIN, 86 Dearborn-st., Phone Main 2094; 54 and 56 39th-st., Phone Oak 539; 5554 Madison-st., Phone Austin 113.

DAVID WEBER, THE EXPERT,
3323 State-st. BRANCHES: 118 E. 43d-st., 226-st. and Michigan-av. Phone Douglas 524.

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S. H. STARR, 175 N. CLARK-ST. PHONE NORTH 1118. HIGHEST PRICES FOR LADIES' AND GENTS' CLOTHING AND DINNER GOWNS, OPERA COATS, AND FURS.

H. S., 474 N. CLARK-ST., PAYS THE HIGHEST price for ladies' and gentlemen's castoff clothing. Phone 3961 Dearborn.

H. STARR, 807 S. STATE. PHONE 3686 HARRISON, pays highest cash price for ladies' and gents' castoff clothing, sealskins, and furs.

CLOTHING, FURS, ETC.

FURS STORED, REMODELED, REPAIRED, made to order. P. Svendsen, designer and furrier, formerly with Chas. Stevens & Bros., 95 E. Washington-st. Tel. Market 1229. Will send for them.

CANDIES.

CONFECTIONERY, FINE BONBONS AND chocolates for sale throughout the United States. Send for wholesale and retail catalogue.
C. F. GUNTHER, Confectioner, 212 State-st.

COWS, BIRDS, DOGS, ETC.

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WANTED—WEST SIDE IMPROVED PROPerty; we have cash buyers and can make quick sale; call at once. L. S. COREN, 513 Jefferson-st.

WANTED—$1,000 to $5,000, 34 Washington-st.

WANTED—SEVERAL 2 AND 3 FLAT BLDGS. in W. S. cor. preferred; must be bargains for cash. J. C. HART & CO., 413, 59 Dearborn.

WANTED—WILL PAY CASH FOR BARGAIN IN 2 or 3 flat brick. FAY C. P. SCHULTZ, 163 Randolph-st.

WANTED—WE ARE QUICK CASH BUYERS of improved or vacant West Side property. S. E. CORNER & CO., 1504 Washington-st.

WANTED—WE PAY CASH FOR IMPROVED South Side bargains and close deals quickly. W. H. BOWERS & CO., 3507 Indiana-av.

WANTED — DESIRABLE VACANT TO IMprove. Forsyth Building Co., 513, 84 La Salle-st.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE—by FT. CORNER; RIPE FOR improvement; worth $4,000; price $2,500; equity in improved. F. D. CALLAN & CO., 145 La Salle-st. Central 824.

FOR EXCHANGE—2 FLAT, BRICK, 4 AND 4 rooms, hot water heat, price $3,000; equity $1,500; will take good vacant. WM. ZEUTELL, 1001, 155 La Salle.

FOR EXCHANGE—FOR CLEAR LAND, FINE mercantile store and flat building; unincumbered; actual value $6,000; splendid village trade. Address X 257, Tribune office.

TO EXCHANGE—I WILL GIVE CLEAR VAcant lot and cash for $7,000 equity in six flat bldg.; prefer S. S. Address L O 213, Tribune office.

TO EXCHANGE—BRICK HOUSE NEAR ADA and Madison and 50 feet Ravenswood, clear, for like equity. STEWART, 1108, 163 La Salle-st.

TO EXCHANGE—CLEAR $500 LOT FOR IMPD equity. STEWART, 1108, 163 La Salle-st.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

JENNINGS REAL ESTATE LOAN COMPANY, First National Bank Building.
MAKES BUILDING LOANS IN 24 HOURS.

LOANS— LOWEST RATES.
HENRY W. HOWE & CO.,
201 Tacoma Building.

LOW RATES ON IMPROVED PROPERTY—Very favorable terms; exceptional facilities for building loans.
E. G. PAULING, 132 La Salle-st.

WELL PAY YOUR INTEREST, TAXES, OR debts and take 2d mortgage on income property to secure advances. Loans made in 24 hours. CHARLES M. HENRY, 1001 Chamber of Com. Bldg.

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LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE.

WE HAVE A FINE TWO STORY and basement store building, 20x80, with vault, to lease on Chicago improved real estate at low-est rates; also delay; we pass on security.

MONEY TO LOAN—
On city property at lowest rates; prompt service.
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REYNOLDS & ROSE
Make loans on Chicago real estate at lowest rates.

$50,000 TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE, 5 per cent, first gold mortgages for sale.
C. CISSELL & BANKER, 94 La Salle-st.

REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES FOR SALE—$1,100, $2,200, $2,500, $2,600, $5,500. Room 1309, 79 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—CHEAP—ON CITY REAL estate. CHARLES H. DUNHAM & CO., 100 Washington-st.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE.
R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 517 Chi. Stock Exchange.

REAL ESTATE LOANS AT LOWEST PREVAILing rates. Building loans wanted. No delays. CHICAGO LOAN & DISCOUNT CO., Suite 912 Fort Dearborn Bldg., 134 Monroe-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—
Special attention to builders.
Call and get our terms.
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402 Chamber of Commerce.

WANTED—LOAN OF $2,000 FOR 3 YEARS ON 9 room frame residence, stone foundation, steam heat, near north end of Lincoln park; built 3 years ago by owner; 5½% interest. Address K N 101, Tribune office.

MONEY TO LOAN—
ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY
from 4 to 6 per cent,
according to amount of security.
MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—4750 LANGLEY-AV., VERY DESIRable, 8 rooms, stone front, furnace, $40; owner will show, day, evening.

TO RENT—FOR THE SUMMER, 10 ROOM FURnished house; pleasantly situated in good neighborhood; right price to the right people; good references required. Inquire 5119 Madison-av.

TO RENT—DWELLING, 2014 MICHIGAN-AV., to a private family only. SEYMOUR MORRIS, 135 Adams-st.

TO RENT—10-ROOM MODERN STEAM HEATed house, fine condition, S. S.; possession now; $45. Tel. Douglas 1815.

TO RENT—36 GROVELAND PARK—BROWN stone residence, 12 rooms; thoroughly modern. Apply to JOHN B. MALLERS, 226 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—3626 ELLIS PARK; 9 R. STONE, $35; will decorate; open; Tel. Doug. 6124.

TO RENT—9 ROOM MODERN BROWN STONE, 475 Bowen-av., near Grand-blvd.

North Side.

TO RENT—AT MODERATE RENTAL—
TEN AND TWELVE ROOM PRIVATE RESIDENCES IN THE
McCormick Theological Seminary grounds on Chalmers-pl., Belden and Fullerton-avs., between North Halsted-st. and Seminary-av. Excellent location. Churches and schools in immediate neighborhood. Fullerton-av. station of the Northwestern Elevated railroad on west end of grounds. Lincoln-av., Fullerton-av., and Halsted-st. surface lines pass the property.
Apply to
GODDEN, SHELDON & CO., RENTING AGENTS.
34 Clark-st. Telephone Main 1015.
Or at office of seminary. Telephone North 1098.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED EIGHT ROOM house for July and Aug.; large grounds, beautiful lawn; shade; $35 mo. 654 Cleveland-av.

TO RENT—SUMMER, MODERN FURNISHED house, near lake; verandas. Tel. 3344 Sheridan.

Suburban.

TO RENT—EVANSTON—11 ROOMS, FURNISHed, for the summer; central, facing lake and park; two verandas, large lot; abundant shade. Address K J 208, Tribune office.

Summer Resorts.

TO RENT—BOSTON HARBOR—TWO 12 ROOM cottages, one-half hour from Boston, directly on ocean; lake boat at Village Villa. Apply to J. L. EMMET, 4202 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—OR SALE—NEW 7 ROOM COTTAGE, Saugatuck, Mich.; oak floors, natural finish trim; cistern and fireplace. RUEL, 6616 Monroe-av.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—5 ROOM FRONT FLAT, UNFURnished, $25; also 3 r. and bath furnished, $20; outside rooms, $20; steam heat, elevator, all conveniences. 3063 Wabash-av. Phone 609 Douglas. MISS WADSWORTH, or 1214, No. 79 Dearborn-st. H. AMES.

TO RENT—N. W. COR. DREXEL-BLVD. AND 45th-st., exquisite new apartments of 7, 8, 9, and 10 rooms; 3 baths; solid mahogany finish; every modern convenience. Apply to attendant at building, or to
WORTHINGTON, 301 E. 45th-st.

TO RENT—5542 PRAIRIE-AV., FLAT 5, ROOMS; unusually desirable place; faces east; well planned; sunlighted rooms; near Washington park and Garfield-blvd. Block 55th-st. L. station; convenience; rent $32; make reduction.

TO RENT—5 A., WOODLAND PARK; A BEAUtiful private park, between 33d and 35th-sts., facing Lake Michigan; a 1st duplex heated apartment; 6 rooms; perfect order; rent reduced; 1 block 36th-st. station I. C. R. R.

TO RENT—FOUR LARGE ROOMS; VERY MODern; must leave city very soon, will make sacrifice in rent. Address B 394, Tribune office.

TO RENT—2D FLOOR, 6 ROOM FLAT; ALL hardwood, steellar finish; large yard; plenty light. Call, 34 flat, 4140 Calumet-av.

TO RENT—THE MONTEREY, 63 E. 39TH-ST., 4, 5, and 6 rooms; steam; $16 to $23. W. F. PAINE & SON, 74 La Salle-st. Tel. Harrison 1554.

TO RENT—FLATS, $10 AND UP; HOUSES, $25 to $200. Also bargains for sale. Call on E. E. BALDWIN & CO., 35th and Indiana-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED; COOL 3 AND 4 RM. flats on shady Kenwood; 1 or more months; $20 up. Call 4521 Lake-av.

TO RENT—ONE LENOX FLAT, 4 ROOMS; $21 winter, $19 summer; steam, hot water, bath, range; nr. L. C. R. R. Office, 3537 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—CHOICE 8 AND 3 ROOM FLATS; "Pickwick," Mich.-av. and 20th-st. See janitor.

TO RENT—4006 VINCENNES-AV., 7 ROOM modern steam heated flat; $30. See janitor.

TO RENT—4 AND 5 ROOMS, $22 AND $25; 7 room, cor., $35; modern; elevator. 3105 Calumet.

TO RENT—3626 ELLIS PARK; 9 R. STONE, $35; will decorate; open. Tel. Doug. 6124.

TO RENT—NEW MODERN 8 ROOM FLATS, cheapest rent on boulevard. 3549 Grand-blvd.

TO RENT—2829 CALUMET-AV., TWO ROOM flats; steam heat, hot water, range; adults; $12.

West Side.

TO RENT—BEAUTIFUL 6 R., LIGHT, COOL, quiet, new apartment bldg. (s. h., h. w., j. s.); delightfully situated; broad lawns, shade, etc. Apply 220 S. Willow-av., Austin.

TO RENT—S. W. COR. ASHLAND-AV. AND Walnut-st., near Lake-st. L. and Union Park; 6 room flats; steam heat, hot water, and janitor service; rents $24 and $25. See janitor.

North Side.

TO RENT—4 ROOMS, NEAR CHICAGO-AV.; stove heat; fine light; $11.
BOAL, HUSTON & CO., 97 Clark-st.

TO RENT—1223 LAWRENCE-AV.—I HAVE A new up to date 4 room flat; special price; between 4-6 p. m.

TO RENT—493 EVANSTON-AV., NEW 4 OR 5 room steam heated flat; all improvements; special price to desirable tenants; call today.

TO RENT—ONE MODERN STEAM HEATED 6 room apartment, newly decorated; walking distance. 51 Lincoln Park-blvd.

TO RENT—BEAUTIFUL LIGHT, MODERN 7 large room apartment, near Lincoln Park; reasonable. 1947 Deming-place.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED SIX ROOM flat, or will rent rooms single or en suite. 198 Cass-st. Phone 3451 Dearborn. Walking distance.

TO RENT—4 ROOM FUR. FLAT—$30; SHERIdan Pk.; 4 blks. for sum. 1063 Lawrence-av. P. S.

TO RENT—MY NEW 4 ROOM FLAT. APPLY 323 Winthrop-av., between 2 and 4 p. m.

TO RENT—235 WINTHROP-AV., MODERN 5 room flat; special inducements. Apply 4 to 6 p. m.

TO RENT—FINE 6 R. STEAM HEATED FLAT, $30. See janitor. 2319 N. Hermitage-av.

TO RENT—GOOD LIGHT FLAT, 4 ROOMS AND bath, 1376 No. Halsted-st. near Diversey-blvd.

TO RENT—MODERN FLAT, 1ST FLOOR. SEE janitor, 438 Dearborn-av.

TO RENT—FLATS.

North Side.

TO RENT—BUENA PARK—OWNER HAS TWO 6 room and one 5 room APARTMENT LEFT IN THE NEW BUILDING N. E. COR. EVANSTON-AV. AND EDGECOMB-PL., 2 BLOCKS N. E. OF SHERIDAN-RD. EXPRESS STATION N. W. R. R. TWO BLOCKS FROM LAKE. THE MOST BEAUTIFUL LOCATION ON THE CITY'S NORTH SHORE. TODAY AND MAKE OFFER; IF ANYWHERE WITHIN REASON IT WILL BE ACCEPTED, AND IS YOUR CHANCE TO OBTAIN A GREAT BARGAIN. AGENT ON PREMISES WILL SHOW AND GIVE PARTICULARS.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FLAT, 5 ROOMS, North Side, intersection Rush and N. State; cool and light; fine neighborhood; near car line. Address A 307, Tribune office.

TO RENT—N. W. COR. GRACE AND ROKEBY-sts., elegant corner apartment, 5 rooms, $35; also 4 rooms, $27.50.
HENRY G. WELLS & CO., 1290 Sheridan-rd.

TO RENT—VERY DESIRABLE EIGHT ROOM apartment in The Walton, Clark and Locust-sts.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO.,
34 Clark-st.

TO RENT—NEW, NEATLY FURNISHED FLAT, 6 rooms; modern; N. W. Wilson-av. station; man and wife or adults; near lake; piano; references. 236 Winthrop-av.

Suburban.

TO RENT—CHARMING EVANSTON APARTment, very modern; $40. 614 Clark-st. Janitor or E. L. STEWART, owner, 163 La Salle-st.

WANTED—FLATS.

WANTED—TO RENT—4 OR 5 ROOM FURNISHED flat, South or North Side; must be strictly modern; wanted by four gentlemen of good address. H. J. HAYES, Briggs House.

WANTED—TO RENT—NOT LESS THAN 8-R. furnished flat, or small house; desirable neighborhood; S. Side preferred; best of refs.; no children. Address B 383, Tribune office.

TO RENT—STORES.

South Side.

TO RENT—STORES IN THE DONOHUE & Henneberry Building, 407-429 Dearborn-st.; steam heat.
THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY,
152 Monroe-st.

TO RENT— 116 MONROE-ST.
Also stores in all parts of central district.
BOWES SYNDICATE CO., Agts., 108 La Salle.

TO RENT—1254 MICHIGAN-BLVD. IN NEW Southern Hotel store, 12x40; fine location for automobile supplies. Apply at hotel office.

TO RENT—STORE, 3527 COTTAGE GROVEav.; steam, hot water; $35. Agent at 3537.

West Side.

TO RENT—STORE, CORNER HARRISON AND Leavitt-sts.; good business location; low rent. OBLANDERS, 207 W. Adams-st.

TO RENT—STORE AND LOFTS FOR MANUfacturing purposes, 66 and 68 Desplaines-st. SEYMOUR MORRIS, Room 901, 135 Adams-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

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TO RENT—OFFICES AND STOCK ROOMS SUITable for manufacturers' agents; good light, all conveniences; reasonable rent. Medinah Bldg., 5th-av. cor. Jackson-blvd.

TO RENT—FROM JULY 1; DESK SPACE IN OFfice with Lyman, Richie & Co., Room 516 National Life building, 159 La Salle-st. All conveniences. Apply as above.

TO RENT—OFFICES AND STOCKROOMS SUITable for manufacturers' agents and specialties; all modern conveniences; location central. Garden City Block. Phone Main 1314. Room 309, 56 5th-av.

TO RENT—GROUND FLOOR DESK SPACE; UNlimited space; fine lighting; shipping room; see store; Ellsworth Bldg., 90 Plymouth-pl.

TO RENT—VERY DESIRABLE ROOKERY OFfices; low rental; immediate possession. Address B 380, Tribune office.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE OFFICES AT 196 LA Salle-st. SEYMOUR MORRIS, Room 901, No. 135 Adams-st.

TO RENT—PRIVATE OFFICE IN ELEGANT suite; free phone; $18. 405, 153 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE OFFICES IN DEXTER and Baltimore Buildings, 84 Adams-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES IN THE PULLMAN BLDG. Apply to Agent, Room 725 Pullman Bldg.

TO RENT—OFFICE; STENOGRAPHER, TELEphone; everything convenient. 414, 79 Dearborn.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE LIGHT OFFICE; LOW rent. Dickey Bldg., 40 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—DESK ROOM; ROLL TOP DESK furnished. 207, 110 Dearborn-st.

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TO RENT—CHEAP—PRIVATE ROOM; ALL conv's. 1159 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—CHOICE OFFICES, FIRMENICH building, 171 Washington-st. Apply Room 2.

TO RENT—OFFICE AND DESK ROOM TO right party. 1000 Tribune Bldg.

TO RENT—ELEGANT OFFICES; SINGLE OR en suite. Boylston Bldg., 269 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—OFFICE SPACE OR DESK ROOM. Witte Gas and Gasoline Engine Co., 47 S. Canal.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE DOUBLE OFFICE; very reasonable; central. D 198, Tribune office.

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TO RENT—R. W. COR. SHERMAN AND HARRIson-sts., in the new 12 story steel constructed building; 1st floor, and offices; light 4 sides. 66 Sherman-st., 7th floor, 6,000 ft.; fine light. 114 Sherman-st., 4th floor, 5,000 ft.; fine light. OLIVER & COMPANY, 110 Dearborn-st.

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TO RENT—2 FLOORS, SEPARATE OR TOGETHer, 4,000 square feet each; steam, power, passenger and freight elevators. Call 42 West Quincy-st., between Clinton and Jefferson-sts.

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TO RENT — BARN; GOETHE AND DEARborn-avs. See janitor, 438 Dearborn-av.

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TO RENT—
25-27 North Clinton-st., new, modern six story and basement building, 60x150; mill construction; corner of alley; fine light; large shipping platform in rear. Passenger and freight elevators. Suitable for manufacturing or warehouse purposes. Rent reasonable.
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TO RENT — BUILDINGS, STORES, AND floors in all parts of the city. Send for list.
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TO RENT—FOR FIRST CLASS SALOON, PROMinent downtown location. CAMPBELL INVESTMENT CO., 614-620 Royal Insurance Bldg.

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$1 DOWN 10C A DAY, PAYS FOR A FINE Elgin or Waltham watch or diamond ring, no security, no publicity, no delay. CLAPP & COWL, 68 Washington-st. [Est. 1868.]

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WANTED TO BUY—AN AUTOMOBILE AMBULance or some firm to make one. W 884, Tribune.

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Oceanic ..... July 5 | Baltic ..... July 26
Majestic ..... July 12 | Teutonic ..... Aug. 2
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FEWER DEATHS IN CHICAGO

DR. ARTHUR R. REYNOLDS SAYS RATE IS DECREASING.

Retiring Health Commissioner Issues Valedictory, Which States That the "Expectation of Life" of the Average Citizen Has Increased Ten Years Since 1893—General Conditions in City Are Greatly Improved—Statistics Prove Statement.

A Chicagoan today can expect to live about ten years longer than the Chicagoan of the days before the world's fair.

This is the assertion of Health Commissioner Arthur R. Reynolds in the valedictory which he issued yesterday on retiring from twelve years of service in direction of the department of health. The valedictory took the place of the weekly bulletin of health.

Dr. Reynolds figures it out scientifically that he has left the city healthier than he found it when he was appointed in 1893.

City's Health Is Improved.

"Its death rate during 1893 was 212 in every ten thousand of its population of all ages. In 1904 the rate was 136 in every ten thousand. Improvement in general healthfulness—36 per cent.

"In 1893 the aggregate ages of the 27,083 individuals who died during that year amounted to 617,492 years, or an average of 22.8 years each. In 1904 the aggregate ages of the 26,311 decedents footed up 855,107 years—an average of 32.5 years each. Increased duration of life during the last twelve years—42.5 per cent, or an increased "expectation of life" of 9 years and 9 months for every man, woman, and child living in Chicago."

In comparing other cities with Chicago the retiring commissioner declares that "in 1900 Chicago's death rate was 9.5 per cent less than St. Louis'; 19 per cent less than Boston's; 20.5 per cent less than New York's; 23 per cent less than Baltimore's; and 23.6 per cent less than Philadelphia's.

"The same authority shows that in 1900 the under-5-year death rate of Chicago was 6.2 per cent less than that of St. Louis; 29.8 per cent less than that of Philadelphia; 33.4 per cent less than that of Boston; 34.6 per cent less than that of New York; and 35 per cent less than that of Baltimore."

Disease Is Decreasing.

Concerning specific diseases Dr. Reynolds says:

"Briefly summarized, and in whole numbers, the percentages of decrease of the more important of these diseases have been: Smallpox, 86; diphtheria and croup, 64; typhoid fever, 60; measles, 59; scarlet fever, 56; diarrhoeal diseases, 45; whooping cough, 27.

"A decrease of nearly 14 per cent is shown in consumption, of 23 per cent in cerebral apoplexy, of 41 per cent in bronchitis, and of 46 per cent in nervous diseases."

June Is Healthy Month.

The weekly bulletin issued by the health department says in part:

"June health continues to improve as the month draws to a close. The mortality rate for the week—11.49 per cent per 1,000 annually—is only slightly in excess of the lowest on record, that of June, 1904, which was at an annual rate of 11.02."

BIG MEETING OF TEETOTALERS.

Catholic Total Abstinence Union of Illinois Holds Its Thirty-fourth Annual Convention.

The Catholic Total Abstinence union of Illinois began its thirty-fourth annual convention yesterday afternoon at St. Charles Borromeo's church, Twelfth and Cypress streets, with Justice W. J. Gibbons as chairman. Bishop Muldoon delivered an address on the work of the league to the 500 or more delegates who came from all parts of the state. Officers were elected for the coming year as follows:

Spiritual adviser—Bishop Muldoon.
President—John F. Cunneen, Chicago.
Vice presidents—The Rev. J. G. Callaghan of Chicago, Miss Mary Smith of Peoria, and Miss Anna McDonald of Chicago.
Recording secretary—Anna E. Carberry, Springfield.
Financial secretary—Miss Frances Martell, Chicago.
Treasurer—John Mangan, Chicago.

Arrangements were made to attend the national convention of the union, which will be held at Wilkesbarre, Pa., Aug. 10 to 12. The delegates elected from Illinois are Walter J. Gibbons, Miss Frances Martell, and Thomas McDonald.

DOWIE ADVISES ZION STUDENTS.

Declares in Convocation Sermon That Cleanliness Is the Basis of Wisdom and Knowledge.

The first apostle delivered the convocation sermon at Shiloh tabernacle in Zion City yesterday to the students of the educational institutions. In speaking of knowledge he said:

"There is danger in a little knowledge as well as in great ignorance. Knowledge is useful for building purposes, but wisdom is the principal necessity. In Zion there are eighty nationalities. Our schools also are cosmopolitan.

"But in order to be wise you must be clean," said Dowie. "Every brewery and distillery in the United States hates Zion because we will not allow them to sell their dirty stuff in our clean city. We want to keep it a clean city, and, in order to do this, we must use our knowledge. We have many teachers of high standing, and in a short time we hope to have a horticultural and agricultural school superior to any in this country."

Wool Soap plays an important part. It meets a variety of demands for both toilet purposes and the safe and thorough cleansing of delicate fabrics. A cake should be on every washstand. Dealers everywhere handle Wool Soap.

SWIFT & COMPANY, U. S. A.
Makers of Swift's Pride Soap and Swift's Washing Powder

The Rock Island Rate to Colorado

June 30—July 1-2-3-4

$25 Round trip from Chicago

Correspondingly low rates from other points. Three fast trains daily. New chair cars and coaches—electric lights, electric fans. Both standard and tourist Pullmans. Two routes—return via St. Louis, if you like. Direct line to Denver, as well as to Colorado Springs and Pueblo.

Our new 80-page illustrated Colorado booklet, containing list of hotels and boarding houses, is yours for the asking. Use coupon below.

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A. B. SCHMIDT,
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Address _____

Patrician Shoes.

Patrician shoes for women are unequaled at any price less than $5.00. Sold in Chicago only here. Price always $3.50. *3d floor.*

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co.

During July and August this store will close Saturdays at 1 o'clock p. m.

A Menu

Containing many special summer dishes served amid sanitary surroundings, furnishes reasons for patronizing our restaurant, which is located on the 8th floor.

Only 5 Days More of Pre-Inventory Clearing Sales in Every Section.

Clearing Women's & Men's Hosiery at 25c

THIS is our annual clearing sale of novelty hosiery—a great assortment at less than import cost. The lot includes: *First floor.*

Lace and embroidered hosiery of every description and plain and colored hosiery, including black, white and tan, in lisle and cotton, with all the new improvements, such as garter top, extra spliced sole, reinforced seams, etc., at, a pair..... 25c

BASEMENT STORE: Women's lace hosiery in black, navy, red, tan and slate, pr., 15c

Linen Suits Like This, $10.00.

NEW frocks and frills suits of white or blue linen; box plaited coat, collar and sleeves trimmed with embroidery; self belt and box plaited skirt—$10.00. *Fourth floor.*

Crash Redingote Suits, $17.50—Just arrived—one of the new summer models in the redingote style, made of linen crash; collar, belt and sleeves trimmed with pique, in white and light blue. Entire coat finished with a narrow strap of same material, plaited skirt..... $17.50

New Linen Suits, $8.75—Jaunty white washable suits, box coat, loose back with belt, double breasted, with pearl buttons, plaited skirt; strictly a tailor made suit for outing wear..... $8.75

Pre-inventory sale of women's, misses' and children's coats, suits, costumes and skirts. Prices greatly reduced to the bargain point because only five days are left before stock taking.

BASEMENT STORE: Black taffeta silk frocks and frills coats, at..... $5.00

Linen outing suits. New coat and frocks and frills styles, plaited skirts, at $5.00 and..... $3.95

Silver-Plated Candelabra, $4.50.

First floor.

Silver-plated, five light candelabra, complete with candles and shades, a special in the June silver sale.... $4.50

Ribbons.

First floor.

Special sale of wash ribbon, in white, cream, pink, light blue. Prices per bolt of 10 yards as follows:

No. 1, 15c | No. 2, 25c | No. 3, 35c | No. 5, 55c | No. 9, 65c

Plain taffeta ribbon, in white, cream and colors, 5½ inches wide, a yard..... 10c

Excellent value in Louisine taffeta ribbon, white only, 5½ inches wide, 2 yd., 15c

BASEMENT STORE: Remnants—good lengths and bright colors, a yard..... 10c

Silk Petticoats.

Third floor.

Silk petticoats, in black, also changeable and solid colors, excellent styles, best quality of silk, special at, each..... $5.00

Sale of Carbon Photographs.

Fifth floor.

200 carbon photographs, reproductions of celebrated pictures, tastefully fitted in 4-in. carbon-finished frames, size 22x27; an exceptional bargain, $2.00

English Eyelet Embroidered Flouncings.

WE have just received a shipment of these embroideries—3,500 yards in all—a large importer's surplus stock, bought at an unusual saving, because he wanted to close up his season. *First floor.*

These embroideries are the latest importations for this season. They come in new English eyelet and Anglaise effects, in widths from 9 to 18 inches—hundreds of styles—for shirt waists, corset covers, summer dresses, etc. Four lots, priced, a yard, 65c, 45c, 25c and..... 18c

Embroidered Skirtings, lace inserted, handsomely embroidered; finest and best made, reduced to, yard, $1.93, $1.45, 95c and..... 75c

Corset Cover Embroideries, hundreds of new designs, dainty effects, large variety of styles, a yard, 55c, 35c and..... 25c

Embroidered Allovers, in all the new effects, best line of these in the city, values that cannot be equaled. A yard, $2.95, $1.45, 95c and..... 75c

Trimming Embroideries, Insertings, odd widths, broken sets, discontinued designs, clearing at, a yard, 25c, 15c and..... 10c

BASEMENT STORE: Extra wide trimming embroideries, many different widths, yd., 10c

White Summer Waists: Fresh Shipments

DEMAND for our waists is unprecedented—all due to the correct *style* combined with low pricing—but we keep up with it by constantly bringing forward new values like these. *Fourth floor.*

Waists of fine white lawn with round yoke of Valenciennes lace, finished with dainty embroidered applique, front and back elaborately trimmed with Valenciennes lace insertion, elbow sleeves..... $6.00

White waists of fine lawn, front and back and elbow sleeves elaborately trim'd with Val. lace insertion, $4.75

White lawn waists, entire front of English eyelet embroidery panels, deep cuffs, cluster tucked and finished with embroidery to match front..... $3.50

Two Rare Waist Values at $3.00.

One is of sheer white mull, with tucks forming yoke front, narrow cuffs of elbow sleeves finished with black velvet ribbon drawn through embroidery beading with narrow lace edging. The other is of fine white lawn with front of allover embroidery, tucked collar and cuffs. Remarkably smart waists at..... $3.00

BASEMENT STORE: White lawn waists, embroidered and plaited front, at 95c

Great Neckwear Bargains.

CLEARING time in this section reduces many prices half and more. Examples of it. *First floor.*

Plaited collar and cuff sets reduced from $1.50 to 95c; from $1.00 to 50c; from 50c to..... 25c

Val. lace stocks, with or without jabots, reduced from $1.75 to 95c; from 95c to 50c; from 50c to..... 25c

Plaitings—Liberty silk and chiffon, blk. and white, that were $1 to $1.50 a yard, now.... 50c

BASEMENT STORE: Collar and cuff sets, in various styles, reduced from 25c to..... 15c

Clearing Sheer White Goods.

SHEER fabrics—the finest qualities made represented in this Pre-Inventory sale. *Second floor.*

Persian Lawn, mercerized, 30 in. wide, for fine waists, yd. 35c

Persian Lawns, 45 inches wide, plain and mercerized, a yd.. 50c

India Linon, 40 inches wide, extra fine quality, a yard.. 16c

St. Gall Swisses, fancy embroidered, for waists, small figures, a yard..... 35c

REMNANTS: Persian lawns, India linons, madras and swisses, in desirable lengths, a yd.. 16c

BASEMENT STORE: Persian lawn, 46 inches wide; sheer, dainty Egyptian yarn, most desirable for laundering; a yd. 12½c

Undermuslins: Special.

NEVER were our assortments of French or American made underwear more perfect. The styles, the daintiness, the durability, the variety and the low pricing are bound to interest you. *Third floor.*

White Petticoats—With ripple flounces formed of continuous rows of laces, 2 extra foot ruffles....$2.95

Night Dresses—In hot weather designs, low necks, short sleeves, with choice lace or beading ribbon trimmings; each..... $1.00

Corset Covers—Deep yoke front formed of continuous rows of choice lace insertion, tucked back, lace edge, beading and ribbon around armholes and neck—special..... $1.25

Corset Covers—At least 50 styles beautifully trimmed with laces and embroidery..... 50c

BASEMENT STORE: Corset covers, 40 styles, at..... 25c

Men's Handkerchiefs—Special.

LARGE assortment of men's solid color and fancy center handkerchiefs; fine linen, worth double, 25c. *1st floor*

Men's hemstitched linen handkerchiefs, all width hems; special values, 35c, 25c, 12½c and..... 10c

Women's h. s. initial hdkfs., small block letter, fine linen, 25c

Women's h. s. initial hdkfs., hand embroidered, 6 for.... 60c

BASEMENT STORE: Women's fancy handkerchiefs, hemstitched embroidered, scalloped embroidered & lace trimmed, 10c

Women's Underwear.

Eiffel High-Grade Knit

SUPERIOR in quality, fit and workmanship and lower priced than any other brand. *First floor.*

Union Suits, mercerized silk and lisle..... $2.00

Union Suits, lisle thread and cotton, extra good values. $1.00

Low Neck Sleeveless Vests, plain or crocheted yokes..... 50c

Vests and Drawers, including umbrella style drawers, regular and extra sizes..... 50c

BASEMENT STORE: Women's umbrella drawers, pure white, wide & lace trimmed 18c

Clearing Beds, Mattresses.

MANY of the beds are samples—this season's patterns—and show very little use—beds for the home and for summer cottages, etc. All enameled beds put in good order before delivery. Special reductions; *Sixth floor.*

Number.	Were.	Now.
8 styles, several sizes	$5.75 to $6.50	$4.85
10 styles, mostly full sizes	$7.50 to $10.00	$6.35
6 styles, full or three-fourths sizes	$10.00 to $13.50	$9.00
5 styles, all heavy pillars	$13.00 to $16.00	$11.75

Brass Beds—2 special patterns—2 in. pillars, $24.50 & $17.50

Mattresses—Felted cotton, 45 lbs., full size beds..... $7.50

Closing Out Paris Model Costumes at ½ Paris Cost

These are the exclusive models imported this season by our dressmaking section—the original creations of the foremost style artists in the capital city of Fashiondom. Prices are exactly half initial cost in Paris.

The collection includes:

Evening Costumes, Outing Costumes,
Street Costumes, Traveling Costumes.

On sale in the Dressmaking Section, 9th floor.

Clearing Time Silk Values.

CLEARING prices for the last week's selling in June will prove conclusively the exceptional values offered, as well as demonstrate the difficulty of duplicating such bargains. *Second floor.*

All silk pongee suiting, about 850 yards in the lot; colors, navy blue, myrtle green, reseda, garnet, brown, tan, gray, old rose, champagne, pink and white; ideal fabric for summer outing wear; reduced to *half* the original selling price, a yard....38c

Japanese Washable Broche and Corded Silks—large assortment, best qualities only, 38c and..... 35c

Shirtwaist Suiting Silks—fancy weaves in taffetas, peau de cygnes and louisines, reduced from 85c and $1.00 to..... 50c

BLACK TAFFETAS: 1,000 yards 19 inch black taffetas..... 62½c

850 yards 21 inch black taffetas.... 72½c

1,000 yards 36 inch black taffetas.... 85c

800 yds. 21-in. black Corsica taffetas, 65c

Japanese All White Washable Silks—all widths represented, 27 inch width, a yard, 58c, 48c and..... 38c

Printed Foulards—24-in. printed faconne, satin and pongee foulards, at the lowest closing price ever quoted for perfect goods, 35c

BASEMENT STORE: 21 in. black silk taffetas..... 55c

Shepherd check taffetas..... 50c

White Japanese wash silks, 28c, 22½c, 18c

White taffeta silks, reduced to, yd.. 25c

Cream Dress Goods: Special. *Second floor.*

Pure English mohair brilliantine, cream only, a yard..... 45c

Pure English mohair sicilian, cream only, a yard..... 75c

REMNANTS—Continuation of the great sale—hundreds of desirable lengths, plain or fancy, at, per yard..... 50c

BASEMENT STORE: All-wool navy blue cheviot, 44 inches wide, for outing suits, a yard..... 50c

Clearing Infants' Wear: Dresses $1.00.

TABLES filled with white dresses; Russian and French waists and fancy yoke effects; some with tiny tucks, insertions, hemstitching; sizes 6 months to 4 years. Splendid values at $1.00 *Third floor.*

Colored Dresses, in linens, ginghams, percales and lawns; checks, dots, stripes and floral figures; dainty piping; plaited skirts, French waists and Russian effects, at $1.95, $1.50, $1 and..... 75c

Mull Bonnets, round crown French effects, trimmed with lace, embroidery, tucks or hemstitching, each..... 50c

Nainsook Night Dresses, bishop designs, lace or embroidered edge, beading and ribbon; 2 to 14 years..... 75c

Children's White Petticoats, with full flounce, finished with torchon insertion and edge, sizes 2 to 14 years, each..... 45c

Drawers, splendid muslin, all sizes, 2 to 16 years, each..... 12c

Drawers, with hemstitched cambric ruffle, also embroidered ruffles, sizes 2 to 16 years; excellent values, at prices ranging from 35c down to..... 15c

BASEMENT STORE: White lawn nainsook dresses, Russian and French waists or yoke effects..... 50c

Bohemian Glassware Priced Low. *Fifth floor.*

Tall footed bonbon compotes, 9½ inches high, 6 in. in diameter (see illustration), ea., $2.00

Six-inch handled bonbon dish, exactly like the illustration, each..... 50c

Diamond shape ice cream dishes, cut fluted edge, 12 inch long, 9 inches wide, like illustration, each..... $5.00

Mid-Summer Millinery.

SEVERAL fresh shipments have just arrived embracing latest conceits for summer. *Third floor.*

Lingerie hats, newest effects, light and cool, $3.75 to..... $7.00

White chip hats, all the new shapes, $1.95 and..... $1.48

Polo Turbans $2.45 to..... $4.75

Newest Effects in Horsehair Braid Hats.

Wings and Coques, for trimmings, perfect assortment, each 50c

American Beauty roses, 75c, 45c and..... 35c

BASEMENT STORE: Polo hats, all desirable shades $1.75

Wash Robes Reduced to $9.50.

THE season is late, and we are not going to carry over one of these robes, so we have marked them at a price that will sell them quickly. *Second floor.*

They are all of this season's late arrivals, made in the new and correct styles, including waist materials. The assortment:

Linen embroidered robes.
Colored emb. robes.
Fine white Swiss robes.
English eyelet robes.
Colored organdie robes.
Anglaise emb. robes.
Embroidered applique on Swiss robes.

They are $10, $12.50, $15.00 and $17.50 robes, now reduced to **$9.50**

Summer Dressing Sacques.

ANOTHER special lot of white and colored dressing sacques, in fine lawn and dotted Swiss. *Third floor.*

Some styles that slip over the head; others that have low necks, high necks, long sleeves, short sleeves; every one an excellent style. Prices from $1.95 down to $1.00, 85c and..... 75c

Clearing the Fancy Goods. *Fifth floor.*

During the remaining five days before our inventory we wish to close out all soiled and mussed stamped linens, pillow tops, tea cloths, dresser scarfs, shams, fancy pieces, odd lots, etc. Prices radically reduced. Special lots priced

18c, 38c, 58c, and up to $1.25

BASEMENT STORE: Stamped linens, scrims, huckaback center pieces and scarfs, buttonhole scalloped edges, 38c, 58c and 12c

Silk Corsets, Special, $3.50.

15 DOZEN beautiful silk brocade corsets—our own special model—to be closed at about half usual price; three styles. *Third floor.*

One model has long skirt and high full bust, sizes 21 to 28; the other two are for medium and slight figures, in sizes 18 to 26; all with garters attached. These corsets are reduced for clearing from $6.00 and $7.50 to..... $3.50

BASEMENT STORE: Flexibone mulled corsets, a fine fancy batiste; complete line of pink and blue, limited number of white; dip hip, high bust, unbreakable bonine; sizes 18 to 26; to close..... $1.50

Clearing Towels, Damask.

GOODS of quality—the kind for which this section is famous—at prices to sell them at once. *Second floor.*

Hemmed huck towels, generous size, for country homes and hotels, a dozen $1.65 and $1.35

Large bath towels, hemmed, hemstitched and scalloped—huck—large size, dozen..... $3.00

Great values in soiled cloths, odd napkins, damask remnants.

Damask—Broken lines and odd pieces, heavy Scotch goods 72 inches wide, a yard..... 85c

Bed spreads, summer weight, sample lot, some slightly soiled, prices $3.25 down to..... $1.50

BASEMENT STORE: Hemstitched huck towels, size 18x42, a dozen, 90c; each..... 8c

Lace Curtains Heavily Reduced

REDUCTIONS heavy and decisive to rid stock of all small lots; single pairs at half and less than half. *Sixth floor.*

Portieres—A variety of good effects and colors, at $7.50, $6.75 and $5.00.

Battenberg lace curtains..... $5.00

Irish point curtains..... $3.75

Brussels curtains..... $12.50

Arabian curtains, real lace edges; also with insertion, pair..... $7.50

Irish point curtains, fine duchesse pattern; also heavy effects, a pair..... $10.00

Lace panels in Arabian tint, each.... 55c

Japanese Porch Shades, in best natural grades of bamboo, ready to hang; in all regular sizes. The 4x6 size..... 58c

BASEMENT STORE: Nottingham lace curtains, 3½ yards long and 54 inches wide, a pair, $1.75, $1.65 and..... $1.45

Hammocks.

Sixth floor.

Hammocks in plain and fancy weaves, with concealed spreader and pillow, deep valance side; prices range from $6.50 to 85c

Hammocks, wide open weave, special values..... $1.75

Woven hammocks, handsome, fancy $2.00

Hammocks, with extra large size double pillow..... $4.50

"Oso" cord hammocks, double spreader, plain white, very strong, each..... $2.00

"Oso" hammocks in fancy colors and deep valance; each $4.50 and..... $3.00

BASEMENT STORE: Sample Palmer hammocks; splendid assortment; up from 65c

Last Days of June Rug Sale.

THE very low pricing for this sale will cease at stock-taking five days hence. Until then we offer extraordinary opportunities to rug buyers to choose, at a saving, from a large and exceptionally well selected stock. *Seventh floor.*

These rugs at radically lowered prices represent practically every known weave. Choice weaves are especially well represented, and in such a range of sizes that you are sure to find the size you want at a price that will please.

Every Oriental Rug Offered at a Reduced Price During June.

BASEMENT STORE: Grass Rugs, beautiful, clean and fast colors, working size for steps and porches, 4.6x7.6 size..... $2.75